EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 235. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1899. TWO CENTS

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"Until yesterday field operations here since capturing Caloocan of minor nature, consisting of driving back small bands insurgents, with considerable loss to latter. Yesterday General Wheaton with Twentieth, Twenty-second infantry, the Oregon and Washington troops, section sixth artillery and squadron Fourth cavalry attacked large force of enemy, drove them back and took line of Pasig river, which he now holds. Two improvised gunboats in lake have captured considerable property. Insurgent loss heavy; our own killed and wounded slight, aggregating 35, mostly slightly wounded. Insurgents made no determined stand.

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The officials here were a little puzzled to account for this desire on the part of Spain to garrison and fortify the Carolines, for it had been assumed that the negotiations between Spain and Germany looking toward a sale of the group to Germany would be consummated.

It was suggested with some plausibility that Germany had required Spain in case of a sale to turn over the group in such condition as will not require an effort on Germany's part to suppress an insurrection, such as the United States authorities faced in the Philippines.

General Otis, in forbidding further negotiations between the Spanish at Manila and the insurgents, touching the surrender of the Spanish prisoners held by the latter, acted upon his own authority. The government has not sent him any instructions upon this point, but it will unquestionably support him to the extreme in any action of that kind he may take.

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Contracted For Canned Beef, Some Without Smith's Knowledge—Misinterpreted Contract With Packers.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Colonel O. M. Smith, purchasing agent of the government at Chicago since 1895, testified before the government court of inquiry that the stores of canned roast beef bought by him during the Spanish war were all upon the direct order of General Eagan, the commissary general. He also stated that some purchases of canned beef were made without his knowledge by the commissary general. Another of the day's important witnesses was Gustavus F. Swift, head of the packing house of Swift & Co.

While Mr. Swift was on the stand at one point this questioning in part occurred by Major Lee:

"If I remember correctly, General Eagan testified that the beef was to keep under normal conditions, remaining sweet and proper food, 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shipboard or 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shore?"

"That was not our understanding, nor was it contained in our proposal or in the contract."

Major Lee read the following clause of the contract:

"The beef is to be properly clothed for its protection and proper handling and so preserved by the refrigeration on shipboard and at the refrigerator building, that it shall be perfectly good and fit for use 72 hours after being issued from the ship's refrigerator or 24 hours after being issued from the refrigerator to building on shore.

"If there were no refrigerating building on shore," he asked, "and a ship should get in at that place, under this contract it seems to me that there is a guaranty here that the beef will keep 72 hours after being issued from the ship. Am I correct?"

"No, sir; my version of that clause is different. Starting with our proposal to the government and leading on to that clause in the contract my version is that, having used diligence to provide stationary refrigerators at the request of the government, and with their aid, as agreed, 24 hours is all that we are liable."

Major Lee then read the clause in question a second time, and left the dispute as to time to the consideration of the court.

"Could you reasonably expect that refrigerated beef could be furnished to the troops in Cuba and last 24 hours after it was issued to the commissary to be given to the troops 10, 15 or 20 miles away from the landing?"

"I don't think we contemplated supplying troops that far away; I don't think the government contemplated it. I understand that the government contracted for refrigerated beef to be supplied at port stations, and at the same time for live cattle to be supplied at inland points."

The witness stated that chemicals were not in any way used as a preservative, in caring for beef. He said that his company did no canning, but furnished the beef used by Libby, McNeill & Libby for canning. Major Lee asked if the larger proportion of the poorest cattle did not go to the canners. Mr. Swift replied that it did not.

Horace C. Gardner, manager of the construction and mechanical department of Swift & Co., repeated the incidents attending the closing of the contract between Swift & Co. and General Eagan.

He told General Eagan it would be necessary, to meet the exigencies of the climate, to erect refrigerators on shore. So far as treating beef with any process with chemicals to preserve it, they would not do it at all.

The witness denied that any chemicals whatever were used in the beef business. Refrigeration was the only thing relied upon.

"If General Eagan testified that the limit was 72 hours, how do you reconcile this conflict with the testimony?" asked Major Lee.

"General Eagan is mistaken."

Young Man Suicided.

OIL CITY, March 15.—Chas. Zahniser, the 20-year-old son of H. M. Zahniser of Tionesta, Pa., shot himself near the heart with a 38-caliber revolver, causing almost instant death. He was a close student, and left a note saying that study had unbalanced his mind.

MRS. KEIFER BURIED

Services Held at Springfield This Morning.

GENERAL ARRIVED TOO LATE.

Received News of His Wife's Death While on a Train Enroute Home—He and His Son Had Hastened From Cuba. Court Adjourned Out of Respect.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 15.—Major General J. Warren Keifer, who hastened from Cuba, with his son, Captain H. Keifer, hoping to reach the bedside of his dying wife, did not arrive till midnight Monday. He received the news of the death of Mrs. Kiefer while on the train. The common pleas court adjourned out of respect to General Kiefer. The funeral services were held today at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Thompson and Dr. Fullerton.

ROCKEFELLER TO TESTIFY.

Standard Served Notice on Monnett That He Would Be Examined.

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REPUBLICANS.

Be very careful in your selection of candidates at the coming primaries. The people--the voters--demand that good men and true shall occupy positions of trust in this municipality. Patience may CEASE to be a virtue. Be wise. Be warned in time. The great majority of voters in East Liverpool desire good government. The day of the vicious minority has gone by.

LEAGUE.

Mrs. Raymond's Defense.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—Mrs. Edna Raymond, who is on trial for shooting Mrs. John A. Hanna, at the Ellington apartment house some time since, was on the stand. She testified that she was the common law wife of Hanna. When Hanna married his present wife, Mrs. Raymond said she learned of it through the newspapers. She said she went to the Ellington to get a diamond ring belonging to her and which Hanna had given his wife. Mrs. Hanna tried to put her out of the rooms and in the scuffle that ensued the revolver was discharged.

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YOUNGSTOWN, March 15.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association came here and met Secretary Nutt of the Manufacturers' association and Messrs. Jenkins and Fate, the latter two representing the men, for the purpose of arranging the scale for the ensuing 60 days. The March and April scale was fixed at the $4 rate that has obtained so long.

Barnes Given a Divorce.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—The closing act in the Barnes-Magowan affair occurred here, when John A. Barnes was granted a divorce from Mrs. Frank Magowan by Judge Logue. Judge Logue in granting Barnes a divorce gave him the custody of the child, Edith, which Mrs. Barnes-Magowan kidnaped sometime ago, and still retains possession of her.

TO AID FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Meeting of Prominent Presbyterians In New York—Appeal to Churches For Money.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A conference for the purpose of furthering the cause of foreign missions, called by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions, was held at the Presbyterian building. Those invited were the chairmen of the Presbyterian and synodical permanent committees on foreign missions of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Rev. Henry S. Buller of Lairstown, N. J., presided.

It was resolved to send to every preacher of the Presbyterian denomination in the United States an appeal for assistance in the form of a letter, which is to be brought to the notice of every congregation.

The letter describes the work of the board of foreign missions during the past year and says that unless within seven weeks, the end of the present fiscal year, $112,929 is raised the retreat must again be sounded, retrenchment once more be enforced, every missionary in the field disheartened and all hope of sending out new laborers abandoned.

Among those whose names are attached to the letter are: Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, ex-President Benjamin Harrison, Rev. Wallace Radcliffe, moderator of the general assembly, ex-Secretary of State Foster and ex-Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

Kasson Notified Germany, England and France He Was Ready to Resume Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Negotiations for reciprocity treaties with Germany and France have been resumed, and there is still a prospect that a treaty may be negotiated with Great Britain covering the British West Indies. These several treaty negotiations were interrupted some months ago by the service Mr. Kasson, our reciprocity commissioner, was obliged to give to the Canadian commission. As this work is closed Mr. Kasson is free to resume the negotiations with the other countries, and he has written to inform them that he is at liberty to proceed.

The negotiations with Peru did not prove successful, as that country was not willing to grant a reduction on the articles which this government considered should be covered. These are practically all the negotiations, although there has been the initiative in other quarters.

GOMEZ IS LOYAL.

Recognized Only One Power In Cuba, That of the United States.

HAVANA, March 15.—General Gomez said he recognized only one power in the island—that of the United States. All that the Cubans can do, he declared, was by permission of the American authorities and, therefore, the military assembly can only talk. In his opinion, the assembly was acting as it does because it wants to get more money out of the United States. In this connection, he points out that the assembly first proposed to ask $80,000,000. As for himself, he averred that he was not a beggar.

The United States government offered the $3,000,000 and he has never asked an increase in the gift. Indeed, he says, to ask more would be undignified and improper. To all callers, General Gomez speaks lightly of the assembly.

Germany and Rhodes Agreed.

BERLIN, March 15.—The Tageblatt said that a contract was concluded between the German government and Cecil Rhodes, the British South African magnate, for the construction of a telegraph line in German East Africa. The Tageblatt added that a contract for building a railroad through the same territory was upon the point of conclusion, only a few details remaining to be settled.

Road May Not Be Built.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 15.—It was stated here that the project of constructing the Cleveland and New Castle railroad, which was planned by the late Senator Brice, had been given up and the line may not be built. The company has sold some of its city real estate to a local lumber company.

Bought the St. Louis Club.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—G. A. Gruner, treasurer of the Phil Gruner and Brother Lumber company of this city, representing the creditors and bondholders of the Sportsman's park and club, bought in the St. Louis Baseball club at public auction for $53,000.

Will Restore Wages.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 15.—Notice has been posted in the Fiskdale mills that on and after April 1 the wages of the operatives will be raised to their former standard, which means practically an increase of about 11 1-3 per cent. About 400 hands are affected.

Weather Forecast For Today.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Rain; brisk to high east to southeast winds.

THE PRESIDENT PALE.

More Thin Than When at Thomasville Before.

CITIZENS NOTICED THE CHANGE.

Many Houses In the Town Decorated In Honor of the Presidential Party. School Children Called and Presented Violets—Entertained by Mrs. McKinley.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 15.—The presidential party was met at the station by Mel Hanna, brother of the senator; Mayor Hopkins and a number of prominent citizens. The distinguished visitors were immediately driven to Senator Hanna's house on Dawson street. By special request, there was no demonstration.

The mayor had issued a proclamation inviting everybody to decorate their buildings in honor of the chief executive and the invitation was liberally complied with. On the porticos of the houses in the streets through which the presidential party passed were ladies and gentlemen who saluted the president and cheered as he passed. The president bowed and smiled as he raised his hat. Thousands of people lined the streets and cheered.

In the afternoon school children called upon the President and Mrs. McKinley and presented them with a large tray of violets, having the word "welcome," in white in the midst of the purple pillow, bordered with green. Mrs. McKinley entertained the children. They were the only callers during the day, notice having been given that the president is here for rest.

Residents of the place who met the president four years ago note that he is paler and thinner now than then. The presidential party consists of President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice Ptesident and Mrs. Hobart and Master Hobart, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, Miss Hanna and Miss Phelps, Dr. J. N. Rixey and Mr. George Cortelyou, assistant secretary to the president.

BODIES OF THE DEAD.

General Corbin Will Order Soldiers' Remains Sent Where Relatives Wish and Wants Information.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—General Corbin has been making arrangements for the return of the dead soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico. Many applications have already been received asking that the remains be sent to the former homes of the soldiers and all these requests will be complied with. The department desires to know in each instance where the friends of the dead soldier desire his remains to be sent. The name of soldier and the address to which it is to be sent are cabled to the commanding officers in Cuba or Porto Rico, as soon as received, and the casket is marked accordingly. As soon as the Roumania arrives in New York, which, however, is not expected for a month, each casket will be forwarded immediately to the place designated without difficulty or confusion.

CANTEEN ABOLISHED.

General Alger Issued an Order Calling Attention to Army Law Provision.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Secretary Alger issued an order quoting the paragraph in the army law abolishing the canteen and prohibiting the sale of liquor on army reservations. It is stated the provision of the law is published for the information of all concerned.

CONFESSED TO WIFE-MURDER.

Becker Said He Burned Most of the Remains In a Stove.

CHICAGO, March 15.—August A. Becker, the sausage maker, who has been under arrest for four weeks, on a charge of murdering his wife, made a full confession. He said that he cut his wife to pieces and burned the remains in a stove. Later he buried some of the bones in the prairie.

He said he killed his wife with a hatchet, while quarreling with her.

ACCUSED TO BE HEARD.

Hearings to Be Resumed In the Bribery Investigation Tonight.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—The McCarrell bill bribery investigating committee will meet this evening in the house chamber. Among the witnesses to be called are Michael I. Costello, ex-Represenative Moyles of Luzerne, Representative Spatz of Berks, ex-Senator Coyle of Philadelphia, Representative Hersh of Montgomery, Representative S. S. Smith of Cameron and Editors Littell and O'Toole of the Scranton Scrantonian.

Dr. Dunlap Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.—Dr. John McDougall Dunlap died at his home in this city, aged 70 years. He was widely known as a nose and throat specialist.

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Among those whose names are attached to the letter are: Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, ex-President Benjamin Harrison, Rev. Wallace Radcliffe, moderator of the general assembly, ex-Secretary of State Foster and ex-Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania.

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Kasson Notified Germany, England and France He Was Ready to Resume Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Negotiations for reciprocity treaties with Germany and France have been resumed, and there is still a prospect that a treaty may be negotiated with Great Britain covering the British West Indies. These several treaty negotiations were interrupted some months ago by the service Mr. Kasson, our reciprocity commissioner, was obliged to give to the Canadian commission. As this work is closed Mr. Kasson is free to resume the negotiations with the other countries, and he has written to inform them that he is at liberty to proceed.

The negotiations with Peru did not prove successful, as that country was not willing to grant a reduction on the articles which this government considered should be covered. These are practically all the negotiations, although there has been the initiative in other quarters.

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The United States government offered the $3,000,000 and he has never asked an increase in the gift. Indeed, he says, to ask more would be undignified and improper. To all callers, General Gomez speaks lightly of the assembly.

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Weather Forecast For Today.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Rain; brisk to high east to southeast winds.

THE PRESIDENT PALE.

More Thin Than When at Thomasville Before.

CITIZENS NOTICED THE CHANGE.

Many Houses In the Town Decorated In Honor of the Presidential Party. School Children Called and Presented Violets—Entertained by Mrs. McKinley.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 15.—The presidential party was met at the station by Mel Hanna, brother of the senator; Mayor Hopkins and a number of prominent citizens. The distinguished visitors were immediately driven to Senator Hanna's house on Dawson street. By special request, there was no demonstration.

The mayor had issued a proclamation inviting everybody to decorate their buildings in honor of the chief executive and the invitation was liberally complied with. On the porticos of the houses in the streets through which the presidential party passed were ladies and gentlemen who saluted the president and cheered as he passed. The president bowed and smiled as he raised his hat. Thousands of people lined the streets and cheered.

In the afternoon school children called upon the President and Mrs. McKinley and presented them with a large tray of violets, having the word "welcome," in white in the midst of the purple pillow, bordered with green. Mrs. McKinley entertained the children. They were the only callers during the day, notice having been given that the president is here for rest.

Residents of the place who met the president four years ago note that he is paler and thinner now than then. The presidential party consists of President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice Ptesident and Mrs. Hobart and Master Hobart, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, Miss Hanna and Miss Phelps, Dr. J. N. Rixey and Mr. George Cortelyou, assistant secretary to the president.

BODIES OF THE DEAD.

General Corbin Will Order Soldiers' Remains Sent Where Relatives Wish and Wants Information.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—General Corbin has been making arrangements for the return of the dead soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico. Many applications have already been received asking that the remains be sent to the former homes of the soldiers and all these requests will be complied with. The department desires to know in each instance where the friends of the dead soldier desire his remains to be sent. The name of soldier and the address to which it is to be sent are cabled to the commanding officers in Cuba or Porto Rico, as soon as received, and the casket is marked accordingly. As soon as the Roumania arrives in New York, which, however, is not expected for a month, each casket will be forwarded immediately to the place designated without difficulty or confusion.

CANTEEN ABOLISHED.

General Alger Issued an Order Calling Attention to Army Law Provision.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Secretary Alger issued an order quoting the paragraph in the army law abolishing the canteen and prohibiting the sale of liquor on army reservations. It is stated the provision of the law is published for the information of all concerned.

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Becker Said He Burned Most of the Remains In a Stove.

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HARRISBURG, March 15.—The McCarrell bill bribery investigating committee will meet this evening in the house chamber. Among the witnesses to be called are Michael I. Costello, ex-Representative Moyles of Luzerne, Representative Spatz of Berks, ex-Senator Coyle of Philadelphia, Representative Hersh of Montgomery, Representative S. S. Smith of Cameron and Editors Littell and O'Toole of the Scranton Scrantonian.

Dr. Dunlap Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.—Dr. John McDougall Dunlap died at his home in this city, aged 70 years. He was widely known as a nose and throat specialist.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 235. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1899. TWO CENTS

PATEROS WAS BURNED.

Washington Volunteers Took and Destroyed the Town.

THE FILIPINOS BURNED PASIG.

Enemy Found In Strong Force Near Pateros and Were Driven Back After Severe Fighting—Americans Had Two Killed and Some Wounded.

MANILA, March 15.—(12:40 p. m.)—General Wheaton's brigade continues the work of clearing out the rebels around Pasig.

The Washington volunteers have captured and burned Pateros, meeting with a sharp fire from the enemy while crossing the river.

Today's fighting was like that of the past week, the insurgents occasionally making a stand, but eventually fleeing, Their loss is supposed to have been small, as the Americans were unable to see the enemy in the thickets.

The progress of the American advance is slow.

MANILA, March 15.—(8 a. m.)—Late yesterday General Wheaton's column encountered the enemy in such forces



BRIGADIER GENERAL WHEATON.

between Pateros and Taguig as to necessitate a change in the original plans. The cavalry attacked a rebel stronghold in the jungle, driving the enemy into Pateros. The Americans had one man killed and three wounded.

Scott's battery shelled the city and woods effectively.

Later the enemy crossed the river from Pasig. Two companies of the Second Oregon infantry cleared the right bank, after a sharp engagement, and then retired, with three wounded. In the meantime the Washington volunteers closed in, driving small bodies of the rebels back upon Pateros. One man was killed. During the night the enemy burned the town of Pasig.

MANILA, March 15.—Brigadier General Wheaton's column advanced beyond Pasig to the shore of Laguna de Bay, sweeping everything before them. The enemy made a running fight and suffered severe loss. The rebels' avenue of communication north and south is now closed, the American cordon stretching over a mile from the river to the lake.

The rebels are in force at Patros and Taguig.

Two of Monday's wounded, Private Stewart of Company B, Twentieth regiment and Private Munson of Company K, Twenty-second regiment, are dead.

MANILA, March 15, 11:15 a. m.—Branlis Zorita and Jose Ruiz, the Spanish officers who were recently tried by a military commission for the embezzlement of $10,542 Mexican funds devoted to the maintenance of prisoners, and who were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $2,500 gold and to undergo three years' imprisonment at hard labor, had the term of imprisonment commmuted to six months, in view of previous confinement and certain circumstances justifying clemency. Carlos Aymerich, who was charged with them, was acquitted and released on the ground that he established an alibi.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following cable from General Otis reached the war department:

"MANILA, March 14.

Adjutant General, Washington:

"Until yesterday field operations here since capturing Caloocan of minor nature, consisting of driving back small bands insurgents, with considerable loss to latter. Yesterday General Wheaton with Twentieth, Twenty-second infantry, the Oregon and Washington troops, section sixth artillery and squadron Fourth cavalry attacked large force of enemy, drove them back and took line of Pasig river, which he now holds. Two improvised gunboats in lake have captured considerable property. Insurgent loss heavy; our own killed and wounded slight, aggregating 35, mostly slightly wounded. Insurgents made no determined stand.

(Signed) "OTIS."

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The attention of the officials at the war department having been called to the report from Manila that General Otis had refused to allow the retiring Spanish troops to carry arms to the Carolines, it was learned that this refusal was in strict pursuance of the terms of the protocol, which govern in the absence of the ratification of the peace treaty.

The officials here were a little puzzled to account for this desire on the part of Spain to garrison and fortify the Carolines, for it had been assumed that the negotiations between Spain and Germany looking toward a sale of the group to Germany would be consummated.

It was suggested with some plausibility that Germany had required Spain in case of a sale to turn over the group in such condition as will not require an effort on Germany's part to suppress an insurrection, such as the United States authorities faced in the Philippines.

General Otis, in forbidding further negotiations between the Spanish at Manila and the insurgents, touching the surrender of the Spanish prisoners held by the latter, acted upon his own authority. The government has not sent him any instructions upon this point, but it will unquestionably support him to the extreme in any action of that kind he may take.

BLAME LAID UPON EAGAN.

Contracted For Canned Beef, Some Without Smith's Knowledge—Misinterpreted Contract With Packers.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Colonel O. M. Smith, purchasing agent of the government at Chicago since 1895, testified before the government court of inquiry that the stores of canned roast beef bought by him during the Spanish war were all upon the direct order of General Eagan, the commissary general. He also stated that some purchases of canned beef were made without his knowledge by the commissary general. Another of the day's important witnesses was Gustavus F. Swift, head of the packing house of Swift & Co.

While Mr. Swift was on the stand at one point this questioning in part occurred by Major Lee:

"If I remember correctly, General Eagan testified that the beef was to keep under normal conditions, remaining sweet and proper food, 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shipboard or 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shore?"

"That was not our understanding, nor was it contained in our proposal or in the contract."

Major Lee read the following clause of the contract:

"The beef is to be properly clothed for its protection and proper handling and so preserved by the refrigeration on shipboard and at the refrigerator building, that it shall be perfectly good and fit for use 72 hours after being issued from the ship's refrigerator or 24 hours after being issued from the refrigerator to building on shore.

"If there were no refrigerating building on shore," he asked, "and a ship should get in at that place, under this contract it seems to me that there is a guaranty here that the beef will keep 72 hours after being issued from the ship. Am I correct?"

"No, sir; my version of that clause is different. Starting with our proposal to the government and leading on to that clause in the contract my version is that, having used diligence to provide stationary refrigerators at the request of the government, and with their aid, as agreed, 24 hours is all that we are liable."

Major Lee then read the clause in question a second time, and left the dispute as to time to the consideration of the court.

"Could you reasonably expect that refrigerated beef could be furnished to the troops in Cuba and last 24 hours after it was issued to the commissary to be given to the troops 10, 15 or 20 miles away from the landing?"

"I don't think we contemplated supplying troops that far away; I don't think the government contemplated it. I understand that the government contracted for refrigerated beef to be supplied at port stations, and at the same time for live cattle to be supplied at inland points."

The witness stated that chemicals were not in any way used as a preservative, in caring for beef. He said that his company did no canning, but furnished the beef used by Libby, McNeill & Libby for canning. Major Lee asked if the larger proportion of the poorest cattle did not go to the canners. Mr. Swift replied that it did not.

Horace C. Gardner, manager of the construction and mechanical department of Swift & Co., repeated the incidents attending the closing of the contract between Swift & Co. and General Eagan.

He told General Eagan it would be necessary, to meet the exigencies of the climate, to erect refrigerators on shore. So far as treating beef with any process with chemicals to preserve it, they would not do it at all.

The witness denied that any chemicals whatever were used in the beef business. Refrigeration was the only thing relied upon.

"If General Eagan testified that the limit was 72 hours, how do you reconcile this conflict with the testimony?" asked Major Lee.

"General Eagan is mistaken."

Young Man Suicided.

OIL CITY, March 15.—Chas. Zahniser, the 20-year-old son of H. M. Zahniser of Tionesta, Pa., shot himself near the heart with a 38-caliber revolver, causing almost instant death. He was a close student, and left a note saying that study had unbalanced his mind.

MRS. KEIFER BURIED

Services Held at Springfield This Morning.

GENERAL ARRIVED TOO LATE.

Received News of His Wife's Death While on a Train Enroute Home—He and His Son Had Hastened From Cuba. Court Adjourned Out of Respect.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 15.—Major General J. Warren Keifer, who hastened from Cuba, with his son, Captain H. Keifer, hoping to reach the bedside of his dying wife, did not arrive till midnight Monday. He received the news of the death of Mrs. Kiefer while on the train. The common pleas court adjourned out of respect to General Kiefer. The funeral services were held today at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Thompson and Dr. Fullerton.

ROCKEFELLER TO TESTIFY.

Standard Served Notice on Monnett That He Would Be Examined.

COLUMBUS, March 15.—The taking of testimony in the case of the state vs. the Buckeye Pipe Line company, as a constituent part of the Standard Oil company, was continued before Notary Pugh. Testimony relating the business methods of the Standard Oil company was given.

In the contempt case the Standard Oil company served notice on the attorney general that the evidence of John D. Rockefeller would be taken in New York before Master Commissioner Brinsmaide on May 17. Other witnesses may also be examined there.

Attorney General Monnett also served notice that testimony would be taken in New York in the Buckeye Pipe line case on March 18.

Pennsylvania May Be After It.

CANAL DOVER, March 15.—The recent inspection of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus railroad has given rise to a story that the Pennsylvania company is likely to absorb the property and that it was with that purpose in view that the

REPUBLICANS.

Be very careful in your selection of candidates at the coming primaries. The people--the voters--demand that good men and true shall occupy positions of trust in this municipality. Patience may CEASE to be a virtue. Be wise. Be warned in time. The great majority of voters in East Liverpool desire good government. The day of the vicious minority has gone by.

LEAGUE.

trip was made. The disintegration of the Brice system might upset the traffic arrangement which give the Pennsylvania road a Cleveland-Cincinnati line and it is to prevent this possibility that the Pennsylvania people are said to be considering the purchase of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus property. The story finds considerable credence.

Mrs. Raymond's Defense.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—Mrs. Edna Raymond, who is on trial for shooting Mrs. John A. Hanna, at the Ellington apartment house some time since, was on the stand. She testified that she was the common law wife of Hanna. When Hanna married his present wife, Mrs. Raymond said she learned of it through the newspapers. She said she went to the Ellington to get a diamond ring belonging to her and which Hanna had given his wife. Mrs. Hanna tried to put her out of the rooms and in the scuffle that ensued the revolver was discharged.

Tinplate Workers' Wages Increased.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—At the Crescent Tinplate mill in this city, which is controlled by the tinplate trust, a notice has been posted to the effect that the wages of the employes of the plant have been increased, the advance ranging from 5 to 10 per cent. The lowest paid workmen received the maximum increase. The advance is to take effect from March 1. Three hundred men are benefited.

Fixed the Amalgamated Scale.

YOUNGSTOWN, March 15.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association came here and met Secretary Nutt of the Manufacturers' association and Messrs. Jenkins and Fate, the latter two representing the men, for the purpose of arranging the scale for the ensuing 60 days. The March and April scale was fixed at the $4 rate that has obtained so long.

Barnes Given a Divorce.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—The closing act in the Barnes-Magowan affair occurred here, when John A. Barnes was granted a divorce from Mrs. Frank Magowan by Judge Logue. Judge Logue, in granting Barnes a divorce, gave him the custody of the child, Edith, which Mrs. Barnes-Magowan kidnaped sometime ago, and still retains possession of her.

TO AID FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Meeting of Prominent Presbyterians In New York—Appeal to Churches For Money.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A conference for the purpose of furthering the cause of foreign missions, called by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions, was held at the Presbyterian building. Those invited were the chairmen of the Presbyterian and synodical permanent committees on foreign missions of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Rev. Henry S. Buller of Lairstown, N. J., presided.

It was resolved to send to every preacher of the Presbyterian denomination in the United States an appeal for assistance in the form of a letter, which is to be brought to the notice of every congregation.

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SEWER PIPE BIDS

Must Be Asked Again by Sewer Commission.

VERY WARM TIME IN COUNCIL

No Notice Was Taken of the Contract Made With the Lyth Company, but Secretary Croxall Defended His Side of the Controversy--Solicitor McGarry Presented the Law and Was Also Called Upon to Defend His Position--The Gas Ordinance Was Again Turned Down by the Defeat of a Motion to Suspend the Rules.

Council last evening held a very lengthy session, and as a result of their actions all the business transacted by the sewer commissioners is null and void, and the commissioners will readvertise for bids for the sewer pipe.

Every member of council was present when the minutes were read and approved, and ordinances to improve Spring street from West Market street to Lincoln avenue; Grant street from West Market street to Lincoln avenue; Woodlawn avenue from Basil avenue to Grant street, and West Market street from Grant street to Waterloo road were passed after some discussion.

The ordinance to establish sewer district No. 2, laid on the table in May, was taken up and passed.

The ordinance requiring saloonkeepers to remove the screens from the windows on Sunday was placed on its final reading and passed unanimously.

Mayor Bough collected $75 during the month, while the street commissioner did general work during the month.

The pay ordinance was passed. Then one of the surprises of the evening came when Clerk Hanley again read the gas ordinance which provides that the companies shall not charge more that 20 cents per thousand cubic feet, thus providing that the companies can not charge their consumers $1 for gas not used.

Mr. Peach moved that the rules be suspended and the ordinance be placed on its third reading and final passage. Mr. Ashbaugh seconded the motion, and Mr. Challis stated that since the five year clause had been eliminated from the ordinance he would vote for it. Mr. Cain thought the ordinance should be allowed to take its regular course and should not be railroaded through council, and he made a motion to that effect, which was seconded by Mr. Seckerson. Mr. Stewart stated that the same ordinance was presented a few weeks ago, and he would like to know if there had been any new light thrown on the question. Mr. Peach said: "I don't think it is necessary to throw any more light on the subject than appeared the first morning after the ordinance was defeated in council. There is plenty of evidence that an ordinance of that kind should exist, and I introduced it in good faith, believing it to be for the best interest of East Liverpool. I have not heard a person outside of the gas companies say a word against the ordinance. I promised the people to bring up that ordinance again and I have done it. I don't want to wait and have the people think I have done it for a buncombe. If I am defeated on account of that ordinance I am willing to retire, feeling that I have done my duty. I introduced that ordinance in order to keep faith with the people."

Mr. Stewart spoke against the ordinance. He related how cheap gas was furnished here. He also named a number of cities where the $1 clause existed, but his argument was answered by Solicitor McGarry who said the cities quoted were in Pennsylvania and West Virginia and he doubted if they had a statute giving council the right to regulate the price of gas. He also said that the council were elected to protect the legal rights of the citizens, and even then an injunction suit would have been entered had it not been known that the ordinance would come up again. He said this would mean that many suits would be filed.

Mr. Cain again wanted the ordinance to go over on its regular course and the motion to suspend the rules was lost, Messrs. Cain, Olnhausen, Stewart and Seckerson voting no.

An ordinance to improve Bank street from Avondale street to the east end of Rily avenue was passed. Mr. Peach stated that the janitor of city hall wanted an increase in salary from $8 to $12, and the police committee will look after the matter. Mr. Challis called attention to a sewer in Avondale street, and Street Commissioner Bryan was ordered to fix it.

The sewer commissioners made a report and recommended that the contract for pipe be awarded to John Lyth & Son, as they were the lowest bidders. A resolution was introduced to give them the contract at 82½ per cent off the list price, the total cost of the pipe being in the neighborhood of $3,100.

Mr. Marshall asked the solicitor if the commissioners could legally advertise and receive bids before the ordinance was passed.

The solicitor looked up the law and read it to council. He stated that while it was a little irregular it was perfectly legal and council could enter into a contract without danger.

Mr. Marshall said it might be legal but it was out of the ordinary, and he thought council would be taking chances. He was in favor of readvertising for bids in view of the fact that a cloud had been raised, and made a motion to that effect. It was seconded by Mr. Peach.

Secretary Croxall, of the sewer commission, was present, and said that such a move would delay the work almost 12 weeks. He stated that the commissioners had done their best and the solicitor was willing to stand back of them and say there was no irregularities. Their word had gone out to a man that he would get the contract, and the price was the best the commissioners had ever secured.

Mr. Marshall did not think it would delay the work that long and said it would be necessary to sell the bonds before the work could be commenced, and that would take some time. He thought to readvertise would cost the city less in the long run than to go ahead with the contract.

Solicitor McGarry again read the law and maintained that if the contract was let it would be perfectly legal.

There was some more discussion on the subject and President Marshall said: "I understand there are other irregularities. I have been told that the sewer commissioners took one of the bidders into their room where the bids were opened. Then they closed the door and excluded the public and permitted him to explain his bid. If that be true every person knows that it was illegal."

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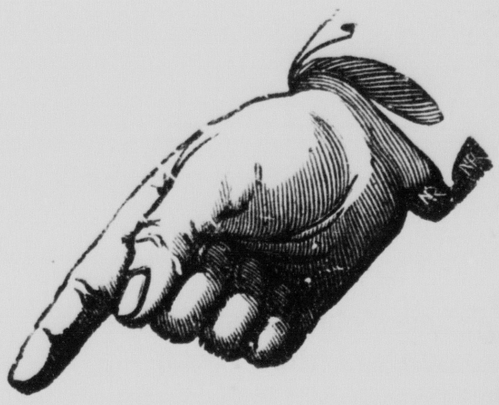
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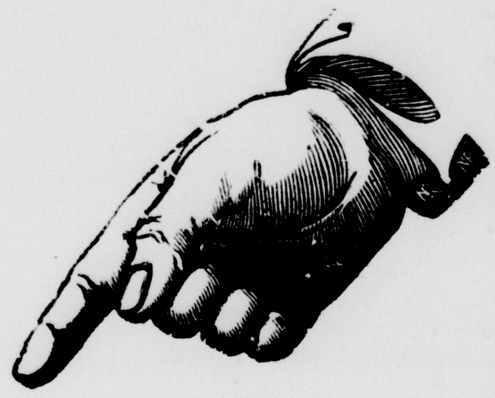
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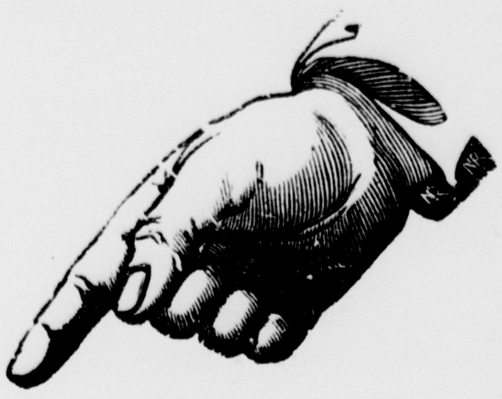
The dog, after running Reynard to cover, lay down upon the ground, limp and almost dead. When found, she was so stiff and sore that she was taken home in the arms of her owner. Queen in eastern Kentucky has the reputation of being the best fox hunter on earth. This remarkable chase was started by Queen, and for the first 24 hours no person took any interest in it.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Hand Pumps Needed In Mexico.

Writing from Ciudad Juarez, United States Consul Kindrick says that there is no article of common use so much needed in northern Mexico as hand pumps. The soil is arid, and the rainfall is too light to afford a good supply to cisterns. Wells are a necessity, therefore, and so are hand pumps and windmills. A windmill or a hand pump is as essential to a home in that region as a cooking stove. The best way to introduce an article of this kind, says Mr. Kindrick, is to have a competent commercial traveler visit northern Mexico. But he must understand the language of the country.

The Arabic Alphabet.

The Arabic alphabet has 29 letters, each of which is written differently according as it stands alone or, in combination with other letters, at the beginning, middle or end of a word. To learn the alphabet, therefore, means to memorize 4x29=116 different signs.



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Fancy evap. cherries, per lb	15c
Fresh butter crackers, per lb	05c
Fresh square oyster crackers, per lb.	05c
Fresh ginger snaps, per lb	05c
Fresh lunch cakes, per lb	07c
Fresh wine cakes, per lb	07c
Standard Sugar Corn, per can	06c
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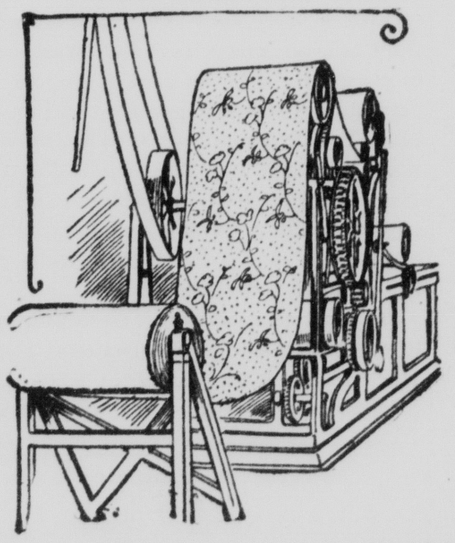
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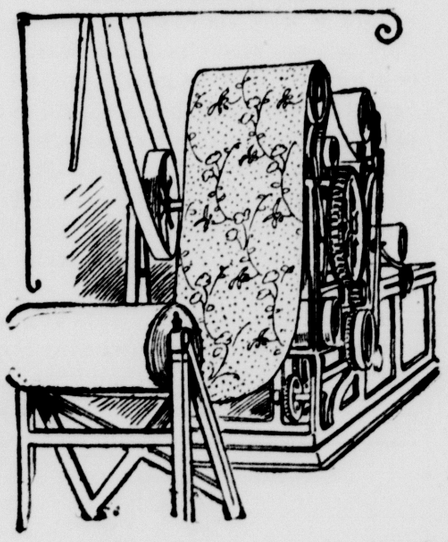
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No. 9	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.
No. 33	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.
No. 35	6 45 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

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THE NEWS REVIEW

NAPOLEON ON RELIGION.

Noted Emperor's Ideas Revealed In a Curious Conversation.

EXTRACTS FROM NEW MEMOIRS.

Famous Soldier Would Have Believed In a Religion if It Was Extant From the World's Commencement. His Strange Belief as to the Production of Man.

Once more the world is startled by a voice from St. Helena. This time the fact is all the more startling because the voice breaks what seemed to be the inviolable silence of the tomb. Few people were aware that Gourgaud, the youngest companion of Napoleon's exile, had left behind him a record of the daily life in St. Helena. The publication of the first volume, by Ernest Flammarion, in Paris, is therefore an event in the literary history of Napoleon. The work is entitled "St. Helena An Unpublished Journal, 1815-1818," by General Baron Gourgaud.

Gaspard Gourgaud was born in 1783 in Versailles. Adopting a military career, he distinguished himself at Ulm, at the taking of Vienna, at Austerlitz, where he was wounded; at Ratisbon and at Wagram. In 1811 Napoleon made him an officer of ordnance. Though wounded at Smolensk, he was the first to enter the Kremlin, where he destroyed a mine which would have blown up the emperor and all his guards. For this exploit he was made a baron of the empire. On Jan. 29, 1814, at Brienne, he killed a Cossack who had aimed a sword at the emperor's breast. After this exploit his rise was rapid, and he was a brigadier general when Napoleon chose him as one of the companions of his exile at St. Helena.

Such was the author of the journal which is now published to the world. Montholon, Las Cases, O'Meara, Hudson, Lowe and many others have recounted each from his own point of view the extraordinary drama which was played to the end on those rocky and almost desolate shores. But Gourgaud, on account of his youth, his ingennousness and his services in the past, was the nearest of all to Napoleon. He shared with Las Cases the duties of private secretary, and the mighty exile took opportunity during the intervals of labor to speak frankly and freely of the glories and blunders of his own career. These conversations, carefully preserved, form the chief historical value of Gourgaud's memoirs. An interesting extract from the journal about one of these conversations with Gourgaud is as follows:

An extremely curious conversation revealed Napoleon's religious ideas. "Monge, Berthollet and Laplace," he said, "are true atheists. I believe that man was produced by the atmosphere of the earth, warmed by the sun and combined with the electric fluids. What are animals—a cow, for example—if not organic matter? Well, when one reflects that we have a constitution very similar, are we not authorized to think that man is only matter better organized and in an almost perfect state? Perhaps some day beings will be born whose matter will be even more perfect.

"Where is the soul of a child, of a lunatic? The soul follows the physique. It grows in the child; it withers in the old man. If it is immortal, it must have existed before us. Is it deprived of memory? On the other hand, how explain thought? See, at this moment while I am speaking to you I carry myself back to the Tuileries. I see it. I see Paris. It was in this way that I formerly explained presentiments.

"I imagine the hand reproaching the eye for lying when the latter affirmed that it saw for miles. The hand objected, 'I can see only a distance of two feet. How can you see a distance of a league?' In the same way presentiments are the eyes of the soul. Nevertheless the idea of a God is the simplest of all. Who made all this? There is a veil which we cannct raise. It is beyond the perfection of our soul and of our understanding. It is the superior order. The most simple idea is to worship the sun, which fecundates everything. I repeat, I think that man is a product of the atmosphere warmed by the sun and that at the end of a certain time this faculty of production ceased. Do the soldiers believe in God? They see the dead fall so quickly around them.

"I have often had discussions with the bishop of Nantes. Where do animals go after their death? He told me that they also have individual souls and go to certain limbo. He agreed with all I thought about the good of the clergy, but he believed in Jesus and always spoke as one of the faithful. Cardinal Casalle and the pope also believed in Jesus."

Gourgaud cited the cases of Newton and Pascal. The emperor responded: "Yes, but it is said they believed what they did not think. Doubtless," he continued, "religion might purify and soften manners. All the religions since Jupiter preach morality. I should believe in a religion if it was extant from the commencement of the world. But when I see Socrates, Plato, Moses, Mohammed, I no longer believe. All that was invented by men." The emperor agreed that the Catholic religion was better than the Anglican. "The mob does not understand what it sings at vespers. It sees only the spectacle. One must not seek to shed too much light on such things."

Montholon here suggested that it would be a good thing to have a preacher here—a chapel. "That would amuse us," Gourgaud interrupted him. "It is blasphemy to hope that that would amuse us." But Montholon still insisted that they should have brought along a preacher. "I had other things to think of," replied the emperor impatiently.—New York Herald.

CHINN DECLARED A NUISANCE.

Grand Jury at Lexington, Ky., Returned a Verdict Against the Bad Man.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 15.—As a result of the assault made by Colonel Jack Chinn upon Hon. C. J. Bronston in the Phoenix hotel last Wednesday the grand jury returned an indictment against Chinn for common nuisance "by using insulting, abusive, indecent and riotous language for the purpose of provoking an assault." The indictment was very unusual.

Chinn is known all over the country as a politician and race horse starter. He is a fine pistol shot and considered thoroughly fearless. He went to Nevada last winter to assist in the re-election of Senator Stewart. He led the Blackburn senatorial fights in 1896.

To Inspect National Guard.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—General orders were issued from the headquarters of the national guard of Pennsylvania announcing that the organizations comprising the national guard of Pennsylvania will be inspected in their armories at as early a date as possible.

Hoymann Steinthal Dead.

BERLIN, March 15.—Hoymann Steinthal, the German philologist, is dead.

The First National Bank
Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

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AUCTIONEER
--AND--
SALE CRIER,
237 Seventh St., E. Liverpool, O.

Any person needing such service please give notice few days before.

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

Our prices for 1899 will be of great interest to the consumer. During the past 16 years we have waged a steady war against high prices. Our aim has always been to sell only goods of first quality. And to this we credit our success. Every one of our branch stores have a steady increasing trade, which we propose to further increase in 1899.

Price List.

Standard pkg. coffee, per lb	10c
Cal. prunes, med. size, 5 lb	25c
Cal. prunes, large size, 3 lb	25c
Cherry prunes, per lb	10c
Cal. raisins, 4½ lbs	25c
Cal. seeded raisins, 3 lbs	25c
Cleaned currants, 3 lbs	25c
Fancy pitted plums, per lb	10c
Fancy evap. pears, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. apples, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. peaches, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. raspberries, per lb	15c
Fancy evap. cherries, per lb	15c
Fresh butter crackers, per lb	05c
Fresh square oyster crackers, per lb.	05c
Fresh ginger snaps, per lb	07c
Fresh lunch cakes, per lb	07c
Fresh wine cakes, per lb	07c
Standard Sugar Corn, per can	06c
Standard Tomatoes, 3-lb. cans, can	07c
Standard Tomatoes, 2-lb. cans, can	06c
Fancy Cream Corn, per can	08c
Caroline Rice	5c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

We lead; let those who can ollow.

THE EAST END.

SHE LEFT HER HOME

Children Being Cared For by Neighbors.

SOUGHT AN OFFICER FOR ADVICE

But He Could Do Nothing and Told Her to Visit Mayor Bough—Well Attended Meeting at the New Church—Delicate Operation.

"I will not live with you another moment."

These words were spoken by a woman living in East End to her husband yesterday afternoon. Within half an hour she had left her home and her two small children.

This is the story of a family quarrel which has been brewing for several weeks. During the afternoon trouble was started by the wife and mother asking her husband to try and obtain work of some kind. He resented her remark and told her he was capable of looking after his own affairs and needed no assistance. A heated argument followed, and the man received several blows on the head with a broom handle. He went out, and appealed to a policeman but was referred to the mayor. The woman followed, and asked the same officer if he would help her get her trunks. She was told that was a matter to be settled with her husband and he could not interfere. The woman went home, packed her trunk and went away, and at last accounts was staying in Wellsville.

There are two small children now at the home, and as they are not old enough to go to school they spend their time in the streets. Neighbors are taking care of them until other means can be provided.

Well Attended Meetings.

There was a large attendance at the meeting held in the Second U. P. church last evening. Rev. J. K. McClurkin, of Pittsburg, spoke on "Our Heritage In the Land of the Pharoahs." Tonight Rev. John T. Aiken, of Gayly, will speak upon "Prayermeeting Improvements." All the meetings since the church was opened have been well attended by people from the city.

Removed Part of a Rib.

Another operation was performed on Motorman Frederick Dotts yesterday afternoon, and as a result his condition is much improved. The operation consisted of opening the left side and removing almost two inches from one of the ribs and inserting a drainage tube. The operation was a difficult one, and it is thought it has been the means of saving his life.

Buried Today.

Funeral services over the remains of Carl McKinnon, who died at the home of his parents in Mulberry street, were held this afternoon at 1 o'clock in the Second Presbyterian church. The interment was made in Long's Run cemetery.

Resided Here Five Years.

Grant McDade, teacher at the Neville institute, and a candidate for assessor in the First ward, has been a resident of East End almost five years. He is one of the most prominent young men of this part of the city.

Motormen's Meeting.

The motormen of the street car line will meet in their hall in Mulberry avenue one week from next Saturday. It is said some very important business will be transacted.

Leased a Sand Bank.

Yesterday morning a partnership was formed between George Pearson and Aaron McDonald. The firm has leased a sand bank in Dixsonville, and will commence operations within a few days.

Remembered Soldiers.

Yesterday afternoon several residents of this part of the city sent a large supply of reading matter to the soldiers' home at Dayton. The package consisted of books, papers and magazines.

Has the Fever.

Daniel Dowling is ill at the home of his mother-in-law in Helana with typhoid fever. His condition, while serious, is not thought to be critical.

Entertained.

The young members of the Mechanics entertained their lady friends in a very pleasing manner last evening.

Personal.

Mrs. Demicheal, of Calcutta, spent yesterday visiting friends in Pennsylvania avenue, Helena.

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB ROOMS.

STOCK.
The best procurable, and a large and complete line of everything.

TYPE.
No antiquated faces. All up-to-date productions.

INK.
Best manufactured. All colors and tints.

MACHINERY.
Nothing second-hand. Finest in Eastern Ohio.

WORKMEN.
All artists in their respective departments.

PROMPTNESS.
Never too busy to give your work attention. Prompt delivery.

PRICES.
Low as the lowest, and product FIRST CLASS.

ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

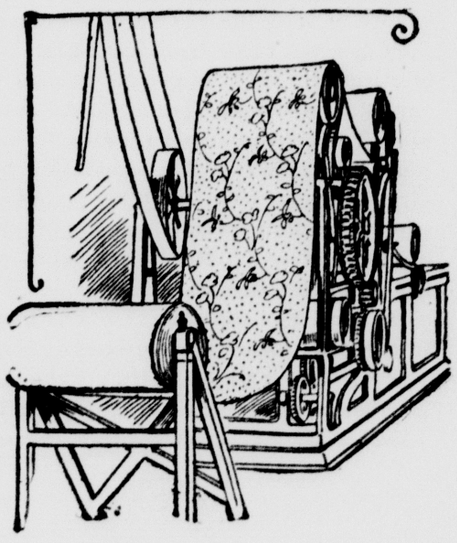
Sleeping is easy on our

Dixie Down Mattress.

If it ain't we'll return your money.

THE S. G. HARD CO.
THE BIG STORE

From the Machine



Our wall paper stock is so complete you are sure to find what you want at just your price. Paper from 4c up.

Floor Mattings.
See our line. We know we have the best and cheapest.

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At 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Our New Goods.
Up-to-date, down in prices. Anything you want. See us. We will try and please you.

W. A. HILL,
5 and 10.

ALL the News in the News Review.

The Pittsburgh, Lisbon and Western Railway Co.

Time table effective January 16, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee.
No. 6	2 20 p. m.	3 30 p. m.
No. 34	6 50 a. m.	7 55 a. m.
No. 36	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.

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LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

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HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.

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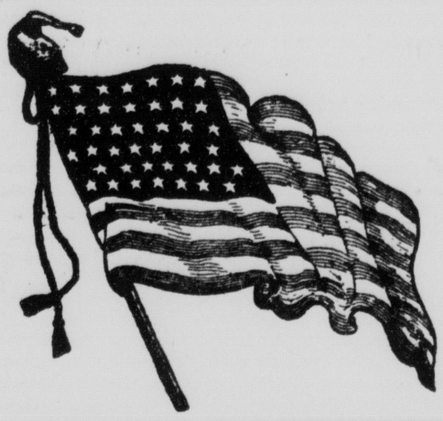
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



THE rumor that Colonel Dick is a candidate for governor will not down, but whether it is true no one but the colonel knows, and he says he is too busy to talk.

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IF Admiral Dewey was in the best of health and could hear some of the reports printed every day concerning his physical condition, it is probable he would break down under the strain, and soon be gathered to his fathers. There is one thing, however, which should be considered while this controversy is in progress. The government knows something of the admiral's health, and it is not so cruel nor yet so blind to its own interests to murder one of its most honored and most useful servants.

THE Republican candidate for mayor of Toledo has issued a card in which he announces that he will compel the saloons to obey the law and drive gamblers and prostitutes from the city, if elected. He says he is ready to stand or fall by the answer the people will give to the question: "Shall gamblers, saloons and brothels rule our city government, or shall the people rule their own." The platform has the right ring, and if Candidate Russell is elected it will be a very good thing for wicked Toledo.

VOTE AT THE PRIMARIES.

During the few days that remain before the Republican primaries are held every member of the party should give the matter some attention.

In order that the party may go before the people with a clean ticket it is necessary that only men who can be depended on to do their duty are placed in nomination. There have been times when the ticket was not acceptable to many Republicans, and knowing that to support it meant reckless mismanagement in municipal affairs they refused to fall in line, and either remained at home on election day or voted for the candidate of some other party. There should be no necessity for that this year. There are Republicans before the people who will do their duty as officials. They have interests which will prompt them to manage carefully the business of the city. They are men who will not look upon a seat in council as the means to any questionable end, but as giving them the power to represent their constituents honestly and conscientiously.

If the Republicans of the city go to the polls on primary day these men will be nominated, but if the vote is small they will doubtless be defeated. If every man who thinks and talks of municipal mismanagement will leave his work for a few minutes, and going to the polls vote as he should, the right men will be named. Otherwise, it is but right to believe, the wrong men will be nominated, and the old order will continue.

THE NEWS REVIEW for news.

MRS. TUCKER OBJECTED

But Superintendent Southworth Was Firm,

TAKING A CHILD TO THE HOME

He Had Found That a Little One Taken From Fairmount Was Being Kept In a Family Whose Head Was In the Saloon Business—Three Sensational Scenes.

M. M. Southworth, superintendent of Fairmount Children's home, came here yesterday for the purpose of taking possession of a child living in the family of J. C. Tucker in West Market street. When he returned to Alliance in the afternoon he had the child, but between the time of his arrival and departure there had been at least three sensational scenes.

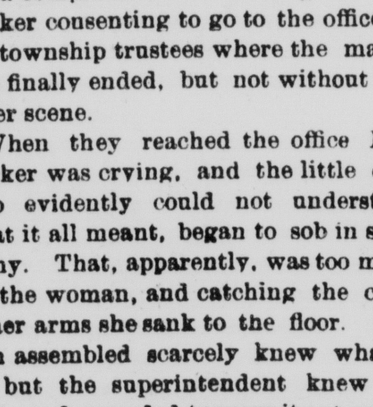
The Tucker family have a saloon in West Market street, but Mr. Southworth did not go there upon reaching the city. Instead he called at the office of the township trustees and imparted to them the nature of his errand, explaining that the necessary papers were in his pocket. He was advised to call an officer, and a telephone message was sent to city hall for Chief Johnson. He happened to be out, but Officer McMillan responded and accompanied Mr. Southworth to the Tucker house.

Then he presented his side of the matter, explaining that the rules governing the institution would not permit him to leave the child in their possession. Mrs. Tucker objected. She declared the child was being well treated, and was never allowed to enter the wine room or the saloon, but Mr. Southworth would not stir from his position. He politely demanded the child, and said she must accompany him to Alliance on the afternoon train. At length Mrs. Tucker said the little one was at school, but that did not change the superintendent. Accompanied by the officer he started for the Sixth street building.

Now Mrs. Tucker anticipated a move of this kind, and she and her husband hastened to the school by another route. They secured the child and were walking along Sixth street near Franklin avenue when Mr. Southworth and Officer McMillan met them. Again did Mr. Southworth explain his errand, and again was there something of a scene, the superintendent calm but firm, and the woman talking much and excited. Officer McMillan interrupted her with the significant remark that the matter could be settled much better at city hall, but a compromise was arranged, Mrs. Tucker consenting to go to the office of the township trustees where the matter was finally ended, but not without another scene.

When they reached the office Mrs. Tucker was crying, and the little one, who evidently could not understand what it all meant, began to sob in sympathy. That, apparently, was too much for the woman, and catching the child in her arms she sank to the floor. The men assembled scarcely knew what to do, but the superintendent knew his duty, and proceeded to carry it out quickly. Although Mrs. Tucker held the child as if she had been a priceless treasure, and all the love and affection she possessed was centered upon her, the two were separated. Mrs. Tucker's tears did not cease to flow, and her protestations were many and vigorous. But they fell on unsympathetic ears. Mr. Southworth was as gentle as the circumstances would permit, and urged Mrs. Tucker to submit quietly to what must take place. At length Mr. and Mrs. Tucker left the office, and the superintendent having accomplished his unpleasant and difficult task, went with the child to the station.

Mr. and Mrs. Tucker are not unknown in the city, nor to Superintendent Southworth. Some time ago they applied for permission to take a child from the home, but the little girl did not remain here long. She ran away, and after a long search was found near Massillon. Later they secured the child, who was yesterday taken back to the home.



HE HAS
SORE THROAT
And is Gargling With
TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

POLICE COURT.

One Man Was Given a Salty Dose This Morning.

Only two cases were disposed of by Mayor Bough this morning, and one of them received an unusually salty dose.

Last evening Officer Woods arrested a man who gave the name of William Farrell in Walsh's restaurant in Sixth street, and took him to jail in the patrol. This morning charges were preferred against him by Mr. Walsh, and this afternoon he was given a hearing and fined.

John Smith, who was put in jail Monday night by Officer McDonald was given a hearing this morning. Had he not been arrested at that time there would no doubt have been a serious charge preferred against him. As it was a charge of lude conduct was filed. He was fined $15 and costs amounting to $19.60. Arrangements were made to pay the amount and he was released.

Last evening Jack Green called at city hall for the purpose of finding an officer, but none was in sight. What he wanted is not known.

No clue has been obtained by the authorities which promises to lead to the arrest of the persons who robbed Jack Green Friday and Jack McDevitt Sunday morning. Several clues have been followed, but they have not counted for much.

REPAIRING TRACKS.

Big Force Under Supervisor Hayes at Work In the City.

This morning a force of 25 men under Supervisor Hayes, of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, commenced the work of repairing the main line between Thompson's pottery and Broadway.

Yesterday afternoon new rails were distributed about the tracks, and it will be several days before the work is completed. The portion of the road being repaired is the worst about the city.

The work of constructing a 24-inch sewer from the water tank to the river by the railroad company was completed yesterday afternoon. It is quite an improvement, and as a result the roadbed will be kept in a better condition.

THIRTY CONFIRMED.

Bishop Brooke Had Charge of the Services at St. Stephen's.

Confirmation services at St. Stephen's Episcopal church, last night, were largely attended. The services were in charge of Bishop Brooke, of Oklahoma, and 30 persons were confirmed. This evening a class will be confirmed at the Episcopal church in Wellsville.

Since Reverend Weary was installed pastor of the church in this city the membership of the church has increased rapidly. So far 80 additions have been made.

INVOICING.

The Bridgewater Company Is Measuring Its Pipe.

The Bridgewater Gas company has commenced the work of invoicing its property in this city and Wellsville.

Yesterday afternoon several men commenced to measure the line from East End on the river beach to Wellsville. When this work is completed other lines in the city will be measured. The work will not be completed for several weeks.

CAME TO TOWN.

Inmates of a Disorderly House Crossed the River.

The disorderly house on the Virginia side has been closed and the inmates have came to this city.

Since the Cumberland authorities were notified the owner of the property took the matter in hand, and ejected them himself. It is said the house will be torn down and another erected in its place.

SERIOUSLY HURT.

Samuel H. Hayes Suffered an Accident Last Night.

Samuel H. Hayes, living in Spring street, was seriously injured last evening while at work in the plant of the Chamberlain Bros., near Ravine street. He was removed to his home by the patrol, and later his injuries were dressed by a physician. He was injured about the head.

For Easter leave your measure with Joseph Bros. for a tailor made suit, $12 to $20. We show you exceptional good values. *

Gas fitting and plumbing work promptly attended to at
* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.

BENDHEIM'S.

'Tis the Day of Reckoning.

Winter shoes have had their day--with us--you may have months of wear out of them yet, because the most of them are not too heavy to be worn the year round; but we cannot permit them to remain any longer on our shelves. It costs money to carry them over, and we'd rather pay you the profit and have the room they take up.

$5 Men's Shoes, now..... $3.50
Enamel, Vici Kid and Box Calf.

$4 Men's and Women's Shoes, now..... $2.90
Vici Kid, Enamel, Willow Calf, etc.

$3 Men's Enamel Shoes, now..... $1.98

$3 Women's Shoes, now..... $2.39
Turn and Welt Soles.

$4 and $3 Women's Button Shoes, Reduced to..... $1.39

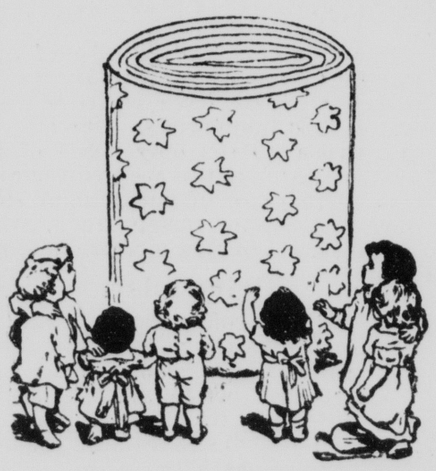
BOYS' SHOES, solid leather, sizes from 12 to 5½, now..... 89c

500 PAIRS CHILDREN'S SHOES
At and Below Cost. Come and See them at . . . . . .
BENDHEIM'S.



The new 1898 Chicago **Clipping Machine** The Best And Cheapest Ever Invented, In stock at

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,
Fifth Street, - - East Liverpool, O.



WHEN A
ROLL OF CARPET
Is so nearly used up that there is not enough left for an ordinary sized room it is put into our Bargain Corner and sold at a price. If you have a small room to carpet it will pay you to

LOOK INTO OUR
BARGAIN CORNER.
THE S. G. HARD CO.
THE BIG STORE
CASH OR CREDIT

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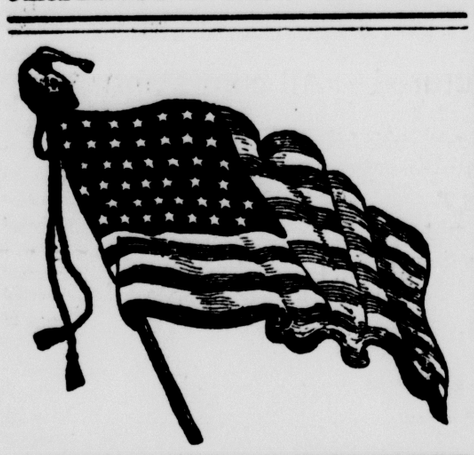
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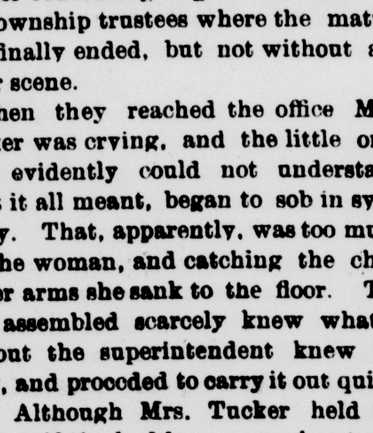
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Gas fitting and plumbing work promptly attended to at

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BENDHEIM'S.

'Tis the Day of Reckoning.

Winter shoes have had their day--with us--you may have months of wear out of them yet, because the most of them are not too heavy to be worn the year round; but we cannot permit them to remain any longer on our shelves. It costs money to carry them over, and we'd rather pay you the profit and have the room they take up.

$5 Men's Shoes, now..... Enamel, Vici Kid and Box Calf. $3.50

$4 Men's and Women's Shoes, now..... Vici Kid, Enamel, Willow Calf, etc. $2.90

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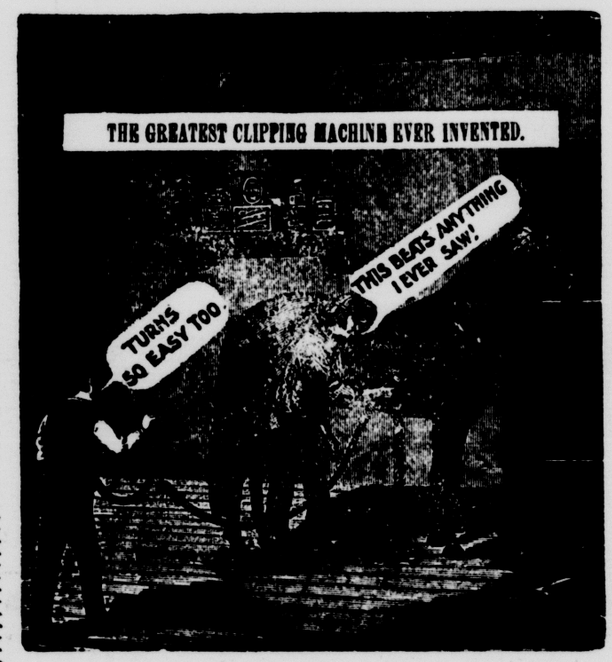
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WHEN A

ROLL OF CARPET

Is so nearly used up that there is not enough left for an ordinary sized room it is put into our Bargain Corner and sold at a price. If you have a small room to carpet it will pay you to

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THE BIG STORE

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.

[Entered as second class matter at the East Liverpool, O., postoffice.]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

(Postage free in United States and Canada.)

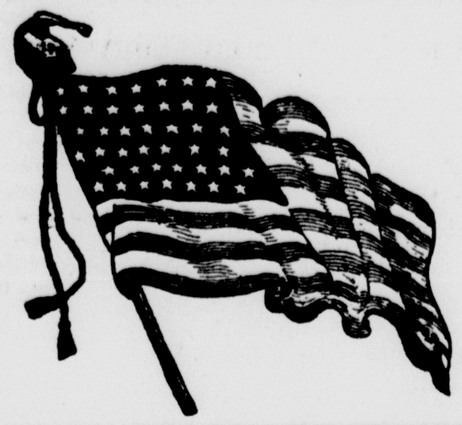
One Year in Advance.....$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



THE rumor that Colonel Dick is a candidate for governor will not down, but whether it is true no one but the colonel knows, and he says he is too busy to talk.

AS THE beef inquiry proceeds the skies do not brighten for General Eagan. Instead the testimony seems to show that he was not removed from active duty too soon.

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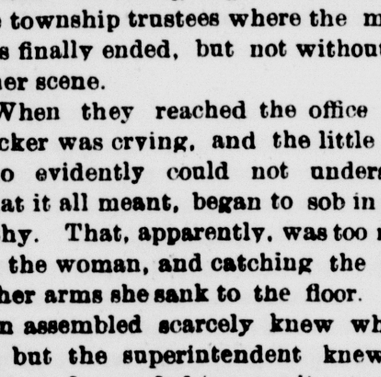
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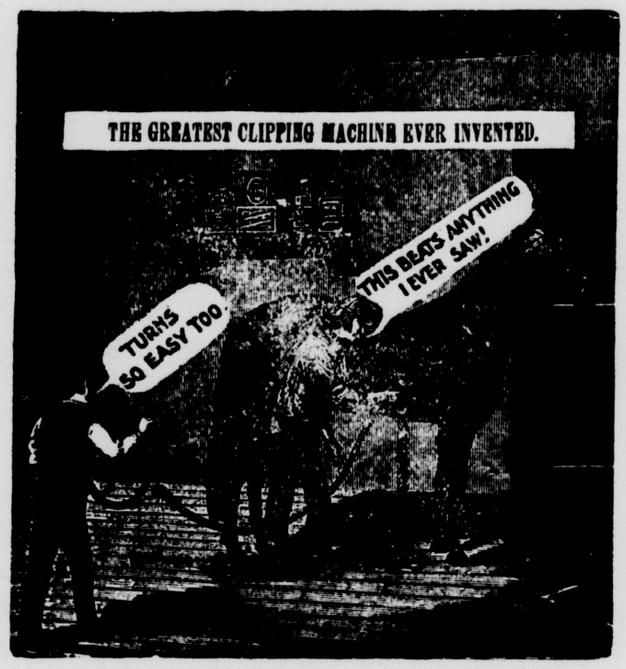
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THE BIG STORE

CASH OR CREDIT

C. S. SPEAKER RETAINED

To Aid Prosecutor Brookes In the Brunt Case.

APPOINTED BY JUDGE SMITH

The Brown Company Defeated In Its Suit Against the News Review Company. Wills of Late Residents of Liverpool In Probate Court.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special.]—It is announced today that Judge Smith has appointed C. S. Speaker to assist Prosecutor Brookes in the trial of George S. Brunt which is listed for March 29. The case will likely be heard by Judge Kennedy of Youngstown.

Mr. Speaker, while prosecuting attorney of the county, was actively engaged in a number of murder cases, among them being the trials of Marlatt, McGregor, Robinson and Malone, all of whom are now serving time in the penitentiary.

News Review Won.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special.]—I. R. Icenhouse, of Orange County, Florida, claims to have an undivided one-eighth interest in four lots in Columbiana, by the will of John E. Icenhouse, and has filed a petition asking for partition. He makes John E. Allen and others defendants.

Sheridan Mullens secured judgment against J. C. Fultman by default for $20.37. Plaintiff had secured judgment for $22.37 before Justice Rose in Liverpool, the amount being claimed for labor.

In the case of the Brown Folding company against the NEWS REVIEW company, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Probate Court.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special]—The will of James Wildblood, of Liverpool, has been offered for probate and the will of Robert Hamill, of the same place, has been admitted to probate.

An authenticated copy of the will of D. F. Lentz, late of Carroll county, has been offered for record here because there is land in this county divised by the will.

B. Y. Brown has been appointed executor of David Brown, late of Wayne. Bond $1,000.

On application of H. C. Jones, assignee of H. Cohen, the time for the return of the inventory of the assignment has been extended 60 days.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

Filipinos Routed and Several Hundred Killed and Captured Today.

MANILA, March 15.—[Special]—The command of General Wheaton today attacked and defeated a force of 2,000 Filipinos at Pasig. The fighting for a time was furious, but the enemy was routed, leaving several hundred dead and many prisoners.

The American loss was slight.

In Society.

Mrs. T. B. Anderson entertained a number of lady friends at her home in East End yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Will Reed will entertain at her home in Seventh street tomorrow afternoon and Friday afternoon.

Miss Sara Hodgson pleasantly entertained a number of friends last evening, at her home on Norton street. Music was the amusement of the evening.

Mrs. R. W. Patterson and Miss Millicent Hill are entertaining this afternoon at the home of their father, Col. H. R. Hill.

On the River.

The river is still falling slowly, and coal shipments have ceased. Boats that went out on the recent rise are returning with empties. Last night the stage of water was 10 feet.

The Virginia was up last night and is due down tonight. The Kanawha went down last night, and the Avalon is up this evening.

NOTICE.

The Republican central committee will meet this evening at city hall at 7:30. All candidates for nomination at the primaries March 18, must file their names and pay their assessment to the committee tonight. All candidates and others interested in the success of the Republican party are invited to be present.

GEORGE H. OWEN,
Chairman.

Men's fine worsted trousers; Special leader, $3, at

* JOSEPH BROS'.

The NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THAT ROMANCE.

Another Chapter Is Enacted In the City Prison at Akron.

A press dispatch from Akron says:

"Ellen Beatty, a pretty East Liverpool girl, came here today and caused the arrest of James Farrish, a fine ware worker, aged 24. After he was locked up two Akron young women called on him at the jail, and the Liverpool girl fainted when Farrish kissed them. Justice Hoffman telegraphed for a marriage license, and Farrish and the Beatty girl will be married."

Last Wednesday arrangements were made for Eliza Beatty and James Farrish to be married by Squire Rose in the evening, and the squire telephoned and had the license issued, but the marriage did not take place because Farrish disappeared in the afternoon. Squire Rose had the license revoked, and on Thursday complaint was made before him against Farrish. An effort was made to locate him and it was found he was in Akron. Miss Beatty went there yesterday, and Squire Rose sent word to the authorities to arrest Farrish.

Squire Rose received a telegram last evening asking him to send the license to Akron, but he could not, as he had not received it. This afternoon Constable Miller left for Akron and will bring Farrish back with him. It is probable the marriage will then take place.

NEW EXPLOSIVE TESTED.

"Kallenite," an Australian Invention, Is Easily Manufactured.

A demonstration of a new explosive, which has been named "kallenite" and is an Australian invention, was made recently at a causeway just outside the city limits of Sydney, where extensive blasting operations have been in progress for some time. About 100 gentlemen were present to witness the tests, among them the minister of mines, Colonel Bell, the United States consul, and many of the representatives of the largest mining companies both of New South Wales and Victoria. The experiments proved to be entirely satisfactory. Fifty pounds weight of kallenite was placed in four holes and exploded by means of a detonator, with the result that 200 cubic yards of sandstone rock was dislodged.

Kallenite is made by combining intrated eucalyptus leaves with nitroglycerin and nitrate of potash, which produces a compound with powerful explosive properties and a further advantage of being practically smokeless and fumeless. It is estimated that this new explosive at 40 per cent strength is stronger than 60 per cent dynamite or gelignite. The inventors have disposed of their patent to a syndicate, and it is proposed to construct a factory near Sydney for its manufacture.

It has also been suggested that the different governments of the colonies be induced to encourage the production of kallenite, as in case of war consumers might not be able to procure explosives from other countries, and the great mining industries would consequently suffer. From a military standpoint the production of this explosive would be beneficial, for it is not expensive and is easily manufactured.—New York Sun.

NOTICE.

Members of East Liverpool lodge No. 258, B. P. O. E., will meet at our lodge room promptly at 1 p. m. Thursday, March 16th, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, C. M. Dix.

J. S. HILBERT,
Secretary.

By order E. R.,
GEO. J. PHILLIPS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—George Y. Travis was in Lisbon today attending to legal business.

—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Knowles left this morning for Clifton Springs, N. Y. They will remain there several weeks.

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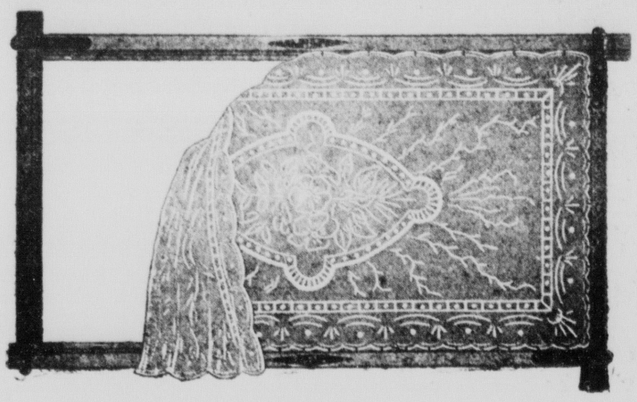
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"Kallenite," an Australian Invention, Is Easily Manufactured.

A demonstration of a new explosive, which has been named "kallenite" and is an Australian invention, was made recently at a causeway just outside the city limits of Sydney, where extensive blasting operations have been in progress for some time. About 100 gentlemen were present to witness the tests, among them the minister of mines, Colonel Bell, the United States consul, and many of the representatives of the largest mining companies both of New South Wales and Victoria. The experiments proved to be entirely satisfactory. Fifty pounds weight of kallenite was placed in four holes and exploded by means of a detonator, with the result that 200 cubic yards of sandstone rock was dislodged.

Kallenite is made by combining intrated eucalyptus leaves with nitroglycerin and nitrate of potash, which produces a compound with powerful explosive properties and a further advantage of being practically smokeless and fumeless. It is estimated that this new explosive at 40 per cent strength is stronger than 60 per cent dynamite or gelignite. The inventors have disposed of their patent to a syndicate, and it is proposed to construct a factory near Sydney for its manufacture.

It has also been suggested that the different governments of the colonies be induced to encourage the production of kallenite, as in case of war consumers might not be able to procure explosives from other countries, and the great mining industries would consequently suffer. From a military standpoint the production of this explosive would be beneficial, for it is not expensive and is easily manufactured.—New York Sun.

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Members of East Liverpool lodge No. 258, B. P. O. E., will meet at our lodge room promptly at 1 p. m. Thursday, March 16th, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, C. M. Dix.

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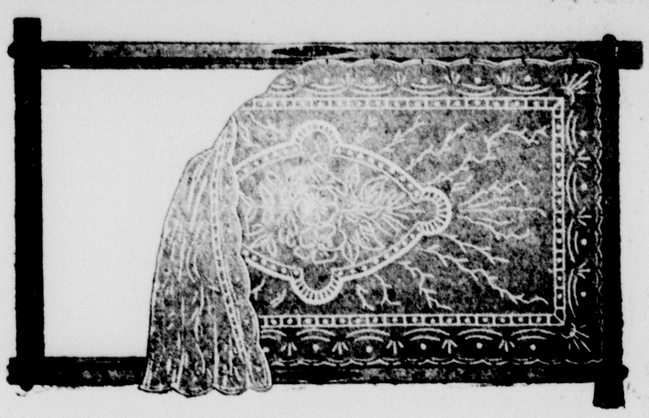
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"Kallenite," an Australian Invention, Is Easily Manufactured.

A demonstration of a new explosive, which has been named "kallenite" and is an Australian invention, was made recently at a causeway just outside the city limits of Sydney, where extensive blasting operations have been in progress for some time. About 100 gentlemen were present to witness the tests, among them the minister of mines, Colonel Bell, the United States consul, and many of the representatives of the largest mining companies both of New South Wales and Victoria. The experiments proved to be entirely satisfactory. Fifty pounds weight of kallenite was placed in four holes and exploded by means of a detonator, with the result that 200 cubic yards of sandstone rock was dislodged.

Kallenite is made by combining intrated eucalyptus leaves with nitroglycerin and nitrate of potash, which produces a compound with powerful explosive properties and a further advantage of being practically smokeless and fumeless. It is estimated that this new explosive at 40 per cent strength is stronger than 60 per cent dynamite or gelignite. The inventors have disposed of their patent to a syndicate, and it is proposed to construct a factory near Sydney for its manufacture.

It has also been suggested that the different governments of the colonies be induced to encourage the production of kallenite, as in case of war consumers might not be able to procure explosives from other countries, and the great mining industries would consequently suffer. From a military standpoint the production of this explosive would be beneficial, for it is not expensive and is easily manufactured.—New York Sun.

NOTICE.

Members of East Liverpool lodge No. 258, B. P. O. E., will meet at our lodge room promptly at 1 p. m. Thursday, March 16th, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, C. M. Dix.

J. S. HILBERT,
Secretary.

By order E. R.,
GEO. J. PHILLIPS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—George Y. Travis was in Lisbon today attending to legal business.

—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Knowles left this morning for Clifton Springs, N. Y. They will remain there several weeks.

—Reverend McClurkin, who spoke in the Second U. P. church last night, returned to his home in Pittsburg this morning.

SEWER PIPE BIDS.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

Secretary Croxall said: "The pipe was not a factor in considering the bids. Samples were never required and they were only brought in at our request. We applied the hammer test for our own information. Inspector Harris selected the pipe of Lyth as the tougher, and that of Knowles, Taylor and Anderson as the smoother."

Mr. Stewart was in favor of going ahead with the contract, but the motion to instruct the sewer commissioners to readvertise for bids was carried by a vote of 5 to 3, Messrs. Ashbaugh, Cain and Stewart voting against it.

A lively tilt ensued, and Solicitor McGarry said: "Hereafter council will do business legally or they will have several injunction suits."

Mr. Marshall—"That is what we aim to do."

Solicitor McGarry—"You pay no attention to the law when you get it."

Mr. Peach—"The aim of council is to do business legally, and the solicitor is paid to keep them straight. We should do business legally at all times. Look at the endless amount of trouble we had last year. Why——

Solicitor McGarry—Whose fault was it? It was the fault of council.

Mr. Peach—Show me one instance.

Solicitor McGarry—You paid that East End flood bill last year over my protest and against my advice.

Mr. Peach—Well we decided it was cheaper to pay that bill than stand a damage suit.

Solicitor McGarry—Council ought to win all the suits they could win.

Mr. Peach—"Yes we were advised once that we could win a damage suit and lost it, and have just got through paying $300 to Attorney Carey for assisting you."

Solicitor McGarry—"If you refer to the minutes I think you will find that Attorney Carey did not assist me."

Mr. Peach—"That was before you was solicitor but he did assist Solicitor Grosshans. I was mistaken."

Mr. Croxall asked for instructions for the sewer commissioners, and Doctor Marshall said that he thought they could answer that themselves and the only object in the matter was to correct their minutes.

Mr. Croxall said: "This action places us in an embarrassing position, and Mr. Lyth has placed a certified check with us. I feel confident Mr. Lyth will not rest easy under the action of council and have no doubt he will take legal proceedings to bring about the fulfillment of the contract. I feel that the reputation of the city and officials are at stake."

An ordinance to issue five per cent bonds to the amount of $30,000 was passed.

Mr. Asbaugh brought up Tanyard run sewer, and said that if council did not make a move soon the Pennsylvania company might withdraw their offer of $5,500. Engineer George said there was about 2,000 feet of sewer yet to be completed and it would cost several thousand dollars. He will furnish the estimate at the next meeting.

The sewer commissioners were instructed to put in a sewer in Franklin street and lower the sewer in Thompson avenue. In the meantime arrangements will be made to furnish the commission with money to carry on their work.

LYTH MAY SUE

For Work Had Already Been Commenced on the Contract.

The office of John Lyth & Sons was called by telephone this morning, and a representative of the firm stated to the NEWS REVIEW that they had commenced work on the contract, but he didn't know what action would be taken toward holding the city to the contract until he conferred with the Buffalo members of the firm, but probably legal steps would be taken. When asked if they would bid again he said: "What would be the use?" The gentleman did not desire to be quoted on that question.

COMMISSIONERS MEET.

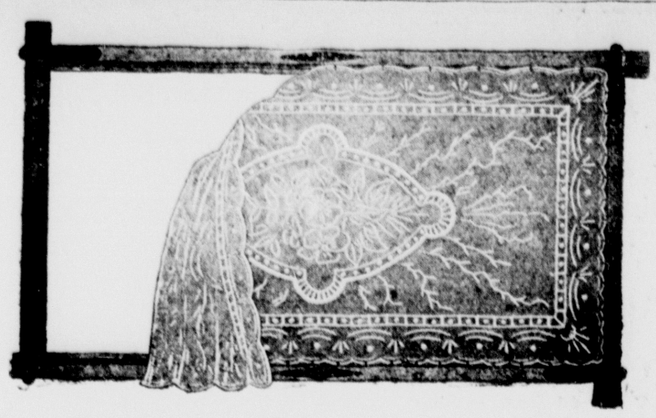
They Decided to Withdraw the Advertisement For Bids.

The sewer commissioners met this morning in the office of Secretary Croxall and discussed the matter. They decided to withdraw the advertisement for bids for constructing the sewer, but took no steps toward readvertising for bids on the pipe. The commissioners adjourned to meet at the call of the president.

New style soft hats at Joseph Bros.' 48c, 98c, $1.48 and $1.98. *

Any plumbing to do call on

* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.



Dry Your Lace Curtains
ON THE
Flat and Square Stretcher.

It costs more than the ordinary kind, but saves the difference by not tearing the Curtains.

Price $2.50.

THE S. G. HARD CO.
THE BIG STORE



WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

STRONG AGAIN! Sex-ine Pills TRADE MARK

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address,

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

WELLSVILLE.

THE DEMOCRAT TICKET

Was Named at a Meeting Last Night.

CANDIDATES FOR ALL OFFICES

West End Aroused Over a Row Concerning the Ownership of a Barber's Effects. Railroad Men In Town—All the News of Wellsville.

The Democrats held a meeting at city hall last night and named the following ticket for the spring election:

Council—Clarence B. Maylone, B. D. Beacom, Frank Martin, John McIlroy, J. M. Russell.

Assessors—J. M. Leclere, Thomas Allen, Edward Burnett, W. Shultz, Dallas Pittinger.

Water works trustee—William Maloney.

Board of education—George B. Aten and David Murtland.

A Row.

Yesterday afternoon a general row occurred in front of the barber shop formerly owned by Frank Fees, Main street, West End.

It seems that Leroy Barr had a claim against Fees and proceeded to take some of the fixtures of the shop to satisfy his bill. Mr. Whitney has been in charge of the place during the past month, as Fees was out of town. Whitney claims the fixtures were now owned by Robert Rolley. Squire Haney was called in to settle the difficulty. A wordy war ensued, and the whole neighborhood was aroused over the affair. Today the case will be up for settlement in Justice McKenzey's court.

News of Wellsville.

The morning passenger trains were delayed over an hour on account of a wreck on the Ft. Wayne at Baden.

Charles Lawson went to view the Scio oil fields this morning. He will remain there several days.

The Rechabites held a meeting last evening. Several candidates were received and some advanced into higher degrees.

Miss Pearl Swan arrived home from Island Creek where she has been visiting friends the past week.

Harry Leith is engaged with the engineers now at work on the survey for the railroad between Wellsville and Lisbon.

Mrs. S. P. Wells has returned home from Bellaire, where she has been visiting the family of Frank Carnes.

Mrs. W. R. Crowl is spending the day with her sister, Mrs. Sarah Miller, in Port Homer.

E. S. Kelley left this morning for McKeesport, Pa.

Miss Mary Davidson is a Pittsburg visitor today.

Miss Jennie Armstrong, of Braddock, is a guest of Misses Margaret and Mary Davidson, Broadway.

Mrs. Ellen Mills, an aged resident of the West End, is seriously ill at the home of her son, E. S. Mills.

Henry Ruby, formerly of Ft. Wayne, and H. H. Lodge, of Cumberland, are now residents of Wellsville. They have accepted positions in the railroad shops.

Miss Ella Riley, of Pittsburg, is visiting friends in town. Miss Riley was for many years a resident of Wellsville.

The funeral of Ruth Ella Iddings took place at the family residence near Hammondsville at 9 o'clock today, and the remains were brought to Wellsville for interment on the noon train.

Vice President Joseph Woods and General Superintendent of Transportation Taylor passed through town in a private car yesterday on their way over the road. They returned this morning from down the river and went to Cleveland. They were accompanied by Engineer Newhall.

Miss Mary E. Smith is visiting Rev. H. W. Lowry in Wooster.

Joseph Blue is a guest of his brother, James Blue.

50 tile hearths at a bargain at

* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.

Leave your measure with Joseph Bros. for a tailor made suit for Easter. *

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Week, Commencing **Monday, March 13**

VAN DYKE & EATON CO.

TONIGHT,

FATE, OR WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN.

BETWEEN ACTS—Frank Baltznaut, clay modeling; Klark & Klark, musical acts; Mrs. Ollie Eaton, illustrated songs, fire butterfly and serpentine dances, Edison's Wargraph, etc., etc.

Prices, 10, 20, 30c.

Have Another Good Time.

Don't Forget the

Grand Masquerade and Prize Cake Walk,

—AT—

BRUNT'S HALL,

March 20.

Music: Nowling's Full Orchestra

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate in Washington — How a Dog Figured in the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 20 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gossner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president Rutherford B. Hayes, owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8, Litigation Has Already Cost $8,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W. W. White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $10 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the waterworks and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 90 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 900 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Watts, R. A., is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Sond street, in London, gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which hovers an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and, as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

W. G. WELLS,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

JAMES CHALLIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

JOSIAH T. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D.D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.

		335	337	339	341	359
		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	Lv	7 45	1 30	4 30	7 30	7 30
Sewickley	"	8 06	1 55	4 55	7 55	8 15
Beaver	"	8 47	2 30	5 30	8 30	8 54
Vanport	"	8 51		5 34	8 34	8 58
Industry	"	8 58		5 41	8 41	9 05
Cooks Ferry	"	9 03		5 46	8 46	9 10
Smiths Ferry	"	9 08		5 51	8 51	9 15
East Liverpool	"	9 20		6 03	9 03	9 27
Wellsville	Ar	9 30		6 13	9 13	9 37
Wellsville	Lv	7 38		4 38	7 38	7 45
Wellsville Stop	"	7 43		4 43	7 43	7 50
Yellow Creek	"	7 48		4 48	7 48	7 55
Hammondsville	"	7 56		4 56	7 56	8 03
Irondale	"	8 00		5 00	8 00	8 07
Mingo Jct	"	8 05		5 05	8 05	8 12
Steubenville	Ar	8 15		5 15	8 15	8 22
	Lv	8 20		5 20	8 20	8 27
Costonia	"	8 27		5 27	8 27	8 34
Toronto	"	8 31		5 31	8 31	8 38
Bloomingdale	"	8 36		5 36	8 36	8 43
Empire	"	8 39		5 39	8 39	8 46
Port Homer	"	8 43		5 43	8 43	8 50
Yellow Creek	"	8 48		5 48	8 48	8 55
Wellsville Stop	"	8 53		5 53	8 53	9 00
Wellsville	Ar	8 58		5 58	8 58	9 05
Wellsville	Lv	7 45	1 30	4 30	7 30	7 30
East Liverpool	"	7 57	1 45	4 45	7 45	7 45
Smiths Ferry	"	8 07	1 55	4 55	7 55	7 55
Cooks Ferry	"	8 12	2 00	5 00	8 00	8 00
Industry	"	8 17	2 05	5 05	8 05	8 05
Vanport	"	8 21	2 09	5 09	8 09	8 09
Beaver	"	8 25	2 13	5 13	8 13	8 13
Rochester	"	8 30	2 18	5 18	8 18	8 18
Pittsburgh	Ar	9 10	2 55	5 55	8 55	8 55
		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM

Eastward.		340	336		338	340	48
		AM	AM		PM	PM	PM
Bellaire	Lv	4 45	9 30	Daily. Parlor and Sleeping Cars.	4 45	1	
Bridgeport	"	4 53	9 38		4 53	1	
Martins Ferry	"	5 02	9 45				
Yorkville	"	5 10					
Portland	"	5 15	9 53			1 20	
Bush Run	"	5 20	9 58				
Brilliant	"	5 26	10 03			1	
Mingo Jct	"	5 35	10 12				
Steubenville	Ar	5 40	10 20				
	Lv	5 45	10 25		5 11	1	
Costonia	"	5 50	10 30				
Toronto	"	5 55	10 35		5 17	1	
Bloomingdale	"	6 00	10 40				
Empire	"	6 03	10 43				
Port Homer	"	6 07	10 47		5 23		
Yellow Creek	"	6 12	10 52				
Wellsville Stop	"	6 17	10 57				
Wellsville	Ar	6 22	11 02		5 31	1 45	
Wellsville	Lv	7 38		Daily. Parlor and Sleeping Cars.		3 05	
Wellsville Stop	"	7 43					
Yellow Creek	"	7 48					
Hammondsville	"	7 56					
Irondale	"	8 00					
Mingo Jct	"	8 05					
Steubenville	Ar	8 15					
	Lv	8 20					
Costonia	"	8 27					
Toronto	"	8 31					
Bloomingdale	"	8 36					
Empire	"	8 39					
Port Homer	"	8 43					
Yellow Creek	"	8 48					
Wellsville Stop	"	8 53					
Wellsville	Ar	8 58					
Wellsville	Lv	7 45	11 05			3 30	
East Liverpool	"	7 57	11 25			3 45	
Smiths Ferry	"	8 07	11 35			3 55	
Cooks Ferry	"	8 12	11 40			4 00	
Industry	"	8 17	11 45			4 05	
Vanport	"	8 21	11 49			4 09	
Beaver	"	8 25	11 53			4 13	
Rochester	"	8 30	11 58			4 18	
Pittsburgh	Ar	9 10	12 35			4 55	
		AM	PM			PM	

		342	344	346	348	350	352	354	356	358	360	362	364	366	368	370	372	374	376	378	380	382	384	386	388	390	392	394	396	398	400	402	404	406	408	410	412	414	416	418	420	422	424	426	428	430	432	434	436	438	440	442
		AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM
Pittsburgh	Lv	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00
Sewickley	"	7 25	8 25	9 25	10 25	11 25	12 25	1 25	2 25	3 25	4 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25	9 25	10 25	11 25	12 25	1 25	2 25	3 25	4 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25	9 25	10 25	11 25	12 25	1 25	2 25	3 25	4 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25	9 25	10 25	11 25	12 25	1 25	2 25	3 25	4 25	5 25	6 25	7 25	8 25	9 25
Beaver	"	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00	11 00	12 00	1 00	2 00	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	9 00	10 00
Wellsville	Ar	8 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	10 30	11 30	12 30	1 30	2 30	3 30	4 30	5 30	6 30	7 30	8 30	9 30	10 30
		AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM	AM

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LOST.

LOST—Pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, between First M. E. church and Sunnyside. Finder please leave at this office.

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UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on bright-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



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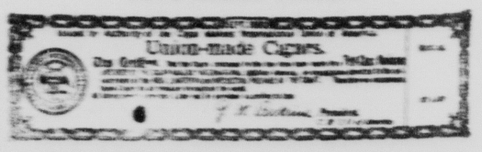
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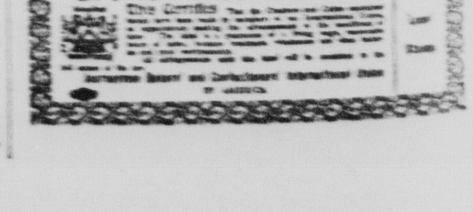


The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of the twist tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakery and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted in each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectionery and cracker Label:



THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate in Washington — How a Dog Figured in the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 20 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gossner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president Rutherford B. Hayes owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8. Litigation Has Already Cost $5,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W. W. White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $19 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the water works and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 90 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 300 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Watts, R. A., is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Bond street, in London, gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which broods an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

W. G. WELLS.

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

JAMES CHALLIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

JOSIAH T. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D.D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward

		325	327	329	341	359
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Pittsburgh	lv	4 45	1 30	4 30	8 00	11 30
Rochester	"	6 36	3 11	6 11	9 41	1 11
Beaver	"	6 49	3 24	6 24	9 54	1 24
Vanport	"	6 55				
Industry	"	7 01				
Cooks Ferry	"	7 08				
Smiths Ferry	"	7 17				
East Liverpool	"	7 30	3 55	6 55	10 25	1 55
Wellsville	ar	7 30	3 55	6 55	10 25	1 55
Wellsville	lv	7 38	3 55		10 25	
Wellsville Stop	"	7 43				
Yellow Creek	"	7 48				
Hammondsville	"	7 56				
Irondale	"	8 00				
Salineville	"	8 05				
Bayard	"	8 20				
Alliance	ar	8 30	4 45	7 45	11 15	2 45
	lv	8 30	4 45	7 45	11 15	2 45
Batavania	"	8 43				
Hudson	"	8 58				
Cleveland	ar	9 40	5 30	8 30	12 00	3 30
Wellsville	lv	7 45	4 00		10 40	
Wellsville Stop	"	7 50				
Yellow Creek	"	7 55				
Port Homer	"	8 00				
Empire	"	8 05				
Elliottsville	"	8 10				
Salineville	"	8 15				
Bayard	"	8 30				
Alliance	ar	8 40	4 55	7 55	11 25	2 55
	lv	8 40	5 00	8 00	11 30	3 00
Batavania	"	8 53				
Hudson	"	9 08				
Cleveland	ar	9 50	5 50	8 50	12 20	4 00
Wellsville	lv	7 45	4 00		10 40	
East Liverpool	"	7 57	4 12	7 12	10 52	3 12
Smiths Ferry	"	8 07	4 22	7 22	11 02	3 22
Cooks Ferry	"	8 13	4 28	7 28	11 08	3 28
Industry	"	8 20	4 35	7 35	11 15	3 35
Vanport	"	8 25	4 40	7 40	11 20	3 40
Beaver	"	8 31	4 46	7 46	11 26	3 46
Rochester	"	8 44	4 59	7 59	11 39	3 59
Pittsburgh	ar	9 50	6 00	9 00	12 40	5 00
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Eastward

		340	336	324	340	48
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Bellaire	lv	4 45	10 30	4 30	8 00	11 30
Bridgeport	"	4 53	10 38	4 38	8 08	11 38
Martins Ferry	"	5 00	10 45	4 45	8 15	11 45
Tidioute	"	5 10	10 55	4 55	8 25	11 55
Portland	"	5 15	11 00	5 00	8 30	12 00
Dutch Run	"	5 20	11 05	5 05	8 35	12 05
Brilliant	"	5 30	11 15	5 15	8 45	12 15
Mingo Jc	"	5 35	11 20	5 20	8 50	12 20
Steubenville	ar	5 45	11 30	5 30	9 00	12 30
	lv	5 50	11 35	5 35	9 05	12 35
Cortonia	"	6 00	11 45	5 45	9 15	12 45
Timoon	"	6 07	11 52	5 52	9 22	12 52
Ellsworthville	"	6 15	12 00	6 00	9 30	1 00
Empire	"	6 20	12 05	6 05	9 35	1 05
Port Homer	"	6 25	12 10	6 10	9 40	1 10
Yellow Creek	"	6 30	12 15	6 15	9 45	1 15
Wellsville Stop	"	6 35	12 20	6 20	9 50	1 20
Wellsville	ar	6 40	12 25	6 25	9 55	1 25
Wellsville	lv	7 38	15		10 25	
Wellsville Stop	"	7 43				
Yellow Creek	"	7 48				
Hammondsville	"	7 56				
Irondale	"	8 00				
Salineville	"	8 05				
Bayard	"	8 20				
Alliance	ar	8 30	4 45	7 45	11 15	2 45
	lv	8 30	5 00	8 00	11 30	3 00
Batavania	"	8 43				
Hudson	"	8 58				
Cleveland	ar	9 40	5 50	8 50	12 20	4 00
Wellsville	lv	7 45	4 00		10 40	
East Liverpool	"	7 57	4 12	7 12	10 52	3 12
Smiths Ferry	"	8 07	4 22	7 22	11 02	3 22
Cooks Ferry	"	8 13	4 28	7 28	11 08	3 28
Industry	"	8 20	4 35	7 35	11 15	3 35
Vanport	"	8 25	4 40	7 40	11 20	3 40
Beaver	"	8 31	4 46	7 46	11 26	3 46
Rochester	"	8 44	4 59	7 59	11 39	3 59
Pittsburgh	ar	9 50	6 00	9 00	12 40	5 00
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

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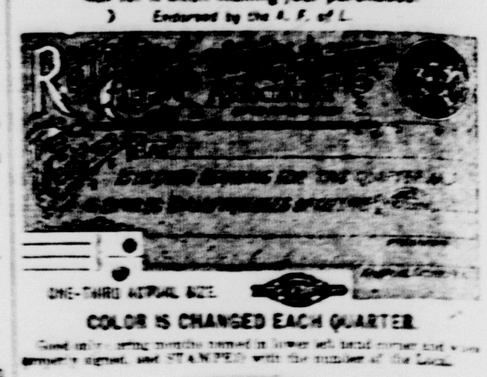
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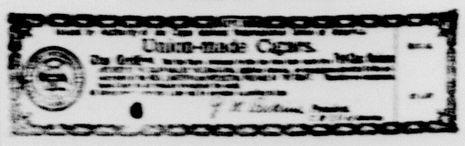
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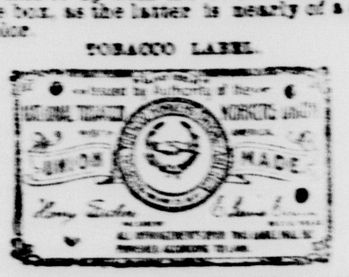
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This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.

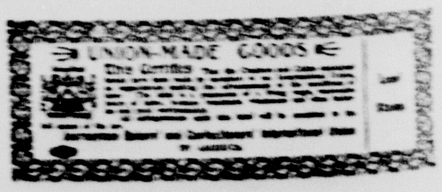


The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of the wing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakery and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted in each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate in Washington — How a Dog Figured in the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 30 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gossner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president, Rutherford B. Hayes, owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8, Litigation Has Already Cost $8,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W. W. White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $10 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the waterworks and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 90 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 300 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Warns. R. A. is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Bond street, in London, gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which broods an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and, as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

W. G. WELLS,

Center Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

JAMES CHALLIS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

JOSIAH T. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D. D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Through Coaches on Trains 335, 339, 341 and 349 between Cleveland and Bellaire.

Westward.	335	337	339	341	349
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Pittsburgh	7 45	3 30	4 30	11 00	7 30
Rochester	8 36	4 20	5 11	11 49	8 15
Beaver	8 45	4 30	5 20	11 58	8 30
Vanport	8 49		5 24	12 02	8 34
Industry	8 55		5 30	12 09	8 44
Cooks Ferry	9 00		5 35	12 14	8 48
Smiths Ferry	9 04		5 39	12 18	8 55
East Liverpool	9 17		5 52	12 30	9 05
Wellsville	9 30		6 05	12 45	9 15
Wellsville	7 38	3 15		11 45	
Wellsville Shop	7 43			11 50	
Yellow Creek	7 48			11 55	
Hammondsville	7 56			12 03	
Irondale	8 00			12 07	
Salineville	8 05			12 12	
Bayard	8 10			12 17	
Alliance	8 30			12 35	
Batavania	8 43			12 48	
Hudson	9 00			1 05	
Cleveland	10 10			2 30	
Wellsville	7 45	3 30	4 30	11 55	7 30
Wellsville Shop	7 50			12 00	
Yellow Creek	7 55			12 05	
Port Homer	8 00			12 09	
Empire	8 03			12 12	
Ellsworthville	8 08			12 17	
Toronto	8 13			12 22	
Dixonville	8 17			12 27	
Steubenville	8 30			12 40	
Mingo Jc	8 35			12 45	
Smithfield	8 40			12 50	
Bush Run	8 45			12 55	
Portland	8 50			1 00	
Tiltonsville	8 55			1 05	
Martins Ferry	9 00			1 10	
Bridgeport	9 05			1 15	
Bellaire	9 10			1 20	

Eastward.	340	336		338	340	348
	A.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Bellaire	4 45	8 20	Dark Forged Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced Type 12 midnight to 12 noon.	4 45	11 00	4 45
Bridgeport	4 53	8 28		4 53	11 08	4 53
Martins Ferry	5 00	8 35		5 00	11 15	5 00
Tiltonsville	5 05	8 40		5 05	11 20	5 05
Portland	5 10	8 45		5 10	11 25	5 10
Bush Run	5 15	8 50		5 15	11 30	5 15
Smithfield	5 20	8 55		5 20	11 35	5 20
Mingo Jc	5 25	9 00		5 25	11 40	5 25
Steubenville	5 40	9 15		5 40	11 55	5 40
Dixonville	5 45	9 20		5 45	12 00	5 45
Toronto	5 50	9 25		5 50	12 05	5 50
Ellsworthville	5 55	9 30		5 55	12 10	5 55
Empire	6 00	9 35		6 00	12 15	6 00
Port Homer	6 05	9 40		6 05	12 20	6 05
Yellow Creek	6 10	9 45		6 10	12 25	6 10
Wellsville Shop	6 15	9 50		6 15	12 30	6 15
Wellsville	6 20	9 55		6 20	12 35	6 20
Wellsville	7 38		Dark Forged Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced Type 12 midnight to 12 noon.			
Wellsville Shop	7 43					
Yellow Creek	7 48					
Hammondsville	7 56					
Irondale	8 00					
Salineville	8 05					
Bayard	8 10					
Alliance	8 30					
Batavania	8 43					
Hudson	9 00					
Cleveland	10 10					
Wellsville	7 45		Dark Forged Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced Type 12 midnight to 12 noon.			
East Liverpool	7 57					
Smiths Ferry	8 01					
Cooks Ferry	8 06					
Industry	8 11					
Vanport	8 16					
Beaver	8 20					
Rochester	8 29					
Pittsburgh	9 15					

	A.M.	P.M.
Wellsville	7 45	3 30
Wellsville Shop	7 50	
Yellow Creek	7 55	
Port Homer	8 00	
Empire	8 03	
Ellsworthville	8 08	
Toronto	8 13	
Dixonville	8 17	
Steubenville	8 30	
Mingo Jc	8 35	
Smithfield	8 40	
Bush Run	8 45	
Portland	8 50	
Martins Ferry	8 55	
Bridgeport	9 00	
Bellaire	9 10	

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 350 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. P. LOBER, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

G. P. H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, without board, single and en suite, with fine front sitting room, 307 Fifth street, city.

LOST.

LOST—Pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, between First M. E. church and manyside. Finder please leave at this office.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIWE

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.



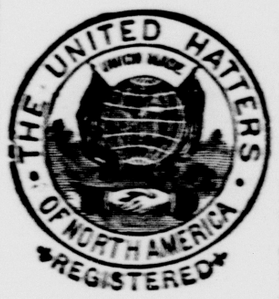
The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the shoe is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pockets of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

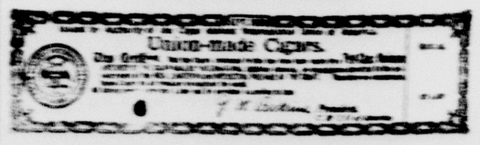
BICYCLE LABEL.



"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the rear that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



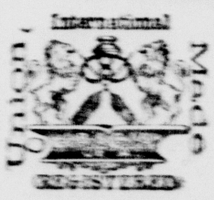
This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.

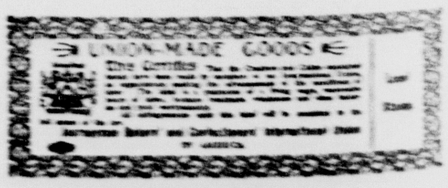


The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of the fine tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

A daring and ingenious plan for the demolishment of the high brick walls which stand in the center of the Baldwin hotel ruins at San Francisco—a menace to the lives of workmen and pedestrians—was invented and given a successful trial recently. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to resort to the use of dynamite to wreck these walls for removal, but a small whaler's two pound cannon, a liberal quantity of cable and the application of the simplest laws of mechanics in the use of the block and tackle have been found to be as efficacious and quick a remedy without the attendant dangers of the use of explosives.

A small harpoon gun was secured the other morning and mounted upon a platform built from the annex roof. It was loaded with a rig after the fashion of a life line, consisting of a slug attached to a stout cord. The piece was aimed at a window at the top of the rear wall of the old theater, which stood about 100 feet high. The slug was fired through the window, trailing the cord after it. A clothesline was then attached to the other end of the cord and pulled through the window. A cable was then drawn through after the line and passed around the outside of the wall and back to the roof of the annex, where it was secured to a chimney. A block and tackle arrangement of eight pulleys was made, and 12 men were put on the end of a rope for a tug of war with the wall.

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"An why not from th' stern?" queried Limpy Lannigan.

"If I jumped from th' stern," said Weary, "I couldn't avoid th' wash!"

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"I suppose Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, against whom proceedings for a divorce have been begun by his wife, is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

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were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way to get out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds, made up of the five, seven, eight, nine and jack. He skinned these cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a show down, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards.

"To his surprise he wasn't raised before the draw. He looked over his bright red diamonds again and concluded to draw a card in order if possible to straighten the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the five spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the six spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence, and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the five, six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."—Washington Star.

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Chicago to Kipling.

You 'ave made a stubborn fight,
Ruddy Kip,
And you're comin through all right,
Ruddy Kip.
'Tweren't potion, pump nor pill
It were all your iron will
Wot 'as left you to us still,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave touched the roughest 'earts,
Ruddy Kip,
Though you're made of fancy parts,
Ruddy Kip.
You 'ave roamed the bloomin earth,
You've extracted all its worth—
You've give song a newer birth,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave sung the low and 'igh,
Ruddy Kip—
Earth and water, wind and sky,
Ruddy Kip.
Where no other thought to look
You 'ave gone to work and took
What you wanted for your book,
Ruddy Kip!

There are prayers from Mandalay,
Ruddy Kip,
Goin up for you today,
Ruddy Kip.
Where the idols' bases rest,
Where the sun drops in the west,
Men are 'opin for the best,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave made a winnin fight,
Ruddy Kip—
Fought the same way that you write,
Ruddy Kip.
Death's a-runnin from your door,
We shall 'ear from you some more,
And 'ere's to you—'ip, 'ooroar,
Ruddy Kip.

—Chicago News

The Song of the Cradle.



Bye, bye! Hope rises high in
There's a sweet little cradle hung up in the sky;
A dear little life that is coming to bless;
Two soft chubby hands that will pat and caress;
A pure little soul winging down from above;
A darling to care for, a baby to love.



In the days when Eve sinned it was written that motherhood should hereafter be accompanied with pain and sorrow; but this curse upon our foreparents has been lightened more and more as mankind have learned to rise superior to many of their sins and mistakes.

One of the grandest agencies which enlightened Science has discovered to relieve motherhood from excessive suffering is the "Favorite Prescription" devised by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. This wonderful "Prescription" imbues the entire nervous system with natural, healthy vitality; gives elastic vigor to the delicate organism specially concerned in motherhood; renders the prospective mother strong and cheerful and makes the coming of baby entirely free from danger and almost free from pain. The delighted gratitude of Mrs. Pearl Walton, of Alvo, Cass Co., Neb., will find an echo in the heart of every expectant mother:

"Previous to the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Walton, "I had no appetite, was sick at my stomach, had headache, could not rest at night, was completely worn out in every way. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and began to improve right away. I used two bottles of this great medicine and felt like a new person. At the time of confinement I was in labor but a little while and I owe it all to that great remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

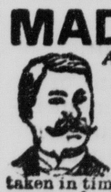
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Mrs. A. Searight, No. 162 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney complaint, which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system, and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there was a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back which felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.



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Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.

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PENNYROYAL PILLS,

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere. $1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

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Book Work.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

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High Wages,

Fine Equipment,

Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

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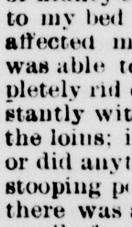
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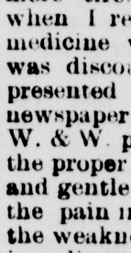
Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.



EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere. $1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

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The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

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High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

A daring and ingenious plan for the demolishment of the high brick walls which stand in the center of the Baldwin hotel ruins at San Francisco—a menace to the lives of workmen and pedestrians—was invented and given a successful trial recently. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to resort to the use of dynamite to wreck these walls for removal, but a small whaler's two pound cannon, a liberal quantity of cable and the application of the simplest laws of mechanics in the use of the block and tackle have been found to be as efficacious and quick a remedy without the attendant dangers of the use of explosives.

A small harpoon gun was secured the other morning and mounted upon a platform built from the annex roof. It was loaded with a rig after the fashion of a life line, consisting of a slug attached to a stout cord. The piece was aimed at a window at the top of the rear wall of the old theater, which stood about 100 feet high. The slug was fired through the window, trailing the cord after it. A clothesline was then attached to the other end of the cord and pulled through the window. A cable was then drawn through after the line and passed around the outside of the wall and back to the roof of the annex, where it was secured to a chimney. A block and tackle arrangement of eight pulleys was made, and 12 men were put on the end of a rope for a tug of war with the wall.

When all was in readiness, the street cars on Market street were stopped, and all pedestrians were warned away to a safe distance. At the first strain on the cable the high wall trembled as if disturbed by an earthquake. Successive tugs caused it to wave through an area of two or three feet before it gave way with a roar and the tons of brick, mortar and timbers fell with a crash and a cloud of dust to the ruins below. A man with an ax had been stationed on the outer walls, and as the mass fell it was his dangerous part to cut the cable so as to save the blocks from being dragged into the falling mass. The remainder of the walls will not be pulled down until the debris has been cleared away.—San Francisco Chronicle.

PECULIAR NEW CREED.

Strange Faith Prescribes the Sternest Self Denial and Asceticism.

Francis Nichols of Minnesota, claiming to be of divine inspiration, has organized societies in western Illinois and Iowa. Nichols preaches that the 1,400 people believing in his creed will be saved and all others lost.

Brethren in Christ is the name he has given his sect. The means of the communicants are placed in a common fund, of which Nichols has charge. All funerals of members of the sect must be under his direction, and his traveling expenses are of course borne by the mourners. Those who desire to keep "in the kingdom" must abjure all display of dress, and all ornaments are forbidden. The members must not have any friends who are not in the kingdom, and this rule is said to be one of the most severe of all upon the women.

No tie of relationship is recognized, and persons in one's own family must be shunned if they are outside of the kingdom. The estate of matrimony is not favored, as it tends to operate as a hindrance to that oneness of heart and mind that is essential to saving faith. A system of espionage is said to prevail among the members, and all offenses are daily reported to the congregation, which reports are uniformly followed by reprimands. For children and adults alike the faith prescribes the sternest and most uncompromising self denial and asceticism.—Special to St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"If I was to commit suicide at sea," said Weary Walker as he shifted the hay band on his left foot, "I'd jump from th' bow of th' boat."

"An why not from th' stern?" queried Limpy Lannigan.

"If I jumped from th' stern," said Weary, "I couldn't avoid th' wash!"

HE BEAT THE CROOKS.

Senator Wolcott's Nerve as a Poker Player Illustrated.

"I suppose Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, against whom proceedings for a divorce have been begun by his wife, is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

"Wolcott once found himself in a game of poker where three of the other players were playing a sure game. They



SENATOR EDWARD O. WOLCOTT.

were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way to get out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds, made up of the five, seven, eight, nine and jack. He skinned these cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a show down, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards.

"To his surprise he wasn't raised before the draw. He looked over his bright red diamonds again and concluded to draw a card in order if possible to straighten the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the five spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the six spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence, and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the five, six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."—Washington Star.

New Style Savings Bank.

Zion City bank in Chicago, an adjunct of the Utopian City project led by John Alexander Dowie of Chicago, began business the other day. For a time there was a long line of depositors opening savings or checking accounts, 150 being entered on the books. Over the arch inside the bank is the inscription "Jesus Said, 'Trade Ye Herewith Till I Come.' Luke xix, 13." The bank is capitalized for $25,000.—New York World.

Chicago to Kipling.

You 'ave made a stubborn fight,
Ruddy Kip,
And you're comin through all right,
Ruddy Kip.
'Tweren't potion, pump nor pill
It were all your iron will
Wot 'as left you to us still,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave touched the roughest 'earts,
Ruddy Kip,
Though you're made of fancy parts,
Ruddy Kip.
You 'ave roamed the bloomin earth,
You've extracted all its worth—
You've give song a newer birth,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave sung the low and 'igh,
Ruddy Kip—
Earth and water, wind and sky,
Ruddy Kip.
Where no other thought to look
You 'ave gone to work and took
What you wanted for your book,
Ruddy Kip!

There are prayers from Mandalay,
Ruddy Kip,
Goin up for you today,
Ruddy Kip.
Where the idols' bases rest,
Where the sun drops in the west,
Men are 'opin for the best,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave made a winnin fight,
Ruddy Kip—
Fought the same way that you write,
Ruddy Kip.
Death's a-runnin from your door,
We shall 'ear from you some more,
And 'ere's to you—'ip, 'ooroar,
Ruddy Kip.

—Chicago News

The Song of the Cradle.



Bye, bye! Hope rises high
There's a sweet little cradle hung up in the sky;
A dear little life that is coming to bless;
Two soft chubby hands that will pat and caress;
A pure little soul winging down from above;
A darling to care for, a baby to love.



In the days when Eve sinned it was written that motherhood should hereafter be accompanied with pain and sorrow; but this curse upon our foreparents has been lightened more and more as mankind have learned to rise superior to many of their sins and mistakes.

One of the grandest agencies which enlightened Science has discovered to relieve motherhood from excessive suffering is the "Favorite Prescription" devised by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. This wonderful "Prescription" imbues the entire nervous system with natural, healthy vitality; gives elastic vigor to the delicate organism specially concerned in motherhood; renders the prospective mother strong and cheerful and makes the coming of baby entirely free from danger and almost free from pain. The delighted gratitude of Mrs. Pearl Walton, of Alvo, Cass Co., Neb., will find an echo in the heart of every expectant mother:

"Previous to the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Walton, "I had no appetite, was sick at my stomach, had headache, could not rest at night, was completely worn out in every way. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and began to improve right away. I used two bottles of this great medicine and felt like a new person. At the time of confinement I was in labor but a little while and I owe it all to that great remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

This Is an Old Question and Has to Be Answered Candidly by East Liverpool People.

What do the people of East Liverpool think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion? What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is East Liverpool proof for East Liverpool people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz., Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for East Liverpool people. The most exacting cannot wish for anything more. Read this:

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THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE NEWS REVIEW can be had each evening at Rose & Dix', corner Broadway and Sixth; at Wilson's stationery establishment, Fifth street, and at Bagley's, corner Union and Second streets.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Trades council will meet this evening.

The Knights of Pythias last evening initiated three candidates.

The jiggermen's union last evening gave a very pleasant entertainment in Brotherhood hall.

Lieut. Geo. O. Anderson is ill at his home in East End suffering from malaria and Santiago chills.

Edwin O'Conner left for New York city today. He has taken a position in steel mill in that place.

Robert Burford left this morning for the east, where he will remain several days in the interest of the pottery.

The Republican central committee will meet this evening and make up the ticket for the primaries to be held Saturday.

Harry Vincent has resigned his position as messenger at the telegraph office, and next week will take a position as newsboy on the Cleveland express.

Arthur Allison and Miss Mary E. Dunn were united in marriage last evening by Rev. C. F. Swift at the parsonage. The young couple are very well and favorably known in the city.

R. William Haines and Miss Myrtle Williams will be married this evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Williams, Second street.

The funeral of Charles Marshall Dix will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow from his late home in Woodlawn avenue. Rev. Mansell will officiate, assisted by Dr. John Lloyd Lee. Interment will be made in Riverview.

Officer McMillan yesterday afternoon shot a dog owned by a man named Green, in Church alley, near Jackson street. The animal bit a small child yesterday morning, and the killing of it was thought to be the best course.

The packet Virginia when it tied to the wharf last evening unloaded 1,265 bales of straw. The combined weight was 60 tons, and much had to be piled on the wharf, as it was considered unsafe to put it all in the wharfboat.

The Young Men's Christian association directors will meet tonight, but State Secretary Kling will not be present, as he was called to New York by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father.

Merritt Green, president of the Bridgewater Gas company, was in the city this morning and visited the new gas plant at East End. He stated before he left the city at noon that manufactured gas would be turned in the mains within the next 10 days.

Some building will be done in Chester and on the Virginia side during the spring and summer. Already plans for several new residences are being made, and ground for several small houses will be broken next week. Some new houses are now in course of erection.

Last night the King's Daughters, of the Methodist Protestant church, surprised their president, Mrs. Lucy Hargraves, by giving her $10 to be used in purchasing a share of stock in the Silver Cross Magazine, the society's official organ. She will attend the convention to be held in Newark, April 14 to 16.

The new side wheel packet City of Pittsburg is expected to arrive at the wharf tomorrow or not later than Friday afternoon. Capt. John Phillips has sent out the statement that all the machinery is now in the best possible condition and a quick trip is expected to be made between Marietta and Pittsburg.

Revival services at the Christian church began last night, with much of interest. The attendance was very good. Reverend Mansell spoke about the power of united effort in soul saving, and urged upon every member to do his individual part. Services will continue each evening this week. Subject of tonight's discourse, "What Is the Gospel?" A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Boston Dep't Store.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

From today we will talk New Spring Goods. Stocks nearing completion every day. New goods arriving daily, by express and freight, and our buyer in the east still shipping more. You owe it to yourself to see the choice things as they arrive daily. Come and get initiated in the spring styles. A little later we will have a more formal spring opening, to which you will be invited; but don't wait for that.

COME NOW,

and see if you cannot supply your present needs just a little better here than elsewhere.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

W. J. BRYAN TO BELMONT.

Wouldn't Answer Invitation Until Latter Declared His Present Attitude Toward Chicago Platform.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The following dispatch was received by Perry Belmont, president of the Democratic club, in response to an invitation which was sent to William J. Bryan to attend the banquet to be given by the club in honor of Thomas Jefferson on April 14:

"LINCOLN, Neb., March 13.

Hon. Perry Belmont, Democratic Club, New York:

"Invitation received. Remembering that you openly repudiated the Democrtic platform in the last campaign, I desire to know before answering invitation whether you have since the election publicly announced your conversion to the principles set forth in that platform. (Sig.) WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

In answer Mr. Belmont telegraphed as follows:

"The invitation extended to you is on behalf of the Democratic club. Individual opinions have not been considered in issuing the invitations to celebrate the birthday of Thomas Jefferson.

(Signed) "PERRY BELMONT."

SUPPORT FOR ITALY.

England Promised Diplomatic Aid at the Court of Pekin—Other Countries Approved.

ROME, March 15.—In the chamber of deputies Admiral Canovaro, minister of foreign affairs, confirmed the reported recall of Signor Martino, Italian minister at Pekin, and announced that Italy had obtained the approval of Great Britain and Japan before demanding the concession at San Mun.

Great Britain, however, had requested, he said, that force should not be employed and had promised in return to give her diplomatic support to Italy at the court of Pekin.

Other friendly powers, the minister continued, were then notified and indicated their acquiescence.

Combine After the Riverside.

WHEELING, March 15.—The largest iron and steel deal yet projected in this district may be closed Thursday when the stockholders of the Riverside iron works meet to consider the offer of the iron tube combination for the acquisition of the great plant at Benwood. It is said the combine will pay $6,000,000 for the Riverside. The deal cannot be closed for several days, possibly weeks.

Increasing Enlistment Limit.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—An order was issued by the war department increasing the age limit for enlistment from 30 to 35 years. The youngest age at which a man can be enlisted is 18 years. The results so far for the enlistment of troops is very encouraging.

Soldier Died In Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following dispatch was given out at the war department, dated Havana, March 13, and addressed to the adjutant general, and signed General Brooke: "Death report 12th, Santiago—Private John A. Coombs, Eighth Illinois, dysentery."

Jones' Condition Was Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 15. — Senator Jones of Arkansas was reported to be resting comfortably and his physician was encouraged with the senator's improved condition.

Had Threatened President McKinley.

MONTREAL, March 15.—Henry Miller, the old pensioner, who was arrested for sending threatening letters to President McKinley and others, was remanded for medical examination and will remain in jail until the question of his sanity is settled.

General Booth's Mission.

LONDON, March 15.—It was announced at the headquarters of the Salvation army that General Booth had started from Adelaide, South Australia, for New Zealand, in order to undertake a campaign there.



NICE DAYS GO-CARTS AND BABIES

Suit well together, so now that the nice days are here if you have the babies we'll furnish the

GO-CARTS

At $3.75, $4.75, $5.75.

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JERRY OSTERHOUSE, Prop.

Will keep everything common to the grocery business. Goods fresh and pure. Prices low as the lowest. Give me a trial.

Cor. Fifth and Broadway,
EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

HASSEY'S PLACE.

For Fine Candies.
No stale goods. Fresh every day.
Opposite First National Bank

One-Half Million Dollars

worth of residences, business blocks, farms and other parts of the earth in the city and vicinity, for sale.

The Hill Real Estate Co.
105 Sixth St., City.

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Prescription Druggist,
Sixth and West Market Sts.,
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New Policy is conceded by all Insurance Journals to be as near perfect as it is possible to make it. For rates and further information address or call on

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District Agents,
1st National Bank Building.

OPERA HOUSE DRUG STORE.

Prescriptions a special feature.
Pure drugs and skillful druggists.
WILL REED, Prop.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate In Washington — How a Dog Figured In the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 20 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gosner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president, Rutherford B. Hayes, owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8, Litigation Has Already Cost $8,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W W White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $10 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the waterworks and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 30 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 200 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Watts, R. A., is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Bond street, in London, gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which bends an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and, as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF,

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

W. G. WELLS,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE,

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Townsihp.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE,

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR,

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL--FOURTH WARD,

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--FIRST WARD,

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--THIRD WARD,

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--FIRST WARD,

JAMES CHALLIS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--SECOND WARD,

JOSIAH T. SMITH,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--THIRD WARD,

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--FIRST WARD,

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--THIRD WARD,

'THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--FIRST WARD,

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR--SECOND WARD,

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--SECOND WARD,

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION,

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION,

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D.D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time.

Westward.	335 AM	337 PM	339 PM	341 PM	359 AM
Pittsburgh ...lv.	†5 45	†1 30	†4 30	*11 00	†7 30
Rochester.....“	6 35	2 15	5 25	11 50	8 15
Beaver .....“	6 40	2 20	5 33	11 55	8 30
Vanport .....“	6 45	.....	5 38	11 59	8 34
Industry .....“	6 55	.....	5 50	12 10	8 44
Cooks Ferry.....“	6 58	.....	5 55	12 11 f	8 48
Smiths Ferry .....“	7 07	2 40	6 04	12 20	8 55
East Liverpool...“	7 17	2 49	6 14	12 30	9 05
Wellsville .....ar	7 30	2 56	6 28	12 40	9 15
Wellsville .....lv.	7 38	3 05		12 45	
Wellsville Shop..“	7 43	.....		12 50	
Yellow Creek .....“	7 48	.....		12 55	
Hammondsville“	7 56			1 03	
Irondale .....“	8 00	3 22		1 06	
Salineville .....“	8 16	3 38		1 27	
Bayard .....“	9 00	4 10		2 05	
Alliance ..... {ar.	9 30	4 33		2 30	
Alliance ..... {lv.	10 10	4 38		2 35	
Ravenna .....“	10 43	5 06		3 10	
Hudson.....“	11 02	5 25		3 30	
Cleveland.....ar	12 10	6 25		4 30	
Wellsville lv	7 45	3 10	6 55	5 55	11 07
Wellsville Shop..“	7 50	3 13	6 58	5 59	11 10
Yellow Creek .....“	7 57	3 18	7 04	6 05	11 15
Port Homer .....“	8 03	3 23	7 09	6 09	
Empire .....“	8 10	3 28	7 14	6 17	11 23
Elliottsville .....“	8 17	3 33	7 18	6 21	11 27
Toronto .....“	8 21	3 38	7 23	6 30	11 33
Costonia .....“	8 28	3 43	7 30	6 37	
Steubenville... {ar.	8 44	4 00	7 45	6 55	11 50
Steubenville... {lv.	8 44	4 00	7 45	6 55	11 50
Mingo Jc.....“	8 51	4 07	7 53	7 05	11 58
Brilliant.....“	8 58	4 14	8 00	7 14	12 06
Rush Run.....“	9 07	4 23	8 09	7 24	12 15
Portland .....“	9 14	4 30	8 15	7 30	12 21
Yorkville .....“	9 19	4 35	8 20	7 37	12 26
Martins Ferry....“	9 32	4 45	8 28	7 52	12 33
Bridgeport .....“	9 40	4 50	8 35	7 58	12 40
Bellaire.....ar.	9 50	5 05	8 45	8 10	12 50
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Through Coaches on Trains 336, 359, 337 and 360 between Cleveland and Bellaire.

Eastward.	340 AM	336 AM		338 PM	360 PM	48 PM
Bellaire lv	†4 45	†9 00	Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced, 12 midnight to 12 noon.	†4 45	†1 00	†2 45
Bridgeport .....“	4 53	9 09		4 54	1 10	2 53
Martins Ferry ...“	5 01	9 15		5 02	1 16	3 05
Yorkville .....“	5 10			5 12		3 17
Portland .....“	5 15	9 28		5 19	1 28	3 22
Rush Run.....“	5 20	9 33		5 24		3 30
Brilliant .....“	5 28	9 41		5 34	1 42	3 42
Mingo Jc .....“	5 35	9 48		5 41	1 50	3 51
Steubenville... {ar.	5 44	9 56		5 50	1 58	4 00
Steubenville... {lv.	5 44	9 56		5 50	1 58	4 00
Costonia .....“	6 00	10 12				4 15
Toronto .....“	6 07	10 19		6 11	2 19	4 20
Elliottsville .....“	6 11	10 21				4 24
Empire .....“	6 13	10 31		6 21	2 27	4 27
Port Homer .....“	6 20	10 35				4 37
Yellow Creek.....“	6 26	10 45		6 33		4 44
Wellsville Shop .“	6 31	10 50		6 38		4 50
Wellsville .....ar	6 35	10 54		6 41	2 45	4 55
Wellsville lv	7 38		Nos. 338 and 342 connect in Union Station, Pitts., with thro' trains East.		3 05	Daily. Meals.
Wellsville Shop..“	7 43					
Yellow Creek .....“	7 48					
Hammondsville“	7 56					
Irondale .....“	8 00					3 22
Salineville .....“	8 16					3 38
Bayard .....“	9 00					4 10
Alliance ..... {ar.	9 30					4 33
Alliance ..... {lv.	10 10					4 38
Ravenna .....“	10 43					5 06
Hudson.....“	11 02					5 25
Cleveland.....ar	12 10					6 25
Wellsville lv	6 45	11 05		6 51	2 56	†3 50
East Liverpool...“	6 57	11 15		7 00	3 08	4 01
Smiths Ferry.....“	7 07	11 26		7 08	3 18	4 12
Cooks Ferry.....“	7 20	11 32			3 26 f	4 20
Industry .....“	7 25	11 40		7 22	3 30	4 25
Vanport .....“	7 34	11 52			3 41 f	4 36
Beaver .....“	7 40	11 59		7 36	3 48	4 40
Rochester .....“	7 50	12 06		7 42	4 00	4 45
Pittsburgh ...ar	8 50	12 55		8 30	4 55	5 40
	AM	PM		PM	PM	AM

†Daily except Sunday.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on **Nos. 341** and **342**, and **Parlor Cars** on **Nos 337** and **338** between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. **No. 336** connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. **No. 340** for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and **337** connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. **Nos. 340** and **360** connect with **Nos. 335** and **337** at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

4-27-98.-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT--Furnished rooms, withoue board, single and en suite, with fint front sitting room; 167 Fifth street, city.

LOST.

LOST--Pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, between First M. E. church and Sunnyside. Finder please leave at this office.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIWE

UNION LABELS.

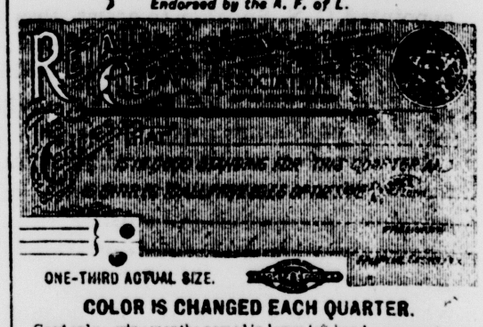
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

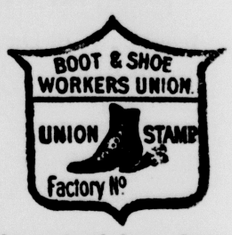


ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.



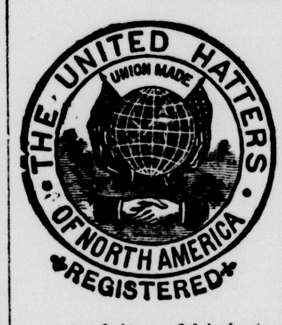
The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

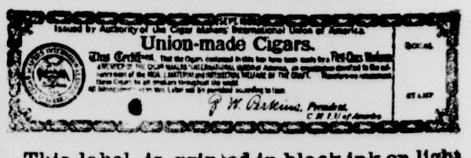
BICYCLE LABEL



"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

A daring and ingenious plan for the demolishment of the high brick walls which stand in the center of the Baldwin hotel ruins at San Francisco—a menace to the lives of workmen and pedestrians—was invented and given a successful trial recently. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to resort to the use of dynamite to wreck these walls for removal, but a small whaler's two pound cannon, a liberal quantity of cable and the application of the simplest laws of mechanics in the use of the block and tackle have been found to be as efficacious and quick a remedy without the attendant dangers of the use of explosives.

A small harpoon gun was secured the other morning and mounted upon a platform built from the annex roof. It was loaded with a rig after the fashion of a life line, consisting of a slug attached to a stout cord. The piece was aimed at a window at the top of the rear wall of the old theater, which stood about 100 feet high. The slug was fired through the window, trailing the cord after it. A clothesline was then attached to the other end of the cord and pulled through the window. A cable was then drawn through after the line and passed around the outside of the wall and back to the roof of the annex, where it was secured to a chimney. A block and tackle arrangement of eight pulleys was made, and 12 men were put on the end of a rope for a tug of war with the wall.

When all was in readiness, the street cars on Market street were stopped, and all pedestrians were warned away to a safe distance. At the first strain on the cable the high wall trembled as if disturbed by an earthquake. Successive tugs caused it to wave through an area of two or three feet before it gave way with a roar and the tons of brick, mortar and timbers fell with a crash and a cloud of dust to the ruins below. A man with an ax had been stationed on the outer walls, and as the mass fell it was his dangerous part to cut the cable so as to save the blocks from being dragged into the falling mass. The remainder of the walls will not be pulled down until the debris has been cleared away.—San Francisco Chronicle.

PECULIAR NEW CREED.

Strange Faith Prescribes the Sternest Self Denial and Asceticism.

Francis Nichols of Minnesota, claiming to be of divine inspiration, has organized societies in western Illinois and Iowa. Nichols preaches that the 1,400 people believing in his creed will be saved and all others lost.

Brethren in Christ is the name he has given his sect. The means of the communicants are placed in a common fund, of which Nichols has charge. All funerals of members of the sect must be under his direction, and his traveling expenses are of course borne by the mourners. Those who desire to keep "in the kingdom" must abjure all display of dress, and all ornaments are forbidden. The members must not have any friends who are not in the kingdom, and this rule is said to be one of the most severe of all upon the women.

No tie of relationship is recognized, and persons in one's own family must be shunned if they are outside of the kingdom. The estate of matrimony is not favored, as it tends to operate as a hindrance to that oneness of heart and mind that is essential to saving faith. A system of espionage is said to prevail among the members, and all offenses are daily reported to the congregation, which reports are uniformly followed by reprimands. For children and adults alike the faith prescribes the sternest and most uncompromising self denial and asceticism.—Special to St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"If I was to commit suicide at sea," said Weary Walker as he shifted the hay band on his left foot, "I'd jump from th' bow of th' boat."

"An why not from th' stern?" queried Limpy Lannigan.

"If I jumped from th' stern," said Weary, "I couldn't avoid th' wash!"

HE BEAT THE CROOKS.

Senator Wolcott's Nerve as a Poker Player Illustrated.

"I suppose Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, against whom proceedings for a divorce have been begun by his wife, is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

"Wolcott once found himself in a game of poker where three of the other players were playing a sure game. They



SENATOR EDWARD O. WOLCOTT.

were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way to get out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds, made up of the five, seven, eight, nine and jack. He skinned these cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a show down, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards.

"To his surprise he wasn't raised before the draw. He looked over his bright red diamonds again and concluded to draw a card in order if possible to straighten the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the five spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the six spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence, and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the five, six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."—Washington Star.

New Style Savings Bank.

Zion City bank in Chicago, an adjunct of the Utopian City project led by John Alexander Dowie of Chicago, began business the other day. For a time there was a long line of depositors opening savings or checking accounts, 150 being entered on the books. Over the arch inside the bank is the inscription "Jesus Said, 'Trade Ye Herewith Till I Come.' Luke xix, 13." The bank is capitalized for $25,000.—New York World.

Chicago to Kipling.

You 'ave made a stubborn fight,
Ruddy Kip,
And you're comin through all right,
Ruddy Kip.
'Tweren't potion, pump nor pill
It were all your iron will
Wot 'as left you to us still,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave touched the roughest 'earts,
Ruddy Kip,
Though you're made of fancy parts,
Ruddy Kip.
You 'ave roamed the bloomin earth,
You've extracted all its worth—
You've give song a newer birth,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave sung the low and 'igh,
Ruddy Kip—
Earth and water, wind and sky,
Ruddy Kip.
Where no other thought to look
You 'ave gone to work and took
What you wanted for your book,
Ruddy Kip!

There are prayers from Mandalay,
Ruddy Kip,
Goin up for you today,
Ruddy Kip.
Where the idols' bases rest,
Where the sun drops in the west,
Men are 'opin for the best,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave made a winnin fight,
Ruddy Kip—
Fought the same way that you write,
Ruddy Kip.
Death's a-runnin from your door,
We shall 'ear from you some more,
And 'ere's to you—'ip, 'ooroar,
Ruddy Kip.

—Chicago News

The Song of the Cradle.



Bye, bye! Hope rises high!
There's a sweet little cradle hung up in the sky;
A dear little life that is coming to bless;
Two soft chubby hands that will pat and caress;
A pure little soul winging down from above;
A darling to care for, a baby to love.



In the days when Eve sinned it was written that motherhood should hereafter be accompanied with pain and sorrow; but this curse upon our foreparents has been lightened more and more as mankind have learned to rise superior to many of their sins and mistakes.

One of the grandest agencies which enlightened Science has discovered to relieve motherhood from excessive suffering is the "Favorite Prescription" devised by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. This wonderful "Prescription" imbues the entire nervous system with natural, healthy vitality; gives elastic vigor to the delicate organism specially concerned in motherhood; renders the prospective mother strong and cheerful and makes the coming of baby entirely free from danger and almost free from pain. The delighted gratitude of Mrs. Pearl Walton, of Alvo, Cass Co., Neb., will find an echo in the heart of every expectant mother:

"Previous to the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Walton, "I had no appetite, was sick at my stomach, had headache, could not rest at night, was completely worn out in every way. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and began to improve right away. I used two bottles of this great medicine and felt like a new person. At the time of confinement I was in labor but a little while and I owe it all to that great remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

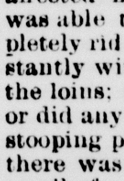
This Is an Old Question and Has to Be Answered Candidly by East Liverpool People.

What do the people of East Liverpool think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion? What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is East Liverpool proof for East Liverpool people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz., Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for East Liverpool people. The most exacting cannot wish for anything more. Read this:

Mrs. A. Searight, No. 162 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney complaint, which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system, and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there was a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back which felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

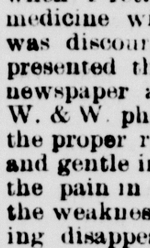
Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure **50 CTS.** in each case or refund the money. Price per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 59 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.



EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere. $1.00.
For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

Members
Are requested to bring in their
PASS BOOKS
For **Annual Settlement** on or before March 1st.
THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the news in the News Review.

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EMBOSSING,
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IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
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&c., &c., &c.

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Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell
High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.
Tells the Story.

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Jones' Condition Was Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 15. — Senator Jones of Arkansas was reported to be resting comfortably and his physician was encouraged with the senator's improved condition.

Had Threatened President McKinley.

MONTREAL, March 15.—Henry Miller, the old pensioner, who was arrested for sending threatening letters to President McKinley and others, was remanded for medical examination and will remain in jail until the question of his sanity is settled.

General Booth's Mission.

LONDON, March 15.—It was announced at the headquarters of the Salvation army that General Booth had started from Adelaide, South Australia, for New Zealand, in order to undertake a campaign there.



NICE DAYS GO-CARTS AND BABIES

Suit well together, so now that the nice days are here if you have the babies we'll furnish the

GO-CARTS

At $3.75, $4.75, $5.75.

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Soldier Died In Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following dispatch was given out at the war department, dated Havana, March 13, and addressed to the adjutant general, and signed General Brooke: "Death report 12th, Santiago—Private John A. Coombs, Eighth Illinois, dysentery."

Jones' Condition Was Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 15. — Senator Jones of Arkansas was reported to be resting comfortably and his physician was encouraged with the senator's improved condition.

Had Threatened President McKinley.

MONTREAL, March 15.—Henry Miller, the old pensioner, who was arrested for sending threatening letters to President McKinley and others, was remanded for medical examination and will remain in jail until the question of his sanity is settled.

General Booth's Mission.

LONDON, March 15.—It was announced at the headquarters of the Salvation army that General Booth had started from Adelaide, South Australia, for New Zealand, in order to undertake a campaign there.



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EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 235. EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1899. TWO CENTS

PATEROS WAS BURNED.

Washington Volunteers Took and Destroyed the Town.

THE FILIPINOS BURNED PASIG.

Enemy Found In Strong Force Near Pateros and Were Driven Back After Severe Fighting—Americans Had Two Killed and Some Wounded.

MANILA, March 15.—(12:40 p. m.)—General Wheaton's brigade continues the work of clearing out the rebels around Pasig.

The Washington volunteers have captured and burned Pateros, meeting with a sharp fire from the enemy while crossing the river.

Today's fighting was like that of the past week, the insurgents occasionally making a stand, but eventually fleeing. Their loss is supposed to have been small, as the Americans were unable to see the enemy in the thickets.

The progress of the American advance is slow.

MANILA, March 15.—(8 a. m.)—Late yesterday General Wheaton's column encountered the enemy in such forces



BRIGADIER GENERAL WHEATON.

between Pateros and Taguig as to necessitate a change in the original plans. The cavalry attacked a rebel stronghold in the jungle, driving the enemy into Pateros. The Americans had one man killed and three wounded.

Scott's battery shelled the city and woods effectively.

Later the enemy crossed the river from Pasig. Two companies of the Second Oregon infantry cleared the right bank, after a sharp engagement, and then retired, with three wounded. In the meantime the Washington volunteers closed in, driving small bodies of the rebels back upon Pateros. One man was killed. During the night the enemy burned the town of Pasig.

MANILA, March 15.—Brigadier General Wheaton's column advanced beyond Pasig to the shore of Laguna de Bay, sweeping everything before them. The enemy made a running fight and suffered severe loss. The rebels' avenue of communication north and south is now closed, the American cordon stretching over a mile from the river to the lake.

The rebels are in force at Patros and Taguig.

Two of Monday's wounded, Private Stewart of Company B, Twentieth regiment and Private Munson of Company K, Twenty-second regiment, are dead.

MANILA, March 15, 11:15 a. m.—Branlis Zorita and Jose Ruiz, the Spanish officers who were recently tried by a military commission for the embezzlement of $10,542 Mexican funds devoted to the maintenance of prisoners, and who were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $2,500 gold and to undergo three years' imprisonment at hard labor, had the term of imprisonment commmuted to six months, in view of previous confinement and certain circumstances justifying clemency. Carlos Aymerich, who was charged with them, was acquitted and released on the ground that he established an alibi.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following cable from General Otis reached the war department:

"MANILA, March 14.

Adjutant General, Washington:

"Until yesterday field operations here since capturing Caloocan of minor nature, consisting of driving back small bands insurgents, with considerable loss to latter. Yesterday General Wheaton with Twentieth, Twenty-second infantry, the Oregon and Washington troops, section sixth artillery and squadron Fourth cavalry attacked large force of enemy, drove them back and took line of Pasig river, which he now holds. Two improvised gunboats in lake have captured considerable property. Insurgent loss heavy; our own killed and wounded slight, aggregating 35, mostly slightly wounded. Insurgents made no determined stand.

(Signed) "OTIS."

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The attention of the officials at the war department having been called to the report from Manila that General Otis had refused to allow the retiring Spanish troops to carry arms to the Carolines, it was learned that this refusal was in strict pursuance of the terms of the protocol, which govern in the absence of the ratification of the peace treaty.

The officials here were a little puzzled to account for this desire on the part of Spain to garrison and fortify the Carolines, for it had been assumed that the negotiations between Spain and Germany looking toward a sale of the group to Germany would be consummated.

It was suggested with some plausibility that Germany had required Spain in case of a sale to turn over the group in such condition as will not require an effort on Germany's part to suppress an insurrection, such as the United States authorities faced in the Philippines.

General Otis, in forbidding further negotiations between the Spanish at Manila and the insurgents, touching the surrender of the Spanish prisoners held by the latter, acted upon his own authority. The government has not sent him any instructions upon this point, but it will unquestionably support him to the extreme in any action of that kind he may take.

BLAME LAID UPON EAGAN.

Contracted For Canned Beef, Some Without Smith's Knowledge—Misinterpreted Contract With Packers.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Colonel O. M. Smith, purchasing agent of the government at Chicago since 1895, testified before the government court of inquiry that the stores of canned roast beef bought by him during the Spanish war were all upon the direct order of General Eagan, the commissary general. He also stated that some purchases of canned beef were made without his knowledge by the commissary general. Another of the day's important witnesses was Gustavus F. Swift, head of the packing house of Swift & Co.

While Mr. Swift was on the stand at one point this questioning in part occurred by Major Lee:

"If I remember correctly, General Eagan testified that the beef was to keep under normal conditions, remaining sweet and proper food, 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shipboard or 72 hours after it left the refrigerator on shore?"

"That was not our understanding, nor was it contained in our proposal or in the contract."

Major Lee read the following clause of the contract:

"The beef is to be properly clothed for its protection and proper handling and so preserved by the refrigeration on shipboard and at the refrigerator building, that it shall be perfectly good and fit for use 72 hours after being issued from the ship's refrigerator or 24 hours after being issued from the refrigerator to building on shore.

"If there were no refrigerating building on shore," he asked, "and a ship should get in at that place, under this contract it seems to me that there is a guaranty here that the beef will keep 72 hours after being issued from the ship. Am I correct?"

"No, sir; my version of that clause is different. Starting with our proposal to the government and leading on to that clause in the contract my version is that, having used diligence to provide stationary refrigerators at the request of the government, and with their aid, as agreed, 24 hours is all that we are liable."

Major Lee then read the clause in question a second time, and left the dispute as to time to the consideration of the court.

"Could you reasonably expect that refrigerated beef could be furnished to the troops in Cuba and last 24 hours after it was issued to the commissary to be given to the troops 10, 15 or 20 miles away from the landing?"

"I don't think we contemplated supplying troops that far away; I don't think the government contemplated it. I understand that the government contracted for refrigerated beef to be supplied at port stations, and at the same time for live cattle to be supplied at inland points."

The witness stated that chemicals were not in any way used as a preservative, in caring for beef. He said that his company did no canning, but furnished the beef used by Libby, McNeill & Libby for canning. Major Lee asked if the larger proportion of the poorest cattle did not go to the canners. Mr. Swift replied that it did not.

Horace C. Gardner, manager of the construction and mechanical department of Swift & Co., repeated the incidents attending the closing of the contract between Swift & Co. and General Eagan.

He told General Eagan it would be necessary, to meet the exigencies of the climate, to erect refrigerators on shore. So far as treating beef with any process with chemicals to preserve it, they would not do it at all.

The witness denied that any chemicals whatever were used in the beef business. Refrigeration was the only thing relied upon.

"If General Eagan testified that the limit was 72 hours, how do you reconcile this conflict with the testimony?" asked Major Lee.

"General Eagan is mistaken."

Young Man Suicided.

OIL CITY, March 15.—Chas. Zahniser, the 20-year-old son of H. M. Zahniser of Tionesta, Pa., shot himself near the heart with a 38-caliber revolver, causing almost instant death. He was a close student, and left a note saying that study had unbalanced his mind.

MRS. KEIFER BURIED

Services Held at Springfield This Morning.

GENERAL ARRIVED TOO LATE.

Received News of His Wife's Death While on a Train Enroute Home—He and His Son Had Hastened From Cuba. Court Adjourned Out of Respect.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 15.—Major General J. Warren Keifer, who hastened from Cuba, with his son, Captain H. Keifer, hoping to reach the bedside of his dying wife, did not arrive till midnight Monday. He received the news of the death of Mrs. Kiefer while on the train. The common pleas court adjourned out of respect to General Kiefer. The funeral services were held today at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Thompson and Dr. Fullerton.

ROCKEFELLER TO TESTIFY.

Standard Served Notice on Monnett That He Would Be Examined.

COLUMBUS, March 15.—The taking of testimony in the case of the state vs. the Buckeye Pipe Line company, as a constituent part of the Standard Oil company, was continued before Notary Pugh. Testimony relating the business methods of the Standard Oil company was given.

In the contempt case the Standard Oil company served notice on the attorney general that the evidence of John D. Rockefeller would be taken in New York before Master Commissioner Brinsmaide on May 17. Other witnesses may also be examined there.

Attorney General Monnett also served notice that testimony would be taken in New York in the Buckeye Pipe line case on March 18.

Pennsylvania May Be After It.

CANAL DOVER, March 15.—The recent inspection of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus railroad has given rise to a story that the Pennsylvania company is likely to absorb the property and that it was with that purpose in view that the

REPUBLICANS.

Be very careful in your selection of candidates at the coming primaries. The people--the voters--demand that good men and true shall occupy positions of trust in this municipality. Patience may CEASE to be a virtue. Be wise. Be warned in time. The great majority of voters in East Liverpool desire good government. The day of the vicious minority has gone by.

LEAGUE.

trip was made. The disintegration of the Brice system might upset the traffic arrangement which give the Pennsylvania road a Cleveland-Cincinnati line and it is to prevent this possibility that the Pennsylvania people are said to be considering the purchase of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus property. The story finds considerable credence.

Mrs. Raymond's Defense.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—Mrs. Edna Raymond, who is on trial for shooting Mrs. John A. Hanna, at the Ellington apartment house some time since, was on the stand. She testified that she was the common law wife of Hanna. When Hanna married his present wife, Mrs. Raymond said she learned of it through the newspapers. She said she went to the Ellington to get a diamond ring belonging to her and which Hanna had given his wife. Mrs. Hanna tried to put her out of the rooms and in the scuffle that ensued the revolver was discharged.

Tinplate Workers' Wages Increased.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—At the Crescent Tinplate mill in this city, which is controlled by the tinplate trust, a notice has been posted to the effect that the wages of the employes of the plant have been increased, the advance ranging from 5 to 10 per cent. The lowest paid workmen received the maximum increase. The advance is to take effect from March 1. Three hundred men are benefited.

Fixed the Amalgamated Scale.

YOUNGSTOWN, March 15.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association came here and met Secretary Nutt of the Manufacturers' association and Messrs. Jenkins and Fate, the latter two representing the men, for the purpose of arranging the scale for the ensuing 60 days. The March and April scale was fixed at the $4 rate that has obtained so long.

Barnes Given a Divorce.

CLEVELAND, March 15.—The closing act in the Barnes-Magowan affair occurred here, when John A. Barnes was granted a divorce from Mrs. Frank Magowan by Judge Logue. Judge Logue, in granting Barnes a divorce, gave him the custody of the child, Edith, which Mrs. Barnes-Magowan kidnaped sometime ago, and still retains possession of her.

TO AID FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Meeting of Prominent Presbyterians In New York—Appeal to Churches For Money.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A conference for the purpose of furthering the cause of foreign missions, called by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions, was held at the Presbyterian building. Those invited were the chairmen of the Presbyterian and synodical permanent committees on foreign missions of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Rev. Henry S. Buller of Lairstown, N. J., presided.

It was resolved to send to every preacher of the Presbyterian denomination in the United States an appeal for assistance in the form of a letter, which is to be brought to the notice of every congregation.

The letter describes the work of the board of foreign missions during the past year and says that unless within seven weeks, the end of the present fiscal year, $412,929 is raised the retreat must again be sounded, retrenchment once more be enforced, every missionary in the field disheartened and all hope of sending out new laborers abandoned.

Among those whose names are attached to the letter are: Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, ex-President Benjamin Harrison, Rev. Wallace Radcliffe, moderator of the general assembly, ex-Secretary of State Foster and ex-Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

Kasson Notified Germany, England and France He Was Ready to Resume Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Negotiations for reciprocity treaties with Germany and France have been resumed, and there is still a prospect that a treaty may be negotiated with Great Britain covering the British West Indies. These several treaty negotiations were interrupted some months ago by the service Mr. Kasson, our reciprocity commissioner, was obliged to give to the Canadian commission. As this work is closed Mr. Kasson is free to resume the negotiations with the other countries, and he has written to inform them that he is at liberty to proceed.

The negotiations with Peru did not prove successful, as that country was not willing to grant a reduction on the articles which this government considered should be covered. These are practically all the negotiations, although there has been the initiative in other quarters.

GOMEZ IS LOYAL.

Recognized Only One Power In Cuba, That of the United States.

HAVANA, March 15.—General Gomez said he recognized only one power in the island—that of the United States. All that the Cubans can do, he declared, was by permission of the American authorities and, therefore, the military assembly can only talk. In his opinion, the assembly was acting as it does because it wants to get more money out of the United States. In this connection, he points out that the assembly first proposed to ask $80,000,000. As for himself, he averred that he was not a beggar.

The United States government offered the $3,000,000 and he has never asked an increase in the gift. Indeed, he says, to ask more would be undignified and improper. To all callers, General Gomez speaks lightly of the assembly.

Germany and Rhodes Agreed.

BERLIN, March 15.—The Tageblatt said that a contract was concluded between the German government and Cecil Rhodes, the British South African magnate, for the construction of a telegraph line in German East Africa. The Tageblatt added that a contract for building a railroad through the same territory was upon the point of conclusion, only a few details remaining to be settled.

Road May Not Be Built.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 15.—It was stated here that the project of constructing the Cleveland and New Castle railroad, which was planned by the late Senator Brice, had been given up and the line may not be built. The company has sold some of its city real estate to a local lumber company.

Bought the St. Louis Club.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—G. A. Gruner, treasurer of the Phil Gruner and Brother Lumber company of this city, representing the creditors and bondholders of the Sportsman's park and club, bought in the St. Louis Baseball club at public auction for $33,000.

Will Restore Wages.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 15.—Notice has been posted in the Fiskdale mills that on and after April 1 the wages of the operatives will be raised to their former standard, which means practically an increase of about 11 1-3 per cent. About 400 hands are affected.

Weather Forecast For Today.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Rain; brisk to high east to southeast winds.

THE PRESIDENT PALE.

More Thin Than When at Thomasville Before.

CITIZENS NOTICED THE CHANGE.

Many Houses In the Town Decorated In Honor of the Presidential Party. School Children Called and Presented Violets—Entertained by Mrs. McKinley.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 15.—The presidential party was met at the station by Mel Hanna, brother of the senator; Mayor Hopkins and a number of prominent citizens. The distinguished visitors were immediately driven to Senator Hanna's house on Dawson street. By special request, there was no demonstration.

The mayor had issued a proclamation inviting everybody to decorate their buildings in honor of the chief executive and the invitation was liberally complied with. On the porticos of the houses in the streets through which the presidential party passed were ladies and gentlemen who saluted the president and cheered as he passed. The president bowed and smiled as he raised his hat. Thousands of people lined the streets and cheered.

In the afternoon school children called upon the President and Mrs. McKinley and presented them with a large tray of violets, having the word "welcome," in white in the midst of the purple pillow, bordered with green. Mrs. McKinley entertained the children. They were the only callers during the day, notice having been given that the president is here for rest.

Residents of the place who met the president four years ago note that he is paler and thinner now than then. The presidential party consists of President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice Ptesident and Mrs. Hobart and Master Hobart, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, Miss Hanna and Miss Phelps, Dr. J. N. Rixey and Mr. George Cortelyou, assistant secretary to the president.

BODIES OF THE DEAD.

General Corbin Will Order Soldiers' Remains Sent Where Relatives Wish and Wants Information.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—General Corbin has been making arrangements for the return of the dead soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico. Many applications have already been received asking that the remains be sent to the former homes of the soldiers and all these requests will be complied with. The department desires to know in each instance where the friends of the dead soldier desire his remains to be sent. The name of soldier and the address to which it is to be sent are cabled to the commanding officers in Cuba or Porto Rico, as soon as received, and the casket is marked accordingly. As soon as the Roumania arrives in New York, which, however, is not expected for a month, each casket will be forwarded immediately to the place designated without difficulty or confusion.

CANTEEN ABOLISHED.

General Alger Issued an Order Calling Attention to Army Law Provision.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Secretary Alger issued an order quoting the paragraph in the army law abolishing the canteen and prohibiting the sale of liquor on army reservations. It is stated the provision of the law is published for the information of all concerned.

CONFESSED TO WIFE-MURDER.

Becker Said He Burned Most of the Remains In a Stove.

CHICAGO, March 15.—August A. Becker, the sausage maker, who has been under arrest for four weeks, on a charge of murdering his wife, made a full confession. He said that he cut his wife to pieces and burned the remains in a stove. Later he buried some of the bones in the prairie.

He said he killed his wife with a hatchet, while quarreling with her.

ACCUSED TO BE HEARD.

Hearings to Be Resumed In the Bribery Investigation Tonight.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—The McCarrell bill bribery investigating committee will meet this evening in the house chamber. Among the witnesses to be called are Michael I. Costello, ex-Represenative Moyles of Luzerne, Representative Spatz of Berks, ex-Senator Coyle of Philadelphia, Representative Hersh of Montgomery, Representative S. S. Smith of Cameron and Editors Littell and O'Toole of the Scranton Scrantonian.

Dr. Dunlap Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.—Dr. John McDougall Dunlap died at his home in this city, aged 70 years. He was widely known as a nose and throat specialist.

SEWER PIPE BIDS

Must Be Asked Again by Sewer Commission.

VERY WARM TIME IN COUNCIL

No Notice Was Taken of the Contract Made With the Lyth Company, but Secretary Croxall Defended His Side of the Controversy--Solicitor McGarry Presented the Law and Was Also Called Upon to Defend His Position--The Gas Ordinance Was Again Turned Down by the Defeat of a Motion to Suspend the Rules.

Council last evening held a very lengthy session, and as a result of their actions all the business transacted by the sewer commissioners is null and void, and the commissioners will readvertise for bids for the sewer pipe.

Every member of council was present when the minutes were read and approved, and ordinances to improve Spring street from West Market street to Lincoln avenue; Grant street from West Market street to Lincoln avenue; Woodlawn avenue from Basil avenue to Grant street, and West Market street from Grant street to Waterloo road were passed after some discussion.

The ordinance to establish sewer district No. 2, laid on the table in May, was taken up and passed.

The ordinance requiring saloonkeepers to remove the screens from the windows on Sunday was placed on its final reading and passed unanimously.

Mayor Bough collected $75 during the month, while the street commissioner did general work during the month.

The pay ordinance was passed. Then one of the surprises of the evening came when Clerk Hanley again read the gas ordinance which provides that the companies shall not charge more that 20 cents per thousand cubic feet, thus providing that the companies can not charge their consumers $1 for gas not used.

Mr. Peach moved that the rules be suspended and the ordinance be placed on its third reading and final passage. Mr. Ashbaugh seconded the motion, and Mr. Challis stated that since the five year clause had been eliminated from the ordinance he would vote for it. Mr. Cain thought the ordinance should be allowed to take its regular course and should not be railroaded through council, and he made a motion to that effect, which was seconded by Mr. Seckerson. Mr. Stewart stated that the same ordinance was presented a few weeks ago, and he would like to know if there had been any new light thrown on the question. Mr. Peach said: "I don't think it is necessary to throw any more light on the subject than appeared the first morning after the ordinance was defeated in council. There is plenty of evidence that an ordinance of that kind should exist, and I introduced it in good faith, believing it to be for the best interest of East Liverpool. I have not heard a person outside of the gas companies say a word against the ordinance. I promised the people to bring up that ordinance again and I have done it. I don't want to wait and have the people think I have done it for a buncombe. If I am defeated on account of that ordinance I am willing to retire, feeling that I have done my duty. I introduced that ordinance in order to keep faith with the people."

Mr. Stewart spoke against the ordinance. He related how cheap gas was furnished here. He also named a number of cities where the $1 clause existed, but his argument was answered by Solicitor McGarry who said the cities quoted were in Pennsylvania and West Virginia and he doubted if they had a statute giving council the right to regulate the price of gas. He also said that the council were elected to protect the legal rights of the citizens, and even then an injunction suit would have been entered had it not been known that the ordinance would come up again. He said this would mean that many suits would be filed.

Mr. Cain again wanted the ordinance to go over on its regular course and the motion to suspend the rules was lost, Messrs. Cain, Olnhausen, Stewart and Seckerson voting no.

An ordinance to improve Bank street from Avondale street to the east end of Rily avenue was passed. Mr. Peach stated that the janitor of city hall wanted an increase in salary from $8 to $12, and the police committee will look after the matter. Mr. Challis called attention to a sewer in Avondale street, and Street Commissioner Bryan was ordered to fix it.

The sewer commissioners made a report and recommended that the contract for pipe be awarded to John Lyth & Son, as they were the lowest bidders. A resolution was introduced to give them the contract at 82½ per cent off the list price, the total cost of the pipe being in the neighborhood of $3,100.

Mr. Marshall asked the solicitor if the commissioners could legally advertise and receive bids before the ordinance was passed.

The solicitor looked up the law and read it to council. He stated that while it was a little irregular it was perfectly legal and council could enter into a contract without danger.

Mr. Marshall said it might be legal but it was out of the ordinary, and he thought council would be taking chances. He was in favor of readvertising for bids in view of the fact that a cloud had been raised, and made a motion to that effect. It was seconded by Mr. Peach.

Secretary Croxall, of the sewer commission, was present, and said that such a move would delay the work almost 12 weeks. He stated that the commissioners had done their best and the solicitor was willing to stand back of them and say there was no irregularities. Their word had gone out to a man that he would get the contract, and the price was the best the commissioners had ever secured.

Mr. Marshall did not think it would delay the work that long and said it would be necessary to sell the bonds before the work could be commenced, and that would take some time. He thought to readvertise would cost the city less in the long run than to go ahead with the contract.

Solicitor McGarry again read the law and maintained that if the contract was let it would be perfectly legal.

There was some more discussion on the subject and President Marshall said: "I understand there are other irregularities. I have been told that the sewer commissioners took one of the bidders into their room where the bids were opened. Then they closed the door and excluded the public and permitted him to explain his bid. If that be true every person knows that it was illegal."

Secretary Croxall replied: "I am sorry the discussion has not continued in good nature and has narrowed to personal flings. I dislike very much to say anything, but in justice to the sewer commissioners I will state that the remarks made by Dr. Marshall are not true in any particular. The bids were received in my office and opened in the office of the Mining and Milling company. Both bidders were present and were invited into the room where they were opened. One of the bidders refused to enter the room, but the communicating door was left open and he could have entered at any time. It is not fair that the commissioners be assailed and personal flings thrown at them, and I hope this will be the end of it, and everything will be done in good nature. We do our best to serve the people and have no favors for anyone. If the gentleman who assails us has favors for anyone that is not our business. If we re-advertise for bids I am satisfied that Lyth will not bid again. We would have liked to let the contract to our home concern and very sorry to not give it to them, but could not do so after carefully considering the bids. I sent letters to every sewer pipe manufacturer in the country, and we only received two bids. I think the unkind remark of Dr. Marshall was uncalled for."

Dr. Marshall said he meant no fling by his remarks, but it was simply what had been told him, and he was glad to know it was not true. He said he did not think there was a member of the sewer commission who would do an unkind act, and they were the equal of any other body in the city, but he was simply contending that there were irregularties in the proceedings.

Engineer George said he wished to echo the remarks of Mr. Croxall, and that everything done by the sewer commissioners had been strictly in accordance with the law.

Mr. Marshall asked if the sample of pipe from one firm came up to the standard required, and Engineer George replied that the pipe of one firm was as good as the other, but that neither of them was required to submit samples.

Mr. Peach exclaimed: "The pipe of Lyth's was not perfect in workmanship, and you know it. Mr. Croxall will bear me out in my statement."

Mr. George said: "There were blemishes on the pipe, but the material in it was as good. Lyth will furnish pipe as good as called for in the specifications."

CONTNIUED ON PAGE 5.

DID NOT KNOW BERESFORD.

British Admiral Stopped by Brooklyn Navy Yard Marines.

When Lord Charles Beresford arrives in England he will be well equipped with material for a good story about how he fooled the alert marines at the Brooklyn navy yard with the assistance of an autocab. Lord Charles had an engagement to visit the navy yard the other morning. He had informed Commodore Philip, commandant of the yard, of the time he was to arrive, and the commodore telephoned instructions to the Sands street gate to admit Lord Charles and his carriage without question. He ordered, further, that the marines on duty at the gate should line up and stand at attention as the rear admiral of the English navy rode in.

Down through the mud of Sands street came bowling along a common looking horseless cab. The sharp eyed sentry paid no attention whatever to the autocab, which audaciously ran through the gate and was several yards into the grounds before the sergeant of marines ran out and stopped it. "Back up," ordered the sergeant of marines. "There's never been a horseless carriage in this navy yard, and there won't be while I'm here."

So the man on the cab began maneuvering to back out the gate, when a large, good natured face protruded from the cab window.

"I guess you don't know me," said the owner of the face, smilingly. "I'm Beresford."

The sergeant of marines retained presence of mind enough to refrain from fainting, the guard poured out and stood at attention and the triumphant man on the cab steered his buzzing vehicle into the yard, where Commodore Philip met his guest.—Chicago Record.

PLACATED THE SEA GOD.

Chinese Crew Burned Joss Sticks While Storm Raged In Midocean.

It was a strange scene which took place on the British steamship Foyle at the height of a furious gale in mid-Atlantic. The vessel, which comes from the Philippines with a cargo of sugar, recently reached New York and is docked at the foot of North Second street, Brooklyn. Captain Walter Teart tells the story.

Sixteen Chinamen, shipped at Hongkong as members of the crew, came to him as the storm raged and the spokesman, Au Fok, said:

"The ship is doomed. The great storm roars and bellows. That is the noise of the wrath of the sea god. He is Chin Joss. Chin Joss is angry. Already he has taken a piece out of the ship. Soon he will take the whole head."

Armed with a long joss stick, which had been smeared with tar and which gave out when lighted a red, yellow and blue flame, the wild eyed Mongolian made his way to the mainmast and there burned it and muttered strange incantations the while.

Another of the Chinamen went out on the bowsprit and performed a similar ceremony there. This done, they gathered on deck and shot off a great firecracker. Thanks to these elaborate precautions the ship weathered the storm.—New York Journal.

ENDURANCE OF A FOXHOUND

Kentucky Dog's Remarkable Chase For Nearly Forty-eight Hours.

The most remarkable fox chase on record, so far as the test of a hound's endurance is concerned, took place in eastern Kentucky recently. Ben Matthews, a negro residing in Breckinridge county, is the possessor of a famous hunter named Queen, which animal started the chase with four other dogs, wore out several packs before the chase was anything like ended, and did not stop for food, drink or sleep for nearly 48 hours. Queen ran incessantly all day and all night for two days and nights, and before the chase came to an end the whole countryside was attracted to it.

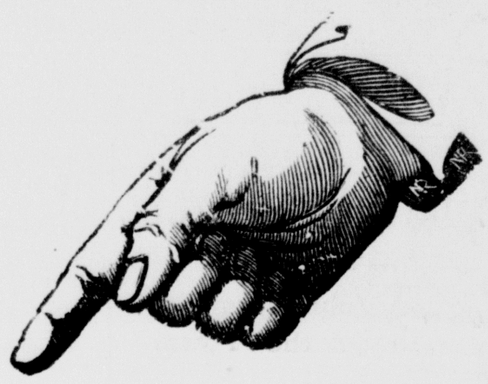
The dog, after running Reynard to cover, lay down upon the ground, limp and almost dead. When found, she was so stiff and sore that she was taken home in the arms of her owner. Queen in eastern Kentucky has the reputation of being the best fox hunter on earth. This remarkable chase was started by Queen, and for the first 24 hours no person took any interest in it.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Hand Pumps Needed In Mexico.

Writing from Ciudad Juarez, United States Consul Kindrick says that there is no article of common use so much needed in northern Mexico as hand pumps. The soil is arid, and the rainfall is too light to afford a good supply to cisterns. Wells are a necessity, therefore, and so are hand pumps and windmills. A windmill or a hand pump is as essential to a home in that region as a cooking stove. The best way to introduce an article of this kind, says Mr. Kindrick, is to have a competent commercial traveler visit northern Mexico. But he must understand the language of the country.

The Arabic Alphabet.

The Arabic alphabet has 29 letters, each of which is written differently, according as it stands alone or, in combination with other letters, at the beginning, middle or end of a word. To learn the alphabet, therefore, means to memorize 4x29=116 different signs.



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EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

NAPOLEON ON RELIGION.

Noted Emperor's Ideas Revealed In a Curious Conversation.

EXTRACTS FROM NEW MEMOIRS.

Famous Soldier Would Have Believed In a Religion if It Was Extant From the World's Commencement. His Strange Belief as to the Production of Man.

Once more the world is startled by a voice from St. Helena. This time the fact is all the more startling because the voice breaks what seemed to be the inviolable silence of the tomb. Few people were aware that Gourgaud, the youngest companion of Napoleon's exile, had left behind him a record of the daily life in St. Helena. The publication of the first volume, by Ernest Flammarion, in Paris, is therefore an event in the literary history of Napoleon. The work is entitled "St. Helena An Unpublished Journal, 1815-1818," by General Baron Gourgaud.

Gaspard Gourgaud was born in 1783 in Versailles. Adopting a military career, he distinguished himself at Ulm, at the taking of Vienna, at Austerlitz, where he was wounded; at Ratisbon and at Wagram. In 1811 Napoleon made him an officer of ordnance. Though wounded at Smolensk, he was the first to enter the Kremlin, where he destroyed a mine which would have blown up the emperor and all his guards. For this exploit he was made a baron of the empire. On Jan. 29, 1814, at Brienne, he killed a Cossack who had aimed a sword at the emperor's breast. After this exploit his rise was rapid, and he was a brigadier general when Napoleon chose him as one of the companions of his exile at St. Helena.

Such was the author of the journal which is now published to the world Montholon, Las Cases, O'Meara, Hudson, Lowe and many others have recounted each from his own point of view the extraordinary drama which was played to the end on those rocky and almost desolate shores. But Gourgaud, on account of his youth, his ingenuousness and his services in the past, was the nearest of all to Napoleon. He shared with Las Cases the duties of private secretary, and the mighty exile took opportunity during the intervals of labor to speak frankly and freely of the glories and blunders of his own career. These conversations, carefully preserved, form the chief historical value of Gourgaud's memoirs. An interesting extract from the journal about one of these conversations with Gourgaud is as follows:

An extremely curious conversation revealed Napoleon's religious ideas. "Monge, Berthollet and Laplace," he said, "are true atheists. I believe that man was produced by the atmosphere of the earth, warmed by the sun and combined with the electric fluids. What are animals—a cow, for example—if not organic matter? Well, when one reflects that we have a constitution very similar, are we not authorized to think that man is only matter better organized and in an almost perfect state? Perhaps some day beings will be born whose matter will be even more perfect.

"Where is the soul of a child, of a lunatic? The soul follows the physique. It grows in the child; it withers in the old man. If it is immortal, it must have existed before us. Is it deprived of memory? On the other hand, how explain thought? See, at this moment while I am speaking to you I carry myself back to the Tuileries. I see it. I see Paris. It was in this way that I formerly explained presentiments.

"I imagine the hand reproaching the eye for lying when the latter affirmed that it saw for miles. The hand objected, 'I can see only a distance of two feet. How can you see a distance of a league?' In the same way presentiments are the eyes of the soul. Nevertheless the idea of a God is the simplest of all. Who made all this? There is a veil which we cannct raise. It is beyond the perfection of our soul and of our understanding. It is the superior order. The most simple idea is to worship the sun, which fecundates everything. I repeat, I think that man is a product of the atmosphere warmed by the sun and that at the end of a certain time this faculty of production ceased. Do the soldiers believe in God? They see the dead fall so quickly around them.

"I have often had discussions with the bishop of Nantes. Where do animals go after their death? He told me that they also have individual souls and go to certain limbo. He agreed with all I thought about the good of the clergy, but he believed in Jesus and always spoke as one of the faithful. Cardinal Casalle and the pope also believed in Jesus."

Gourgaud cited the cases of Newton and Pascal. The emperor responded: "Yes, but it is said they believed what they did not think. Doubtless," he continued, "religion might purify and soften manners. All the religions since Jupiter preach morality. I should believe in a religion if it was extant from the commencement of the world. But when I see Socrates, Plato, Moses, Mohammed, I no longer believe. All that was invented by men." The emperor agreed that the Catholic religion was better than the Anglican. "The mob does not understand what it sings at vespers. It sees only the spectacle. One must not seek to shed too much light on such things."

Montholon here suggested that it would be a good thing to have a preacher here—a chapel. "That would amuse us." Gourgaud interrupted him. "It is blasphemy to hope that that would amuse us." But Montholon still insisted that they should have brought along a preacher. "I had other things to think of," replied the emperor impatiently.—New York Herald.

CHINN DECLARED A NUISANCE.

Grand Jury at Lexington, Ky., Returned a Verdict Against the Bad Man.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 15.—As a result of the assault made by Colonel Jack Chinn upon Hon. C. J. Bronston in the Phoenix hotel last Wednesday the grand jury returned an indictment against Chinn for common nuisance "by using insulting, abusive, indecent and riotous language for the purpose of provoking an assault." The indictment was very unusual.

Chinn is known all over the country as a politician and race horse starter. He is a fine pistol shot and considered thoroughly fearless. He went to Nevada last winter to assist in the re-election of Senator Stewart. He led the Blackburn senatorial fights in 1896.

To Inspect National Guard.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—General orders were issued from the headquarters of the national guard of Pennsylvania announcing that the organizations comprising the national guard of Pennsylvania will be inspected in their armories at as early a date as possible.

Hoymann Steinthal Dead.

BERLIN, March 15.—Hoymann Steinthal, the German philologist, is dead.

The First National Bank
Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
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Our prices for 1899 will be of great interest to the consumer. During the past 16 years we have waged a steady war against high prices. Our aim has always been to sell only goods of first quality. And to this we credit our success. Every one of our branch stores have a steady increasing trade, which we propose to further increase in 1899.

Price List.

Standard pkg. coffee, per lb	10c
Cal. prunes, med. size, 5 lb	25c
Cal. prunes, large size, 3 lb	25c
Cherry prunes, per lb	10c
Cal. raisins, 4½ lbs	25c
Cal. seeded raisins, 3 lbs	25c
Cleaned currants, 3 lbs	25c
Fancy pitted plums, per lb	10c
Fancy evap. pears, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. apples, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. peaches, per lb	12c
Fancy evap. raspberries, per lb	15c
Fancy evap. cherries, per lb	15c
Fresh butter crackers, per lb	05c
Fresh square oyster crackers, per lb.	05c
Fresh ginger snaps, per lb	05c
Fresh lunch cakes, per lb	07c
Fresh wine cakes, per lb	07c
Standard Sugar Corn, per can	06c
Standard Tomatoes, 3-lb. cans, can	07c
Standard Tomatoes, 2-lb. cans, can	06c
Fancy Cream Corn, per can	08c
Caroline Rice	5c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

We lead; let those who can follow.

THE EAST END.

SHE LEFT HER HOME

Children Being Cared For by Neighbors.

SOUGHT AN OFFICER FOR ADVICE

But He Could Do Nothing and Told Her to Visit Mayor Bough—Well Attended Meeting at the New Church—Delicate Operation.

"I will not live with you another moment."

These words were spoken by a woman living in East End to her husband yesterday afternoon. Within half an hour she had left her home and her two small children.

This is the story of a family quarrel which has been brewing for several weeks. During the afternoon trouble was started by the wife and mother asking her husband to try and obtain work of some kind. He resented her remark and told her he was capable of looking after his own affairs and needed no assistance. A heated argument followed, and the man received several blows on the head with a broom handle. He went out, and appealed to a policeman but was referred to the mayor. The woman followed, and asked the same officer if he would help her get her trunks. She was told that was a matter to be settled with her husband and he could not interfere. The woman went home, packed her trunk and went away, and at last accounts was staying in Wellsville.

There are two small children now at the home, and as they are not old enough to go to school they spend their time in the streets. Neighbors are taking care of them until other means can be provided.

Well Attended Meetings.

There was a large attendance at the meeting held in the Second U. P. church last evening. Rev. J. K. McClurkin, of Pittsburg, spoke on "Our Heritage In the Land of the Pharoahs." Tonight Rev. John T. Aiken, of Gayly, will speak upon "Prayermeeting Improvements." All the meetings since the church was opened have been well attended by people from the city.

Removed Part of a Rib.

Another operation was performed on Motorman Frederick Dotts yesterday afternoon, and as a result his condition is much improved. The operation consisted of opening the left side and removing almost two inches from one of the ribs and inserting a drainage tube. The operation was a difficult one, and it is thought it has been the means of saving his life.

Buried Today.

Funeral services over the remains of Carl McKinnon, who died at the home of his parents in Mulberry street, were held this afternoon at 1 o'clock in the Second Presbyterian church. The interment was made in Long's Run cemetery.

Resided Here Five Years.

Grant McDade, teacher at the Neville institute, and a candidate for assessor in the First ward, has been a resident of East End almost five years. He is one of the most prominent young men of this part of the city.

Motormen's Meeting.

The motormen of the street car line will meet in their hall in Mulberry avenue one week from next Saturday. It is said some very important business will be transacted.

Leased a Sand Bank.

Yesterday morning a partnership was formed between George Pearson and Aaron McDonald. The firm has leased a sand bank in Dixsonville, and will commence operations within a few days.

Remembered Soldiers.

Yesterday afternoon several residents of this part of the city sent a large supply of reading matter to the soldiers' home at Dayton. The package consisted of books, papers and magazines.

Has the Fever.

Daniel Dowling is ill at the home of his mother-in-law in Helana with typhoid fever. His condition, while serious, is not thought to be critical.

Entertained.

The young members of the Mechanics entertained their lady friends in a very pleasing manner last evening.

Personal.

Mrs. Demicheal, of Calcutta, spent yesterday visiting friends in Pennsylvania avenue, Helena.

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB ROOMS.

STOCK.
The best procurable, and a large and complete line of everything.

TYPE.
No antiquated faces. All up-to-date productions.

INK.
Best manufactured. All colors and tints.

MACHINERY.
Nothing second-hand. Finest in Eastern Ohio.

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All artists in their respective departments.

PROMPTNESS.
Never too busy to give your work attention. Prompt delivery.

PRICES.
Low as the lowest, and product FIRST CLASS.

ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

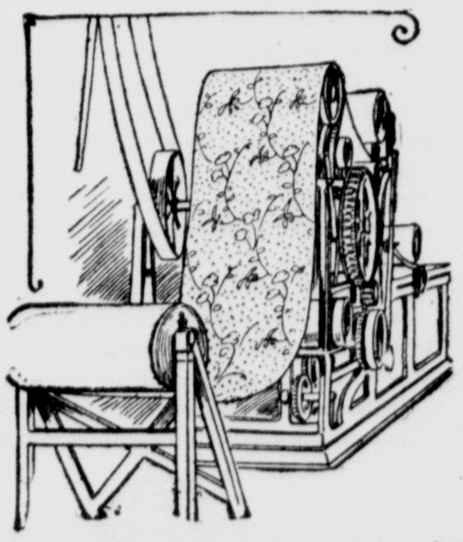
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If it ain't we'll return your money.

THE S. G. HARD CO.
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Our wall paper stock is so complete you are sure to find what you want at just your price. Paper from 4c up.

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See our line. We know we have the best and cheapest.

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At 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Our New Goods.
Up-to-date, down in prices. Anything you want. See us. We will try and please you.

W. A. HILL,
5 and 10.

ALL the News in the News Review.

The Pittsburgh, Lisbon and Western Railway Co.

Time table effective January 16, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee.
No. 6	2 20 p. m.	3 30 p. m.
No. 34	6 50 a. m.	7 55 a. m.
No. 36	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.

	Lv. N. Galilee.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.
No. 33	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.
No. 35	6 45 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

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General Passenger Agent.

S. J. MARTIN, RESTAURANT,
175 BROADWAY.
CHOICE MEALS. **Only 25c.**

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Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.
THE NEWS REVIEW

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

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HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.

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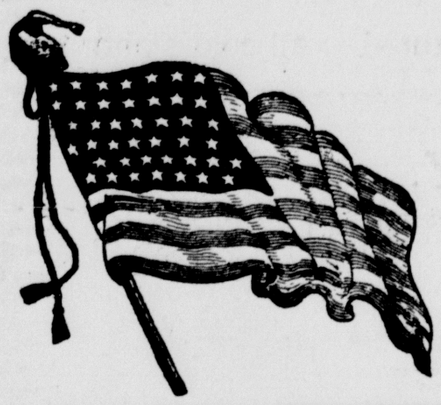
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO

UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



THE rumor that Colonel Dick is a candidate for governor will not down, but whether it is true no one but the colonel knows, and he says he is too busy to talk.

AS THE beef inquiry proceeds the skies do not brighten for General Eagan. Instead the testimony seems to show that he was not removed from active duty too soon.

THERE are few people who will fail to understand the vote of Mr. Challis on the gas ordinance in council last night. One vote would not endanger the success of the dollar clause, and these things sometimes make candidates solid with a wavering constituency.

IF Admiral Dewey was in the best of health and could hear some of the reports printed every day concerning his physical condition, it is probable he would break down under the strain, and soon be gathered to his fathers. There is one thing, however, which should be considered while this controversy is in progress. The government knows something of the admiral's health, and it is not so cruel nor yet so blind to its own interests to murder one of its most honored and most useful servants.

THE Republican candidate for mayor of Toledo has issued a card in which he announces that he will compel the saloons to obey the law and drive gamblers and prostitutes from the city, if elected. He says he is ready to stand or fall by the answer the people will give to the question: "Shall gamblers, saloons and brothels rule our city government, or shall the people rule their own." The platform has the right ring, and if Candidate Russell is elected it will be a very good thing for wicked Toledo.

VOTE AT THE PRIMARIES.

During the few days that remain before the Republican primaries are held every member of the party should give the matter some attention.

In order that the party may go before the people with a clean ticket it is necessary that only men who can be depended on to do their duty are placed in nomination. There have been times when the ticket was not acceptable to many Republicans, and knowing that to support it meant reckless mismanagement in municipal affairs they refused to fall in line, and either remained at home on election day or voted for the candidate of some other party. There should be no necessity for that this year. There are Republicans before the people who will do their duty as officials. They have interests which will prompt them to manage carefully the business of the city. They are men who will not look upon a seat in council as the means to any questionable end, but as giving them the power to represent their constituents honestly and conscientiously.

If the Republicans of the city go to the polls on primary day these men will be nominated, but if the vote is small they will doubtless be defeated. If every man who thinks and talks of municipal mismanagement will leave his work for a few minutes, and going to the polls vote as he should, the right men will be named. Otherwise, it is but right to believe, the wrong men will be nominated, and the old order will continue.

THE NEWS REVIEW for news.

MRS. TUCKER OBJECTED

But Superintendent Southworth Was Firm,

TAKING A CHILD TO THE HOME

He Had Found That a Little One Taken From Fairmount Was Being Kept In a Family Whose Head Was In the Saloon Business—Three Sensational Scenes.

M. M. Southworth, superintendent of Fairmount Children's home, came here yesterday for the purpose of taking possession of a child living in the family of J. C. Tucker in West Market street. When he returned to Alliance in the afternoon he had the child, but between the time of his arrival and departure there had been at least three sensational scenes.

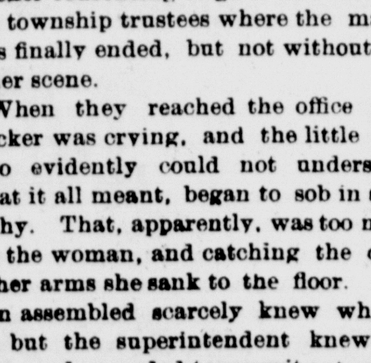
The Tucker family have a saloon in West Market street, but Mr. Southworth did not go there upon reaching the city. Instead he called at the office of the township trustees and imparted to them the nature of his errand, explaining that the necessary papers were in his pocket. He was advised to call an officer, and a telephone message was sent to city hall for Chief Johnson. He happened to be out, but Officer McMillan responded and accompanied Mr. Southworth to the Tucker house.

Then he presented his side of the matter, explaining that the rules governing the institution would not permit him to leave the child in their possession. Mrs. Tucker objected. She declared the child was being well treated, and was never allowed to enter the wine room or the saloon, but Mr. Southworth would not stir from his position. He politely demanded the child, and said she must accompany him to Alliance on the afternoon train. At length Mrs. Tucker said the little one was at school, but that did not change the superintendent. Accompanied by the officer he started for the Sixth street building.

Now Mrs. Tucker anticipated a move of this kind, and she and her husband hastened to the school by another route. They secured the child and were walking along Sixth street near Franklin avenue when Mr. Southworth and Officer McMillan met them. Again did Mr. Southworth explain his errand, and again was there something of a scene, the superintendent calm but firm, and the woman talking much and excited. Officer McMillan interrupted her with the significant remark that the matter could be settled much better at city hall, but a compromise was arranged, Mrs. Tucker consenting to go to the office of the township trustees where the matter was finally ended, but not without another scene.

When they reached the office Mrs. Tucker was crying, and the little one, who evidently could not understand what it all meant, began to sob in sympathy. That, apparently, was too much for the woman, and catching the child in her arms she sank to the floor. The men assembled scarcely knew what to do, but the superintendent knew his duty, and proceded to carry it out quickly. Although Mrs. Tucker held the child as if she had been a priceless treasure, and all the love and affection she possessed was centered upon her, the two were separated. Mrs. Tucker's tears did not cease to flow, and her protestations were many and vigorous. But they fell on unsympathetic ears. Mr. Southworth was as gentle as the circumstances would permit, and urged Mrs. Tucker to submit quietly to what must take place. At length Mr. and Mrs. Tucker left the office, and the superintendent having accomplished his unpleasant and difficult task, went with the child to the station.

Mr. and Mrs. Tucker are not unknown in the city, nor to Superintendent Southworth. Some time ago they applied for permission to take a child from the home, but the little girl did not remain here long. She ran away, and after a long search was found near Massillon. Later they secured the child, who was yesterday taken back to the home.



HE HAS
SORE THROAT
And is Gargling With
TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

POLICE COURT.

One Man Was Given a Salty Dose This Morning.

Only two cases were disposed of by Mayor Bough this morning, and one of them received an unusually salty dose.

Last evening Officer Woods arrested a man who gave the name of William Farrell in Walsh's restaurant in Sixth street, and took him to jail in the patrol. This morning charges were preferred against him by Mr. Walsh, and this afternoon he was given a hearing and fined.

John Smith, who was put in jail Monday night by Officer McDonald was given a hearing this morning. Had he not been arrested at that time there would no doubt have been a serious charge preferred against him. As it was a charge of lude conduct was filed. He was fined $15 and costs amounting to $19.60. Arrangements were made to pay the amount and he was released.

Last evening Jack Green called at city hall for the purpose of finding an officer, but none was in sight. What he wanted is not known.

No clue has been obtained by the authorities which promises to lead to the arrest of the persons who robbed Jack Green Friday and Jack McDevitt Sunday morning. Several clues have been followed, but they have not counted for much.

REPAIRING TRACKS.

Big Force Under Supervisor Hayes at Work In the City.

This morning a force of 25 men under Supervisor Hayes, of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, commenced the work of repairing the main line between Thompson's pottery and Broadway.

Yesterday afternoon new rails were distributed about the tracks, and it will be several days before the work is completed. The portion of the road being repaired is the worst about the city.

The work of constructing a 24-inch sewer from the water tank to the river by the railroad company was completed yesterday afternoon. It is quite an improvement, and as a result the roadbed will be kept in a better condition.

THIRTY CONFIRMED.

Bishop Brooke Had Charge of the Services at St. Stephen's.

Confirmation services at St. Stephen's Episcopal church, last night, were largely attended. The services were in charge of Bishop Brooke, of Oklahoma, and 30 persons were confirmed. This evening a class will be confirmed at the Episcopal church in Wellsville.

Since Reverend Weary was installed pastor of the church in this city the membership of the church has increased rapidly. So far 80 additions have been made.

INVOICING.

The Bridgewater Company Is Measuring Its Pipe.

The Bridgewater Gas company has commenced the work of invoicing its property in this city and Wellsville.

Yesterday afternoon several men commenced to measure the line from East End on the river beach to Wellsville. When this work is completed other lines in the city will be measured. The work will not be completed for several weeks.

CAME TO TOWN.

Inmates of a Disorderly House Crossed the River.

The disorderly house on the Virginia side has been closed and the inmates have came to this city.

Since the Cumberland authorities were notified the owner of the property took the matter in hand, and ejected them himself. It is said the house will be torn down and another erected in its place.

SERIOUSLY HURT.

Samuel H. Hayes Suffered an Accident Last Night.

Samuel H. Hayes, living in Spring street, was seriously injured last evening while at work in the plant of the Chamberlain Bros., near Ravine street. He was removed to his home by the patrol, and later his injuries were dressed by a physician. He was injured about the head.

For Easter leave your measure with Joseph Bros. for a tailor made suit, $12 to $20. We show you exceptional good values. *

Gas fitting and plumbing work promptly attended to at

* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.

BENDHEIM'S.

'Tis the Day of Reckoning.

Winter shoes have had their day--with us--you may have months of wear out of them yet, because the most of them are not too heavy to be worn the year round; but we cannot permit them to remain any longer on our shelves. It costs money to carry them over, and we'd rather pay you the profit and have the room they take up.

$5 Men's Shoes, now..... $3.50
Enamel, Vici Kid and Box Calf.

$4 Men's and Women's Shoes, now..... $2.90
Vici Kid, Enamel, Willow Calf, etc.

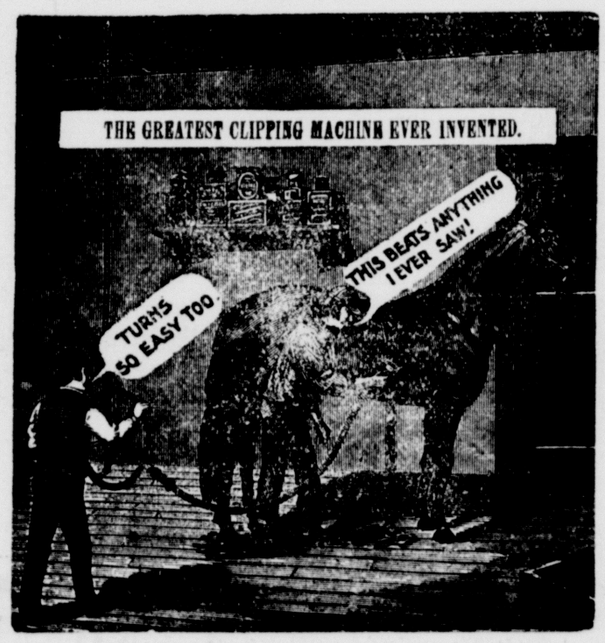
$3 Men's Enamel Shoes, now..... $1.98

$3 Women's Shoes, now..... $2.39
Turn and Welt Soles.

$4 and $3 Women's Button Shoes, Reduced to..... $1.39

BOYS' SHOES, solid leather, sizes from 12 to 5½, now..... 89c

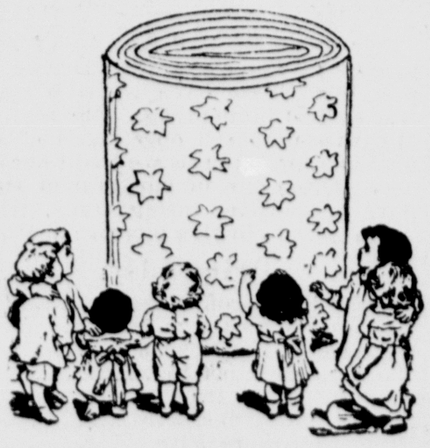
500 PAIRS CHILDREN'S SHOES
At and Below Cost. Come and See them at . . . . . .
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The new 1898 Chicago **Clipping Machine** The Best And Cheapest Ever Invented, In stock at

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

Fifth Street, - - East Liverpool, O.



WHEN A
ROLL OF CARPET
Is so nearly used up that there is not enough left for an ordinary sized room it is put into our Bargain Corner and sold at a price. If you have a small room to carpet it will pay you to

LOOK INTO OUR
BARGAIN CORNER.

THE S. G. HARD CO.
THE BIG STORE
CASH OR CREDIT

C. S. SPEAKER RETAINED

To Aid Prosecutor Brookes In the Brunt Case.

APPOINTED BY JUDGE SMITH

The Brown Company Defeated In Its Suit Against the News Review Company. Wills of Late Residents of Liverpool In Probate Court.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special]—It is announced today that Judge Smith has appointed C. S. Speaker to assist Prosecutor Brookes in the trial of George S. Brunt which is listed for March 29. The case will likely be heard by Judge Kennedy of Youngstown.

Mr. Speaker, while prosecuting attorney of the county, was actively engaged in a number of murder cases, among them being the trials of Marlatt, McGregor, Robinson and Malone, all of whom are now serving time in the penitentiary.

News Review Won.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special.]—I. R. Icenhouse, of Orange County, Florida, claims to have an undivided one-eighth interest in four lots in Columbiana, by the will of John E. Icenhouse, and has filed a petition asking for partition. He makes John E. Allen and others defendants.

Sheridan Mullens secured judgment against J. C. Fultman by default for $20.37. Plaintiff had secured judgment for $22.37 before Justice Rose in Liverpool, the amount being claimed for labor.

In the case of the Brown Folding company against the NEWS REVIEW company, the jury brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Probate Court.

LISBON, March 15.—[Special]—The will of James Wildblood, of Liverpool, has been offered for probate and the will of Robert Hamill, of the same place, has been admitted to probate.

An authenticated copy of the will of D. F. Lentz, late of Carroll county, has been offered for record here because there is land in this county divised by the will.

B. Y. Brown has been appointed executor of David Brown, late of Wayne. Bond $1,000.

On application of H. C. Jones, assignee of H. Cohen, the time for the return of the inventory of the assignment has been extended 60 days.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

Filipinos Routed and Several Hundred Killed and Captured Today.

MANILA, March 15.—[Special]—The command of General Wheaton today attacked and defeated a force of 2,000 Filipinos at Pasig. The fighting for a time was furious, but the enemy was routed, leaving several hundred dead and many prisoners.

The American loss was slight.

In Society.

Mrs. T. B. Anderson entertained a number of lady friends at her home in East End yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Will Reed will entertain at her home in Seventh street tomorrow afternoon and Friday afternoon.

Miss Sara Hodgson pleasantly entertained a number of friends last evening, at her home on Norton street. Music was the amusement of the evening.

Mrs. R. W. Patterson and Miss Millicent Hill are entertaining this afternoon at the home of their father, Col. H. R. Hill.

On the River.

The river is still falling slowly, and coal shipments have ceased. Boats that went out on the recent rise are returning with empties. Last night the stage of water was 10 feet.

The Virginia was up last night and is due down tonight. The Kanawha went down last night, and the Avalon is up this evening.

NOTICE.

The Republican central committee will meet this evening at city hall at 7:30. All candidates for nomination at the primaries March 18, must file their names and pay their assessment to the committee tonight. All candidates and others interested in the success of the Republican party are invited to be present.

GEORGE H. OWEN,
Chairman.

Men's fine worsted trousers; Special leader, $3, at

* JOSEPH BROS'.

The NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THAT ROMANCE.

Another Chapter Is Enacted In the City Prison at Akron.

A press dispatch from Akron says:

"Ellen Beatty, a pretty East Liverpool girl, came here today and caused the arrest of James Farrish, a fine ware worker, aged 24. After he was locked up two Akron young women called on him at the jail, and the Liverpool girl fainted when Farrish kissed them. Justice Hoffman telegraphed for a marriage license, and Farrish and the Beatty girl will be married."

Last Wednesday arrangements were made for Eliza Beatty and James Farrish to be married by Squire Rose in the evening, and the squire telephoned and had the license issued, but the marriage did not take place because Farrish disappeared in the afternoon. Squire Rose had the license revoked, and on Thursday complaint was made before him against Farrish. An effort was made to locate him and it was found he was in Akron. Miss Beatty went there yesterday, and Squire Rose sent word to the authorities to arrest Farrish.

Squire Rose received a telegram last evening asking him to send the license to Akron, but he could not, as he had not received it. This afternoon Constable Miller left for Akron and will bring Farrish back with him. It is probable the marriage will then take place.

NEW EXPLOSIVE TESTED.

"Kallenite," an Australian Invention, Is Easily Manufactured.

A demonstration of a new explosive, which has been named "kallenite" and is an Australian invention, was made recently at a causeway just outside the city limits of Sydney, where extensive blasting operations have been in progress for some time. About 100 gentlemen were present to witness the tests, among them the minister of mines, Colonel Bell, the United States consul, and many of the representatives of the largest mining companies both of New South Wales and Victoria. The experiments proved to be entirely satisfactory. Fifty pounds weight of kallenite was placed in four holes and exploded by means of a detonator, with the result that 200 cubic yards of sandstone rock was dislodged.

Kallenite is made by combining intrated eucalyptus leaves with nitroglycerin and nitrate of potash, which produces a compound with powerful explosive properties and a further advantage of being practically smokeless and fumeless. It is estimated that this new explosive at 40 per cent strength is stronger than 60 per cent dynamite or gelignite. The inventors have disposed of their patent to a syndicate, and it is proposed to construct a factory near Sydney for its manufacture.

It has also been suggested that the different governments of the colonies be induced to encourage the production of kallenite, as in case of war consumers might not be able to procure explosives from other countries, and the great mining industries would consequently suffer. From a military standpoint the production of this explosive would be beneficial, for it is not expensive and is easily manufactured.—New York Sun.

NOTICE.

Members of East Liverpool lodge No. 258, B. P. O. E., will meet at our lodge room promptly at 1 p. m. Thursday, March 16th, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, C. M. Dix.

J. S. HILBERT,
Secretary.

By order E. R.,
GEO. J. PHILLIPS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—George Y. Travis was in Lisbon today attending to legal business.

—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Knowles left this morning for Clifton Springs, N. Y. They will remain there several weeks.

—Reverend McClurkin, who spoke in the Second U. P. church last night, returned to his home in Pittsburg this morning.

SEWER PIPE BIDS.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

Secretary Croxall said: "The pipe was not a factor in considering the bids. Samples were never required and they were only brought in at our request. We applied the hammer test for our own information. Inspector Harris selected the pipe of Lyth as the tougher, and that of Knowles, Taylor and Anderson as the smoother."

Mr. Stewart was in favor of going ahead with the contract, but the motion to instruct the sewer commissioners to readvertise for bids was carried by a vote of 5 to 3, Messrs. Ashbaugh, Cain and Stewart voting against it.

A lively tilt ensued, and Solicitor McGarry said: "Hereafter council will do business legally or they will have several injunction suits."

Mr. Marshall—"That is what we aim to do."

Solicitor McGarry—"You pay no attention to the law when you get it."

Mr. Peach—"The aim of council is to do business legally, and the solicitor is paid to keep them straight. We should do business legally at all times. Look at the endless amount of trouble we had last year. Why——

Solicitor McGarry—Whose fault was it? It was the fault of council.

Mr. Peach—Show me one instance.

Solicitor McGarry—You paid that East End flood bill last year over my protest and against my advice.

Mr. Peach—Well we decided it was cheaper to pay that bill than stand a damage suit.

Solicitor McGarry—Council ought to win all the suits they could win.

Mr. Peach—"Yes we were advised once that we could win a damage suit and lost it, and have just got through paying $300 to Attorney Carey for assisting you."

Solicitor McGarry—"If you refer to the minutes I think you will find that Attorney Carey did not assist me."

Mr. Peach—"That was before you was solicitor but he did assist Solicitor Grosshans. I was mistaken."

Mr. Croxall asked for instructions for the sewer commissioners, and Doctor Marshall said that he thought they could answer that themselves and the only object in the matter was to correct their minutes.

Mr. Croxall said: "This action places us in an embarrassing position, and Mr. Lyth has placed a certified check with us. I feel confident Mr. Lyth will not rest easy under the action of council and have no doubt he will take legal proceedings to bring about the fulfillment of the contract. I feel that the reputation of the city and officials are at stake."

An ordinance to issue five per cent bonds to the amount of $30,000 was passed.

Mr. Asbaugh brought up Tanyard run sewer, and said that if council did not make a move soon the Pennsylvania company might withdraw their offer of $5,500. Engineer George said there was about 2,000 feet of sewer yet to be completed and it would cost several thousand dollars. He will furnish the estimate at the next meeting.

The sewer commissioners were instructed to put in a sewer in Franklin street and lower the sewer in Thompson avenue. In the meantime arrangements will be made to furnish the commission with money to carry on their work.

LYTH MAY SUE

For Work Had Already Been Commenced on the Contract.

The office of John Lyth & Sons was called by telephone this morning, and a representative of the firm stated to the NEWS REVIEW that they had commenced work on the contract, but he didn't know what action would be taken toward holding the city to the contract until he conferred with the Buffalo members of the firm, but probably legal steps would be taken. When asked if they would bid again he said: "What would be the use?" The gentleman did not desire to be quoted on that question.

COMMISSIONERS MEET.

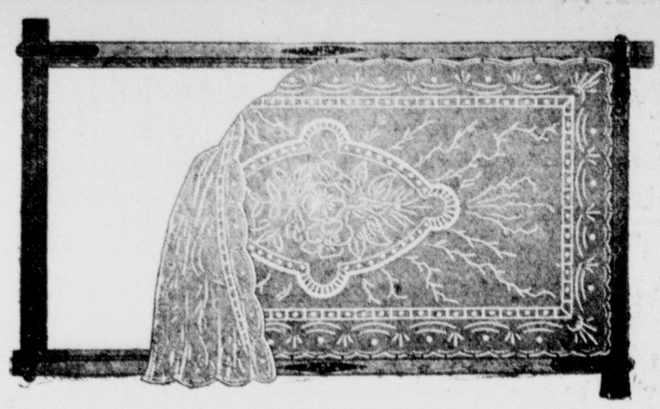
They Decided to Withdraw the Advertisement For Bids.

The sewer commissioners met this morning in the office of Secretary Croxall and discussed the matter. They decided to withdraw the advertisement for bids for constructing the sewer, but took no steps toward readvertising for bids on the pipe. The commissioners adjourned to meet at the call of the president.

New style soft hats at Joseph Bros.' 48c, 98c, $1.48 and $1.98. *

Any plumbing to do call on

* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.



Dry Your Lace Curtains
ON THE
Flat and Square Stretcher.

It costs more than the ordinary kind, but saves the difference by not tearing the Curtains.

Price $2.50.

THE S. G. HARD CO.
THE BIG STORE



WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

STRONG AGAIN! Sex-ine Pills TRADE MARK

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address,

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

WELLSVILLE.

THE DEMOCRAT TICKET

Was Named at a Meeting Last Night.

CANDIDATES FOR ALL OFFICES

West End Aroused Over a Row Concerning the Ownership of a Barber's Effects. Railroad Men In Town—All the News of Wellsville.

The Democrats held a meeting at city hall last night and named the following ticket for the spring election:

Council—Clarence B. Maylone, B. D. Beacom, Frank Martin, John McIlroy, J. M. Russell.

Assessors—J. M. Leclere, Thomas Allen, Edward Burnett, W. Shultz, Dallas Pittinger.

Water works trustee—William Maloney.

Board of education—George B. Aten and David Murtland.

A Row.

Yesterday afternoon a general row occurred in front of the barber shop formerly owned by Frank Fees, Main street, West End.

It seems that Leroy Barr had a claim against Fees and proceeded to take some of the fixtures of the shop to satisfy his bill. Mr. Whitney has been in charge of the place during the past month, as Fees was out of town. Whitney claims the fixtures were now owned by Robert Rolley. Squire Haney was called in to settle the difficulty. A wordy war ensued, and the whole neighborhood was aroused over the affair. Today the case will be up for settlement in Justice McKenzey's court.

News of Wellsville.

The morning passenger trains were delayed over an hour on account of a wreck on the Ft. Wayne at Baden.

Charles Lawson went to view the Scio oil fields this morning. He will remain there several days.

The Rechabites held a meeting last evening. Several candidates were received and some advanced into higher degrees.

Miss Pearl Swan arrived home from Island Creek where she has been visiting friends the past week.

Harry Leith is engaged with the engineers now at work on the survey for the railroad between Wellsville and Lisbon.

Mrs. S. P. Wells has returned home from Bellaire, where she has been visiting the family of Frank Carnes.

Mrs. W. R. Crowl is spending the day with her sister, Mrs. Sarah Miller, in Port Homer.

E. S. Kelley left this morning for McKeesport, Pa.

Miss Mary Davidson is a Pittsburg visitor today.

Miss Jennie Armstrong, of Braddock, is a guest of Misses Margaret and Mary Davidson, Broadway.

Mrs. Ellen Mills, an aged resident of the West End, is seriously ill at the home of her son, E. S. Mills.

Henry Ruby, formerly of Ft. Wayne, and H. H. Lodge, of Cumberland, are now residents of Wellsville. They have accepted positions in the railroad shops.

Miss Ella Riley, of Pittsburg, is visiting friends in town. Miss Riley was for many years a resident of Wellsville.

The funeral of Ruth Ella Iddings took place at the family residence near Hammondsville at 9 o'clock today, and the remains were brought to Wellsville for interment on the noon train.

Vice President Joseph Woods and General Superintendent of Transportation Taylor passed through town in a private car yesterday on their way over the road. They returned this morning from down the river and went to Cleveland. They were accompanied by Engineer Newhall.

Miss Mary E. Smith is visiting Rev. H. W. Lowry in Wooster.

Joseph Blue is a guest of his brother, James Blue.

50 tile hearths at a bargain at

* THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.

Leave your measure with Joseph Bros. for a tailor made suit for Easter. *

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Week, Commencing **Monday, March 13**

VAN DYKE & EATON CO.

TONIGHT,

FATE, OR WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN.

BETWEEN ACTS—Frank Baltznaut, clay modeling; Klark & Klark, musical acts; Mrs. Ollie Eaton, illustrated songs, fire butterfly and serpentine dances, Edison's Wargraph, etc., etc.

Prices, 10, 20, 30c.

Have Another Good Time.

Don't Forget the

Grand Masquerade and Prize Cake Walk,

—AT—

BRUNT'S HALL,

March 20.

Music: Nowling's Full Orchestra

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate In Washington — How a Dog Figured In the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 30 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gossner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president, Rutherford B. Hayes, owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8, Litigation Has Already Cost $8,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W W White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $10 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the waterworks and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 30 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 500 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Watts, R. A., is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Bond street in London gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which bends an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

W. G. WELLS,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

JAMES CHALLIS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

JOSIAH T. SMITH,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—THIRD WARD.

THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—FIRST WARD.

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR—SECOND WARD.

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION.

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D.D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Through coaches on Trains 339, 341, 349 Cleveland and Bellaire.

Westward.	335	337	339	341	349
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Pittsburgh ...lv	7 45	1 30	4 30	7 10	7 30
Rochester ... "	9 35	3 15	6 11	8 55	9 75
Beaver ... "	9 45	3 30	6 11	9 05	9 30
Vanport ... "	9 45	....	6 11	9 05	9 34
Industry ... "	9 55	....	6 21	9 10	9 44
Cooks Ferry ... "	9 58	....	6 24	9 13	9 48
Smiths Ferry ... "	10 03	3 48	6 29	9 20	9 55
East Liverpool... "	10 17	4 02	6 43	9 30	10 05
Wellsville ... ar	10 30	4 15	6 56	9 40	10 15
Wellsville ...lv	7 38	3 05	10 45		
Wellsville Shop... "	7 43	....	10 50		
Yellow Creek ... "	7 48	....	10 55		
Hammondsville ... "	7 56	....	11 03		
Irondale ... "	8 00	....	11 06		
Salineville ... "	8 16	....	11 20		
Bayard ... "	8 20	....	11 25		
Alliance ... ar	8 30	4 55	11 30		
Alliance ... lv	10 10	5 05	1 35		
Ravenna ... "	10 43	5 38	2 09		
Hudson ... "	11 02	5 57	2 30		
Cleveland ... ar	12 10	7 05	3 30		
Wellsville ...lv	7 45	11 05	5 55	6 55	11 07
East Liverpool... "	7 57	11 18	6 08	7 08	11 20
Smiths Ferry ... "	8 07	11 28	6 18		11 30
Cooks Ferry ... "	8 12	11 33	6 23	7 22	11 35
Industry ... "	8 15	11 40	6 26		11 38
Vanport ... "	8 24	11 49	6 35		11 47
Beaver ... "	8 40	12 05	6 50	7 38	12 03
Rochester ... "	8 50	12 15	7 00	7 48	12 13
Pittsburgh ... ar	9 50	1 15	8 00	8 50	1 15
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.

Eastward.	340	336	334	340	48
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Bellaire ...lv	4 45	9 30	4 45	1	
Bridgeport ... "	4 53	9 38	4	1	
Martins Ferry ... "	5 01	9 46		1	
Yorkville ... "	5 10				
Portland ... "	5 15	9 58		1	
Rush Run ... "	5 20	10 03		1	
Brilliant ... "	5 26	10 09		1	
Mingo Jc ... "	5 35	10 18		1	
Steubenville ...ar	5 44	10 30		1	
Steubenville ...lv	6 20	10 40			
Costonia ... "	6 27	10 47			
Toronto ... "	6 37	10 57			
Eldersville ... "	6 44	11 04			
Empire ... "	6 50	11 10			
Port Homer ... "	6 55	11 15			
Yellow Creek ... "	7 00	11 20			
Wellsville Shop... "	7 05	11 25			
Wellsville ...ar	7 15	11 35			
Wellsville ...lv	7 38	3 05			
Wellsville Shop... "	7 43	....			
Yellow Creek ... "	7 48	....			
Hammondsville ... "	7 56	....			
Irondale ... "	8 00	....			
Salineville ... "	8 16	....			
Bayard ... "	8 20	....			
Alliance ... ar	8 30	4 15			
Alliance ... lv	10 10	5 05			
Ravenna ... "	10 43	5 38			
Hudson ... "	11 02	5 57			
Cleveland ... ar	12 10	7 05			
Wellsville ...lv	6 45	11 05			
East Liverpool... "	6 57	11 18			
Smiths Ferry ... "	7 07	11 28			
Cooks Ferry ... "	7 12	11 33			
Industry ... "	7 15	11 40			
Vanport ... "	7 24	11 49			
Beaver ... "	7 40	12 05			
Rochester ... "	7 50	12 15			
Pittsburgh ... ar	8 50	1 15			
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.

Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced, 12 midnight to 12 noon.

Nos. 339 and 349 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with Through Express Train East.

Daily Except Saturday.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on **Nos.** 341 and 342, and **Parlor Cars** on **Nos. 337** and **338** between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. **No. 336** connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. **No. 340** for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and **337** connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. **Nos. 340** and **360** connect with **Nos. 335** and **337** at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

J-T-W-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, without board, single and en suite, with fine front sitting room; 167 Fifth street, city.

LOST.

LOST—Pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, between First M. E. church and Sunnyside. Finder please leave at this office.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIWE

UNION LABELS.

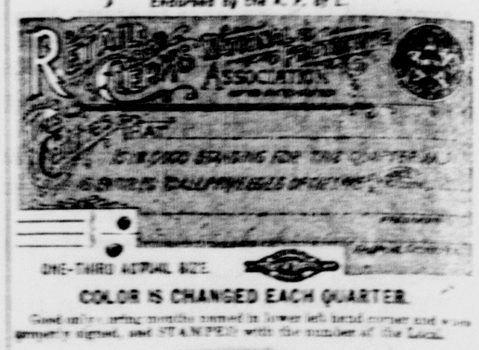
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.



The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



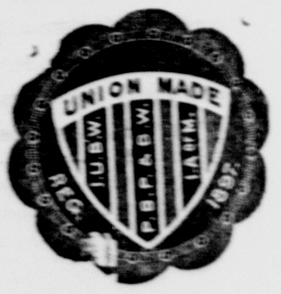
This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

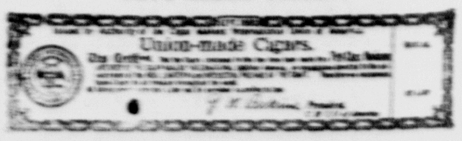
BICYCLE LABEL.



"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of gen. green, bordered by gold.

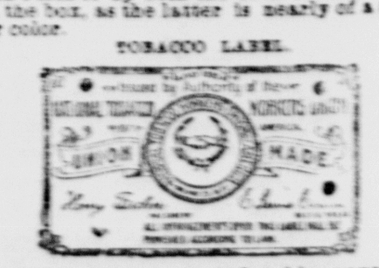
The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.

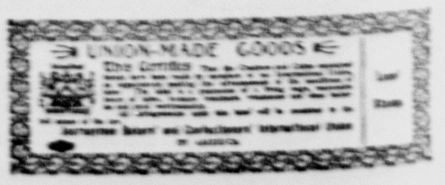


The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size fac-simile of the Label of the Bakery and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

A daring and ingenious plan for the demolishment of the high brick walls which stand in the center of the Baldwin hotel ruins at San Francisco—a menace to the lives of workmen and pedestrians—was invented and given a successful trial recently. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to resort to the use of dynamite to wreck these walls for removal, but a small whaler's two pound cannon, a liberal quantity of cable and the application of the simplest laws of mechanics in the use of the block and tackle have been found to be as efficacious and quick a remedy without the attendant dangers of the use of explosives.

A small harpoon gun was secured the other morning and mounted upon a platform built from the annex roof. It was loaded with a rig after the fashion of a life line, consisting of a slug attached to a stout cord. The piece was aimed at a window at the top of the rear wall of the old theater, which stood about 100 feet high. The slug was fired through the window, trailing the cord after it. A clothesline was then attached to the other end of the cord and pulled through the window. A cable was then drawn through after the line and passed around the outside of the wall and back to the roof of the annex, where it was secured to a chimney. A block and tackle arrangement of eight pulleys was made, and 12 men were put on the end of a rope for a tug of war with the wall.

When all was in readiness, the street cars on Market street were stopped, and all pedestrians were warned away to a safe distance. At the first strain on the cable the high wall trembled as if disturbed by an earthquake. Successive tugs caused it to wave through an area of two or three feet before it gave way with a roar and the tons of brick, mortar and timbers fell with a crash and a cloud of dust to the ruins below. A man with an ax had been stationed on the outer walls, and as the mass fell it was his dangerous part to cut the cable so as to save the blocks from being dragged into the falling mass. The remainder of the walls will not be pulled down until the debris has been cleared away.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

PECULIAR NEW CREED.

Strange Faith Prescribes the Sternest Self Denial and Asceticism.

Francis Nichols of Minnesota, claiming to be of divine inspiration, has organized societies in western Illinois and Iowa. Nichols preaches that the 1,400 people believing in his creed will be saved and all others lost.

Brethren in Christ is the name he has given his sect. The means of the communicants are placed in a common fund, of which Nichols has charge. All funerals of members of the sect must be under his direction, and his traveling expenses are of course borne by the mourners. Those who desire to keep "in the kingdom" must abjure all display of dress, and all ornaments are forbidden. The members must not have any friends who are not in the kingdom, and this rule is said to be one of the most severe of all upon the women.

No tie of relationship is recognized, and persons in one's own family must be shunned if they are outside of the kingdom. The estate of matrimony is not favored, as it tends to operate as a hindrance to that oneness of heart and mind that is essential to saving faith. A system of espionage is said to prevail among the members, and all offenses are daily reported to the congregation, which reports are uniformly followed by reprimands. For children and adults alike the faith prescribes the sternest and most uncompromising self denial and asceticism.—Special to St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"If I was to commit suicide at sea," said Weary Walker as he shifted the hay band on his left foot, "I'd jump from th' bow of th' boat."

"An why not from th' stern?" queried Limpy Lannigan.

"If I jumped from th' stern," said Weary, "I couldn't avoid th' wash!"

HE BEAT THE CROOKS.

Senator Wolcott's Nerve as a Poker Player Illustrated.

"I suppose Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, against whom proceedings for a divorce have been begun by his wife, is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

"Wolcott once found himself in a game of poker where three of the other players were playing a sure game. They



SENATOR EDWARD O. WOLCOTT.

were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way to get out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds, made up of the five, seven, eight, nine and jack. He skinned these cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a show down, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards.

"To his surprise he wasn't raised before the draw. He looked over his bright red diamonds again and concluded to draw a card in order if possible to straighten the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the five spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the six spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence, and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the five, six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."—Washington Star.

New Style Savings Bank.

Zion City bank in Chicago, an adjunct of the Utopian City project led by John Alexander Dowie of Chicago, began business the other day. For a time there was a long line of depositors opening savings or checking accounts, 150 being entered on the books. Over the arch inside the bank is the inscription "Jesus Said, 'Trade Ye Herewith Till I Come.' Luke xix, 13." The bank is capitalized for $25,000.—New York World.

Chicago to Kipling.

You 'ave made a stubborn fight,
Ruddy Kip,
And you're comin through all right,
Ruddy Kip.
'Tweren't potion, pump nor pill
It were all your iron will
Wot 'as left you to us still,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave touched the roughest 'earts,
Ruddy Kip,
Though you're made of fancy parts,
Ruddy Kip.
You 'ave roamed the bloomin earth,
You've extracted all its worth—
You've give song a newer birth,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave sung the low and 'igh,
Ruddy Kip—
Earth and water, wind and sky,
Ruddy Kip.
Where no other thought to look
You 'ave gone to work and took
What you wanted for your book,
Ruddy Kip!

There are prayers from Mandalay,
Ruddy Kip,
Goin up for you today,
Ruddy Kip.
Where the idols' bases rest,
Where the sun drops in the west,
Men are 'opin for the best,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave made a winnin fight,
Ruddy Kip—
Fought the same way that you write,
Ruddy Kip.
Death's a-runnin from your door,
We shall 'ear from you some more,
And 'ere's to you—'ip, 'ooroar,
Ruddy Kip.

—Chicago News

The Song of the Cradle.



Bye, bye! Hope rises high
There's a sweet little cradle hung up in the sky;
A dear little life that is coming to bless;
Two soft chubby hands that will pat and caress;
A pure little soul winging down from above;
A darling to care for, a baby to love.



In the days when Eve sinned it was written that motherhood should hereafter be accompanied with pain and sorrow; but this curse upon our foreparents has been lightened more and more as mankind have learned to rise superior to many of their sins and mistakes.

One of the grandest agencies which enlightened Science has discovered to relieve motherhood from excessive suffering is the "Favorite Prescription" devised by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. This wonderful "Prescription" imbues the entire nervous system with natural, healthy vitality; gives elastic vigor to the delicate organism specially concerned in motherhood; renders the prospective mother strong and cheerful and makes the coming of baby entirely free from danger and almost free from pain. The delighted gratitude of Mrs. Pearl Walton, of Alvo, Cass Co., Neb., will find an echo in the heart of every expectant mother:

"Previous to the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Walton, "I had no appetite, was sick at my stomach, had headache, could not rest at night, was completely worn out in every way. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and began to improve right away. I used two bottles of this great medicine and felt like a new person. At the time of confinement I was in labor but a little while and I owe it all to that great remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

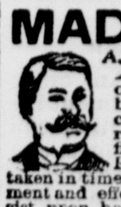
This Is an Old Question and Has to Be Answered Candidly by East Liverpool People.

What do the people of East Liverpool think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion? What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is East Liverpool proof for East Liverpool people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz., Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for East Liverpool people. The most exacting cannot wish for anything more. Read this:

Mrs. A. Searight, No. 162 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney complaint, which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system, and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there was a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back which felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by J. John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.

DR. PEAL'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS,

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere. $1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

Members

Are requested to bring in their

PASS BOOKS

For Annual Settlement on or before March 1st.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,

Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the news in the News Review.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an

Election Sticker

to a

3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Dramatic Incident of the Final Hours of Congress.

WARNER'S PATRIOTIC TABLEAU.

Guides of the Capitol Form a Syndicate In Washington — How a Dog Figured In the Selection of an Ohio Postmaster — About Congressmen's Hats.

Representative Pash Warner of Clinton was the center of a dramatic incident shortly after noon in the house the other day, when the members were celebrating the completion of their work, says the Chicago Tribune. Suspended from the press gallery was a silken flag about eight feet long, and Burt Kennedy, the assistant doorkeeper, had removed it. With Old Glory under his arm Kennedy walked upon the floor of the house as the members were singing "Dixie." Commissioner of Pensions Evans caught sight of the flag and, taking it from the assistant doorkeeper, wrapped it around the form of Colonel Warner, who was sitting on his desk.

Colonel Warner is a man of magnificent physique, with an abnormally large head covered with fine curly gray hair. The Illinoisan presented a fine picture, and the audience, catching sight of him with the flag draped gracefully about his shoulders, indulged in a roar of applause which outrivaled that evoked by the favorite song of the southern people. The members themselves were already on their feet, but when the commissioner wrapped the flag around Colonel Warner every one in the gallery rose, the women began waving their handkerchiefs and gave a shout of approval which seemed to embarrass the member from Clinton.

Before the applause had died away the air was turned to "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean." General Hull of Iowa, entering into the spirit of the occasion, rushed toward Mr. Warner, pulled the flag from around him, stood upon his desk and waved it to the accompaniment of the enthusiastic cheers of those present. The enthusiasm seemed to break all bounds, and as the members who had been singing had exhausted themselves another member stepped on his desk and called for three cheers for the Fifty-fifth congress, which were given with a will.

Not to be behindhand under the existing condition of affairs, the capitol guides—the dozen men who initiate the brides and grooms of the outer world into the mysteries of the great building—lately merged themselves into a syndicate, says the New York Herald. They elected Howard Kennedy, who has been a pilot through the intricate reefs and shoals of the nation's political harbor for 20 years or more, as chief. These guides form an interesting class in themselves, the men being well known to all the senators and representatives who have served any time and to the newspaper correspondents. The majority of them are men who have passed middle age and are of eminent respectability.

Some if not many of the jobs in Washington are sinecures, with good pay at that. The office of guide differs entirely in this respect from any other. They are positions the appointments to which are not sinecures and have no salary attached. Whatever is made is in the way of tips from the visitors who are shown the sights. Heretofore the guides have been allowed 50 cents an hour for a party not exceeding three persons.

Since the guides' association has been formed the sum of 25 cents is usually asked from each member of the party unless a fixed charge is arranged in advance.

There is an interesting story behind the recent appointment of Dr. Gossner as postmaster at Findlay, O., says the Chicago Record. A good many years ago the family of the late president, Rutherford B. Hayes, owned a dog, which ran into the street one day and barked at a passing carriage. The horse was frightened, bolted and knocked down a woman, who brought a suit for damages against the ex-president. A man by the name of Love was her lawyer. He got judgment, which President Hayes refused to pay. Love waited for an opportunity to collect the judgment, which came when Miss Fannie Hayes was married to Lieutenant Wilson of the navy. He created a sensation by descending upon the Hayes mansion during the ceremony with a constable and seizing the wedding presents. There was intense indignation among the friends of the Hayes family and the respectable people of the neighborhood.

President McKinley happened to be a guest, witnessing the entire proceedings, and his present to the bride was seized with the rest. A few weeks ago this same Mr. Love came up as a candidate for the postoffice at Findlay, strongly recommended by Senator Hanna, the members of congress and other Republican politicians, but when the president learned through a member of the Hayes family of his identity somebody else was immediately appointed.

The coat may not make the man, but in congress the hat is a fair indication of the politics of the members, says the Chicago Chronicle. The great majority of the Republicans wear stiff hats, either the silk stovepipe or derby, while most of the Democrats wear the soft hat. In the Democratic cloakroom the other day a count was made of the hats hanging on the pegs. They consisted of 34 stiff hats, 64 soft ones and 1 cap. In the Republican cloakroom an inventory showed 77 stiff hats and 34 soft ones.

LAWSUIT ABOUT A CLOCK.

Originally Valued at $8, Litigation Has Already Cost $8,000.

Justice Eben C. Poole of Evansville, Ind., has in his possession a clock valued at $8 that has cost $8,000 already, and before the rightful ownership of the timepiece is settled it may cost that much more.

Mrs. Amanda McKinley, living on West Alabama street, bought a clock from W W White, agent in Evansville for the American Wringer company of Cincinnati, 18 months ago. The woman made only one payment on the clock, and the agent attempted to take it from her by force. He failed, and the next day was arrested for striking Mrs. McKinley. White got out a writ of replevin for the clock, and the constable secured it. Mrs. McKinley sued for the possession of the clock, and a jury found for her. Mrs. McKinley also sued the American Wringer company for $5,000 damages, alleging that White in trying to take the clock from her permanently disabled her by striking her. She won the suit in two courts, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court of Indiana, where the matter rests at present.

Mrs. McKinley has filed a suit in a justice's court demanding the possession of the clock. The justice informed her that she owed the court $10 in fees and that she would have to make monthly payments on the timepiece to the wringer company. Mrs. McKinley will take the matter into a higher court. Although a jury has given her the possession of the clock she cannot secure it until she has paid a sum three times its value. The woman is determined to have the timepiece, she says, if it costs her $1,000 more. There have been a dozen lawyers to reap rich fees from the litigation over the clock. In the damage suit of Mrs. McKinley against the American Wringer company, tried at Boonville, 15 attorneys were employed. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

EXPLAINS THAWING PROCESS

President Adams Tells How to Clear Pipes of Ice by Electricity.

So many inquiries are coming to Wisconsin university from all sections of the north regarding the method of thawing out frozen water pipes by electricity that President C. K. Adams of the Wisconsin State university is sending out the following:

"The process, when it is properly used, is entirely safe and expeditious, and permits the thawing to be accomplished without in any way disturbing the streets or lawns. The source of electric power which is required in thawing service pipes should be capable of producing 300 amperes of electric current, with a pressure of from 50 to 60 volts.

"Whenever several pipes in a city are frozen we advise that the waterworks and electric light companies be asked to join in the effort to facilitate the work of thawing. In Madison, Wis., the price of thawing service pipes is ordinarily between $5 and $10 per pipe.

"It has been computed that 75 horsepower is requisite to thaw out within 30 minutes a frozen main six inches in diameter for a distance of 100 feet. For a longer distance corresponding power would be required. It is ordinarily found that the time needed for thawing any length of pipe less than 200 feet does not exceed half an hour after the electricity is applied."—Chicago Tribune.

To Shame Bird Slaughterers.

Mr. Ruskin once said that if an angel visited England her sportsmen would be out at once with their guns to shoot the winged visitant. Mr. Watts, R. A., is of the same opinion. He hates the slaughter of little birds that they may be pillaged of their plumage to make Bond street, in London, gay. So he is painting for exhibition in London a picture with a purpose. It will present an altar on which are heaps of feathers and over which bends an angel of compassion, one of Dante's "birds of God."—Academy.

Paper Bath Robes.

The latest use for paper, according to a German technical paper, is for the production of bath robes. The material used for this purpose is somewhat thick and resembles common blotting paper. The bath robes made of this material cling to the body immediately after being put on, and, as the paper takes up the moisture very eagerly, the drying of the body takes place rapidly. Furthermore, the paper is a bad conductor of heat, and as such it acts as a protection against quick changes of the temperature, preventing the wearer from catching cold. Slippers and hoods are also made of the same material.—Paper Mill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF,

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

CHARLES S. SPEAKER,

Center township

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

W. G. WELLS,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COMMON PLEAS JUDGE,

WARREN W. HOLE,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE,

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Townsihp.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE,

SAMUEL BUELL,

Perry Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR INFIRMARY DIRECTOR,

THOS. O. KELLY,

Of Center Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

CITY.

FOR COUNCIL--FOURTH WARD,

WILLIAM CUTHBERT.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--FIRST WARD,

WILLARD R. MORRIS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--THIRD WARD,

THOMAS S. COLLINS.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--FIRST WARD,

JAMES CHALLIS,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--SECOND WARD,

JOSIAH T. SMITH,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR COUNCIL--THIRD WARD,

GEORGE PEACH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--FIRST WARD,

R. L. McKENTY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--THIRD WARD,

THOMAS LLOYD,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--FIRST WARD,

GRANT M'DADE,

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

ANNOUNCEMENTS—Continued.

FOR ASSESSOR--SECOND WARD,

J. E. ANDERSON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR ASSESSOR--SECOND WARD,

SYLVESTER KINSEY.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION,

J. H. SMITH.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF EDUCATION,

REV. J. C. TAGGART, D.D.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

TOWNSHIP.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

JOSEPH P. HANLON.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

DANIEL M'LANE.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR CONSTABLE.

C. W. POWELL.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	335 AM	337 PM	339 PM	341 PM	359 AM
Pittsburgh ...lv.	†5 45	†1 30	†4 30	*11 00	†7 30
Rochester..... "	6 35	2 15	5 25	11 50	8 05
Beaver ..... "	6 40	2 20	5 33	11 55	8 30
Vanport ..... "	6 45	.....	5 38	11 59	8 34
Industry ..... "	6 55	.....	5 50	12 10	8 44
Cooks Ferry..... "	6 58	.....	5 55	12 11	f8 48
Smiths Ferry..... "	7 07	2 40	6 04	12 20	8 55
East Liverpool... "	7 17	2 49	6 14	12 30	9 05
Wellsville.....ar.	7 30	2 56	6 28	12 40	9 15
Wellsville .....lv.	7 38	3 05		12 45	
Wellsville Shop.. "	7 43	.....		12 50	
Yellow Creek ..... "	7 48	.....		12 55	
Hammondsville "	7 56			f1 03	
Irondale ..... "	8 00	3 22		f1 06	
Salineville ..... "	8 16	3 38		1 27	
Bayard ..... "	9 00	4 10		2 05	
Alliance ..... {ar.	9 30	4 33		2 30	
Alliance ..... {lv.	10 10	4 38	If Flag stop.	2 35	
Ravenna ..... "	10 43	5 06		3 10	
Hudson..... "	11 02	5 25		3 30	
Cleveland.....ar.	12 10	6 25		4 30	
Wellsville.....lv.	7 45	3 10	6 55	†5 55	†11 07
Wellsville Shop. "	7 50	3 13	6 53	5 59	11 10
Yellow Creek ..... "	7 57	3 18	7 04	6 05	11 15
Port Homer ..... "	†8 03	†3 23	†7 09	†6 09	.....
Empire ..... "	8 10	3 28	7 14	6 17	11 23
Elliottsville ..... "	†8 17	3 33	7 18	6 21	11 27
Toronto ..... "	8 21	3 38	7 23	6 30	11 33
Costonia ..... "	†8 28	†3 43	†7 30	6 37	.....
Steubenville... {ar.	8 44	4 00	7 45	6 55	11 50
Steubenville... {lv.	8 44	4 00	7 45	6 55	11 50
Mingo Jc ..... "	8 51	4 07	7 53	7 05	11 58
Brilliant..... "	8 58	4 14	8 00	7 14	12 06
Rush Run ..... "	9 07	4 23	8 09	7 24	12 15
Portland ..... "	9 14	4 30	8 15	7 30	12 21
Yorkville ..... "	†9 19	†4 35	†8 20	7 37	12 26
Martins Ferry.... "	9 32	4 45	8 28	7 52	12 33
Bridgeport ..... "	9 40	4 50	8 35	7 58	12 40
Bellaire.....ar.	9 50	5 05	8 45	8 10	12 50
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Through Coaches on Trains 336, 359, 337 and 360 between Cleveland and Bellaire.

Eastward.	340 AM	336 AM	338 PM	360 PM	48 PM
Bellaire .....lv.	†4 45	†9 00	†4 45	†1 00	†2 45
Bridgeport ..... "	4 53	9 09	4 54	1 10	2 58
Martins Ferry ... "	5 01	9 15	5 02	1 16	3 05
Yorkville ..... "	†5 10	.....	5 12	.....	†3 17
Portland ..... "	5 15	9 28	5 19	1 28	3 22
Rush Run..... "	5 20	9 33	5 24	.....	3 30
Brilliant ..... "	5 28	9 41	5 34	1 42	3 42
Mingo Jc ..... "	5 35	9 48	5 41	1 50	3 51
Steubenville... {ar.	5 44	9 56	5 50	1 58	4 00
Steubenville... {lv.	5 44	9 56	5 50	1 58	4 00
Costonia ..... "	†6 00	10 12	.....	.....	†4 15
Toronto..... "	6 07	10 19	6 11	2 19	4 20
Elliottsville ..... "	6 11	10 21	.....	.....	†4 24
Empire ..... "	6 13	10 31	6 21	2 27	4 27
Port Homer..... "	†6 20	10 35	.....	.....	4 37
Yellow Creek..... "	6 26	10 45	6 33	.....	4 44
Wellsville Shop. "	6 31	10 50	6 38	.....	4 50
Wellsville .....ar.	6 35	10 54	6 41	2 45	4 55
Wellsville .....lv.	7 38			3 05	
Wellsville Shop. "	7 43			.....	
Yellow Creek..... "	7 48			.....	
Hammondsville "	7 56				
Irondale ..... "	8 00			3 22	
Salineville ..... "	8 16			3 38	
Bayard ..... "	9 00			4 10	
Alliance ..... {ar.	9 30			4 33	
Alliance ..... {lv.	10 10			4 38	
Ravenna ..... "	10 43			5 06	
Hudson..... "	11 02			5 25	
Cleveland.....ar	12 10			6 25	
Wellsville.....lv	6 45	11 05	6 51	2 56	†3 50
East Liverpool... "	6 57	11 15	7 00	3 08	4 01
Smiths Ferry..... "	7 07	11 26	7 08	3 18	4 12
Cooks Ferry..... "	7 20	11 32		3 26	†4 20
Industry ..... "	7 25	11 40	7 22	3 30	4 25
Vanport ..... "	7 34	11 52		3 41	†4 36
Beaver ..... "	7 40	11 59	7 36	3 48	4 40
Rochester ..... "	7 50	12 06	7 42	4 00	4 45
Pittsburgh ...ar.	8 50	12 55	8 30	4 55	5 40
	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM

Dark Faced Type denotes 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light Faced, 12 midnight to 12 noon.

Nos. 338 and 342 connect in Union Station, Pitts., with thro' trains East.

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily. |Meals.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on **Nos. 341** and **342**, and **Parlor Cars** on **Nos 337** and **338** between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. **No. 336** connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. **No. 340** for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and **337** connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. **Nos. 340** and **360** connect with **Nos. 335** and **337** at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

(1-27-98.-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT--Furnished rooms, without board, single and en suite, with fint front sitting room; 167 Fifth street, city.

LOST.

LOST--Pair of gold-rimmed spectacles, between First M. E. church and Sunnyside. Finder please leave at this office.

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIWE

UNION LABELS.

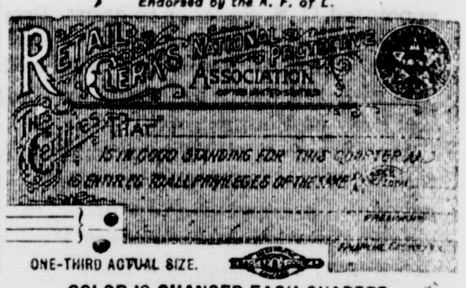
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

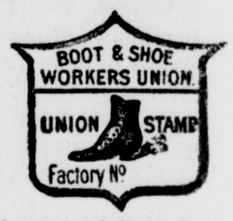


ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.



The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

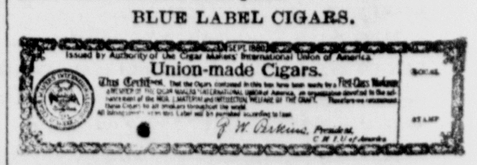
BICYCLE LABEL



"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.



This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeshops. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CRITICISM OF THE BIBLE

Rev. Dr. Cadman's Advanced Views on Its Infallibility.

HE REGARDS IT AS AN AGENCY.

True Source of Inspiration Is Not a Book, Church or Ministry, but Christ—Methods of Bible Criticism Changed—Trend of Thought In the Methodist Church.

"That the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men." This proposition, the acceptance of which will tear away the fundamental pillar of Methodist theology, was urged in all force, sincerity and enthusiasm recently by Rev. S. P. Cadman, pastor of the Metropolitan temple, before the regular weekly meeting of the Methodist ministers of New York. Mr. Cadman's paper was one of a series upon Bible criticism.

As Mr. Cadman himself said, the Bible was accepted as the true source of authority and inspiration by Martin Luther when he established the Protestant church. Luther made the Scripture the base of all faith. It is now proposed to abandon the teachings of the early fathers of the Protestant church. The speaker referred to the Old Testament, half of whose pages, he said, were of unknown authorship. The New Testament likewise contained contradictions. The Bible, the church, the ministry, he said, were agencies. The true source of inspiration was neither a book nor a church nor a ministry, but the living Christ himself. Mr. Cadman insists that whatever the church may decide on the question in the future it will not destroy the belief in the chief and final source of Christian inspiration—a belief in Christ, the Son of God. In taking up his subject the preacher stated the proposition which he would prove—"that the inherency and the infallibility of the Bible are no longer possible of belief among reasoning men."

The speaker referred to the great change which had taken place in the methods of Bible criticism within the last 50 years. There should no longer be any confusion between literary criticism and the criticism of inspiration. It had been said in former times by authorities of weight that the two criticisms conflicted. This was not true. They were not on the same plane. Inspiration appealed to the spiritual ear. Literary criticism was addressed to an ascertainment of facts from a human standpoint. The Bible, he said, was compiled much as is any other book. It was written from the records and witnesses of the time, and it had been impossible to determine the authorship of much of the Old Testament. Half of its pages, said Mr. Cadman, were of unknown authorship. The same was in a measure true of the New Testament. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John differed in quoting words said to have been pronounced by Christ upon a given occasion. Parallel passages were not alike.

Mr. Cadman referred to that much discussed question of Christ's reference to the miracle of Jonah and the whale. Those who have taken the Old Testament in its entirety, believing all and every part of it, have based their theology in part upon Christ's reference to Jonah when, in Matthew xii, 39 and 40, he said: "But he answered and said unto them: 'An evil and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign, and there shall no sign be given to it but the sign of the prophet Jonas. For, as Jonas was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and nights in the heart of the earth.'" There had been, the preacher said, a great conflict upon this speech of Christ's. It had been particularly a bone of contention because, as a matter of fact, Christ did not remain in the earth three days and three nights, but two nights and a day.

The speaker said that the trend of thought in the Methodist church during the last 50 years had been toward a better knowledge and a nearer view of Christ himself rather than of the Bible. He said that there had been a vast increase in the number of the "Lives of Christ" in the last decade; that the energy and force of Christ as the incarnation of God was becoming better understood every day. He regarded as inevitable a restatement and a rejudgment of the church upon the infallibility and inherency of the Bible.

The Bible itself gave authority for a belief that God was in the ocean, in the firmament, in the rocks. Science's contribution to the knowledge of mankind was hand in hand with a belief in God. By this statement he did not mean to agree with those philosophers who had used the word God as a peg on which to hang their vagaries, but nevertheless he believed in the demonstration of God in the seas, in the mountains, in the various forms of life on this planet. There were means of salvation outside of and beyond and before the Bible. God had saved souls before the Bible was written. That must be conceded by every one. The Bible was an agency, the church was an agency, the ministry was an agency. The church had dabbled too much in the distant streams, but not the source, which was alone pure. The streams had been polluted by conflict and dissension. The ministry had taken up too much time in unraveling knots of theology to the neglect of God himself.

But whatever position the church took—whether it held that the Bible must be accepted as it stands as the revealed truth, as the word of God, as compelling faith because it was the word of God, or as a historical document, valuable, and ineffably valuable, because of its real substance—the decision would never affect the faith of

THE HARPOON GUN.

Ingenious Plan For Removing Dangerous Ruins of Fires.

A daring and ingenious plan for the demolishment of the high brick walls which stand in the center of the Baldwin hotel ruins at San Francisco—a menace to the lives of workmen and pedestrians—was invented and given a successful trial recently. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to resort to the use of dynamite to wreck these walls for removal, but a small whaler's two pound cannon, a liberal quantity of cable and the application of the simplest laws of mechanics in the use of the block and tackle have been found to be as efficacious and quick a remedy without the attendant dangers of the use of explosives.

A small harpoon gun was secured the other morning and mounted upon a platform built from the annex roof. It was loaded with a rig after the fashion of a life line, consisting of a slug attached to a stout cord. The piece was aimed at a window at the top of the rear wall of the old theater, which stood about 100 feet high. The slug was fired through the window, trailing the cord after it. A clothesline was then attached to the other end of the cord and pulled through the window. A cable was then drawn through after the line and passed around the outside of the wall and back to the roof of the annex, where it was secured to a chimney. A block and tackle arrangement of eight pulleys was made, and 12 men were put on the end of a rope for a tug of war with the wall.

When all was in readiness, the street cars on Market street were stopped, and all pedestrians were warned away to a safe distance. At the first strain on the cable the high wall trembled as if disturbed by an earthquake. Successive tugs caused it to wave through an area of two or three feet before it gave way with a roar and the tons of brick, mortar and timbers fell with a crash and a cloud of dust to the ruins below. A man with an ax had been stationed on the outer walls, and as the mass fell it was his dangerous part to cut the cable so as to save the blocks from being dragged into the falling mass. The remainder of the walls will not be pulled down until the debris has been cleared away.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Christian men in the Holy Trinity—in God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. When we come to know God, it is no longer necessary to know him through any book, but the book then will become all the more precious for having been the means of our knowing God.

The ministers' meeting has no binding effect upon the congregations of New York. Subjects relating to the welfare of the Methodist church are discussed informally, but, as showing the trend of advanced Methodist thought, the present discussion of the Bible is regarded as of the utmost significance.—Philadelphia Press.

PECULIAR NEW CREED.

Strange Faith Prescribes the Sternest Self Denial and Asceticism.

Francis Nichols of Minnesota, claiming to be of divine inspiration, has organized societies in western Illinois and Iowa. Nichols preaches that the 1,400 people believing in his creed will be saved and all others lost.

Brethren in Christ is the name he has given his sect. The means of the communicants are placed in a common fund, of which Nichols has charge. All funerals of members of the sect must be under his direction, and his traveling expenses are of course borne by the mourners. Those who desire to keep "in the kingdom" must abjure all display of dress, and all ornaments are forbidden. The members must not have any friends who are not in the kingdom, and this rule is said to be one of the most severe of all upon the women.

No tie of relationship is recognized, and persons in one's own family must be shunned if they are outside of the kingdom. The estate of matrimony is not favored, as it tends to operate as a hindrance to that oneness of heart and mind that is essential to saving faith. A system of espionage is said to prevail among the members, and all offenses are daily reported to the congregation, which reports are uniformly followed by reprimands. For children and adults alike the faith prescribes the sternest and most uncompromising self denial and asceticism.—Special to St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"If I was to commit suicide at sea," said Weary Walker as he shifted the hay band on his left foot, "I'd jump from th' bow of th' boat."

"An why not from th' stern?" queried Limpy Lannigan.

"If I jumped from th' stern," said Weary, "I couldn't avoid th' wash!"

HE BEAT THE CROOKS.

Senator Wolcott's Nerve as a Poker Player Illustrated.

"I suppose Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, against whom proceedings for a divorce have been begun by his wife, is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

"Wolcott once found himself in a game of poker where three of the other players were playing a sure game. They



SENATOR EDWARD O. WOLCOTT.

were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way to get out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds, made up of the five, seven, eight, nine and jack. He skinned these cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a show down, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards.

"To his surprise he wasn't raised before the draw. He looked over his bright red diamonds again and concluded to draw a card in order if possible to straighten the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the five spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the six spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence, and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the five, six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."—Washington Star.

New Style Savings Bank.

Zion City bank in Chicago, an adjunct of the Utopian City project led by John Alexander Dowie of Chicago, began business the other day. For a time there was a long line of depositors opening savings or checking accounts, 150 being entered on the books. Over the arch inside the bank is the inscription "Jesus Said, 'Trade Ye Herewith Till I Come.' Luke xix, 13." The bank is capitalized for $25,000.—New York World.

Chicago to Kipling.

You 'ave made a stubborn fight,
Ruddy Kip,
And you're comin through all right,
Ruddy Kip.
'Tweren't potion, pump nor pill
It were all your iron will
Wot 'as left you to us still,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave touched the roughest 'earts,
Ruddy Kip,
Though you're made of fancy parts,
Ruddy Kip.
You 'ave roamed the bloomin earth,
You've extracted all its worth—
You've give song a newer birth,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave sung the low and 'igh,
Ruddy Kip—
Earth and water, wind and sky,
Ruddy Kip.
Where no other thought to look
You 'ave gone to work and took
What you wanted for your book,
Ruddy Kip!

There are prayers from Mandalay,
Ruddy Kip,
Goin up for you today,
Ruddy Kip.
Where the idols' bases rest,
Where the sun drops in the west,
Men are 'opin for the best,
Ruddy Kip!

You 'ave made a winnin fight,
Ruddy Kip—
Fought the same way that you write,
Ruddy Kip.
Death's a-runnin from your door,
We shall 'ear from you some more,
And 'ere's to you—'ip, 'oroar,
Ruddy Kip.

—Chicago News

The Song of the Cradle.



Bye, bye! Hope rises high!
There's a sweet little cradle hung up in the sky;
A dear little life that is coming to bless;
Two soft chubby hands that will pat and caress;
A pure little soul winging down from above;
A darling to care for, a baby to love.



In the days when Eve sinned it was written that motherhood should hereafter be accompanied with pain and sorrow; but this curse upon our foreparents has been lightened more and more as mankind have learned to rise superior to many of their sins and mistakes.

One of the grandest agencies which enlightened Science has discovered to relieve motherhood from excessive suffering is the "Favorite Prescription" devised by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. This wonderful "Prescription" imbues the entire nervous system with natural, healthy vitality; gives elastic vigor to the delicate organism specially concerned in motherhood; renders the prospective mother strong and cheerful and makes the coming of baby entirely free from danger and almost free from pain. The delighted gratitude of Mrs. Pearl Walton, of Alvo, Cass Co., Neb., will find an echo in the heart of every expectant mother:

"Previous to the birth of my child," writes Mrs. Walton, "I had no appetite, was sick at my stomach, had headache, could not rest at night, was completely worn out in every way. I commenced to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and began to improve right away. I used two bottles of this great medicine and felt like a new person. At the time of confinement I was in labor but a little while and I owe it all to that great remedy—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE.

This Is an Old Question and Has to Be Answered Candidly by East Liverpool People.

What do the people of East Liverpool think of the statement published below? Can any citizen ask for more convincing proof of the merits claimed by the article under discussion? What is there lacking in such evidence? The most superficial investigation will corroborate it. It is East Liverpool proof for East Liverpool people. It is not the style of proof other medicinal preparations offer, viz., Kalamazoo, Mich., proof for East Liverpool people. The most exacting cannot wish for anything more. Read this:

Mrs. A. Searight, No. 162 High street, East End, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney complaint, which confined me to my bed for about three months. It affected my entire system, and while I was able to be about I never got completely rid of it. I suffered almost constantly with a dull, heavy pain across the loins; if I sat for any length of time, or did anything that brought me into a stooping position and attempted to rise, there was a sharp shooting pain in the small of my back which felt as if a knife or other sharp instrument had pierced me. I could not sleep when I went to bed, expecting to get rest. I was often robbed of it by nervousness and pain in my back. I have risen unrefreshed and more tired and worn out than I was when I retired. I had taken so much medicine without being cured that I was discouraged. Doan's Kidney Pills presented themselves in the form of a newspaper account. I got some at the W. & W. pharmacy. They proved to be the proper remedy for me. Their mild and gentle influence gradually reduced the pain in my back and strengthened the weakness. All the symptoms having disappeared, I rested well at night and gained in strength and weight every day. Of course I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills; it would not be right to refuse to, for the benefit of other sufferers."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price **50 CTS.** per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.



EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere. $1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

Members
Are requested to bring in their
PASS BOOKS
For **Annual Settlement** on or before March 1st.
THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
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Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell
High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.
Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE NEWS REVIEW can be had each evening at Rose & Dix', corner Broadway and Sixth; at Wilson's stationery establishment, Fifth street, and at Bagley's, corner Union and Second streets.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Trades council will meet this evening.

The Knights of Pythias last evening initiated three candidates.

The jiggermen's union last evening gave a very pleasant entertainment in Brotherhood hall.

Lieut. Geo. O. Anderson is ill at his home in East End suffering from malaria and Santiago chills.

Edwin O'Conner left for New York city today. He has taken a position in steel mill in that place.

Robert Burford left this morning for the east, where he will remain several days in the interest of the pottery.

The Republican central committee will meet this evening and make up the ticket for the primaries to be held Saturday.

Harry Vincent has resigned his position as messenger at the telegraph office, and next week will take a position as newsboy on the Cleveland express.

Arthur Allison and Miss Mary E. Dunn were united in marriage last evening by Rev. C. F. Swift at the parsonage. The young couple are very well and favorably known in the city.

R. William Haines and Miss Myrtle Williams will be married this evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Williams, Second street.

The funeral of Charles Marshall Dix will take place at 2 o'clock tomorrow from his late home in Woodlawn avenue. Rev. Mansell will officiate, assisted by Dr. John Lloyd Lee. Interment will be made in Riverview.

Officer McMillan yesterday afternoon shot a dog owned by a man named Green, in Church alley, near Jackson street. The animal bit a small child yesterday morning, and the killing of it was thought to be the best course.

The packet Virginia when it tied to the wharf last evening unloaded 1,265 bales of straw. The combined weight was 60 tons, and much had to be piled on the wharf, as it was considered unsafe to put it all in the wharfboat.

The Young Men's Christian association directors will meet tonight, but State Secretary Kling will not be present, as he was called to New York by a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father.

Merritt Green, president of the Bridgewater Gas company, was in the city this morning and visited the new gas plant at East End. He stated before he left the city at noon that manufactured gas would be turned in the mains within the next 10 days.

Some building will be done in Chester and on the Virginia side during the spring and summer. Already plans for several new residences are being made, and ground for several small houses will be broken next week. Some new houses are now in course of erection.

Last night the King's Daughters, of the Methodist Protestant church, surprised their president, Mrs. Lucy Hargraves, by giving her $10 to be used in purchasing a share of stock in the Silver Cross Magazine, the society's official organ. She will attend the convention to be held in Newark, April 14 to 16.

The new side wheel packet City of Pittsburg is expected to arrive at the wharf tomorrow or not later than Friday afternoon. Capt. John Phillips has sent out the statement that all the machinery is now in the best possible condition and a quick trip is expected to be made between Marietta and Pittsburg.

Revival services at the Christian church began last night, with much of interest. The attendance was very good. Reverend Mansell spoke about the power of united effort in soul saving, and urged upon every member to do his individual part. Services will continue each evening this week. Subject of tonight's discourse, "What Is the Gospel?" A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The Boston Dep't Store.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

From today we will talk New Spring Goods. Stocks nearing completion every day. New goods arriving daily, by express and freight, and our buyer in the east still shipping more. You owe it to yourself to see the choice things as they arrive daily. Come and get initiated in the spring styles. A little later we will have a more formal spring opening, to which you will be invited; but don't wait for that.

COME NOW,

and see if you cannot supply your present needs just a little better here than elsewhere.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

W. J. BRYAN TO BELMONT.

Wouldn't Answer Invitation Until Latter Declared His Present Attitude Toward Chicago Platform.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The following dispatch was received by Perry Belmont, president of the Democratic club, in response to an invitation which was sent to William J. Bryan to attend the banquet to be given by the club in honor of Thomas Jefferson on April 14:

"LINCOLN, Neb., March 13.

Hon. Perry Belmont, Democratic Club, New York:

"Invitation received. Remembering that you openly repudiated the Democratic platform in the last campaign, I desire to know before answering invitation whether you have since the election publicly announced your conversion to the principles set forth in that platform. (Sig.) WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

In answer Mr. Belmont telegraphed as follows:

"The invitation extended to you is on behalf of the Democratic club. Individual opinions have not been considered in issuing the invitations to celebrate the birthday of Thomas Jefferson.

(Signed) "PERRY BELMONT."

SUPPORT FOR ITALY.

England Promised Diplomatic Aid at the Court of Pekin—Other Countries Approved.

ROME, March 15.—In the chamber of deputies Admiral Canovaro, minister of foreign affairs, confirmed the reported recall of Signor Martino, Italian minister at Pekin, and announced that Italy had obtained the approval of Great Britain and Japan before demanding the concession at San Mun.

Great Britain, however, had requested, he said, that force should not be employed and had promised in return to give her diplomatic support to Italy at the court of Pekin.

Other friendly powers, the minister continued, were then notified and indicated their acquiescence.

Combine After the Riverside.

WHEELING, March 15.—The largest iron and steel deal yet projected in this district may be closed Thursday when the stockholders of the Riverside iron works meet to consider the offer of the iron tube combination for the acquisition of the great plant at Benwood. It is said the combine will pay $6,000,000 for the Riverside. The deal cannot be closed for several days, possibly weeks.

Increasing Enlistment Limit.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—An order was issued by the war department increasing the age limit for enlistment from 30 to 35 years. The youngest age at which a man can be enlisted is 18 years. The results so far for the enlistment of troops is very encouraging.

Soldier Died In Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following dispatch was given out at the war department, dated Havana, March 13, and addressed to the adjutant general, and signed General Brooke: "Death report 12th, Santiago—Private John A. Coombs, Eighth Illinois, dysentery."

Jones' Condition Was Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 15. — Senator Jones of Arkansas was reported to be resting comfortably and his physician was encouraged with the senator's improved condition.

Had Threatened President McKinley.

MONTREAL, March 15.—Henry Miller, the old pensioner, who was arrested for sending threatening letters to President McKinley and others, was remanded for medical examination and will remain in jail until the question of his sanity is settled.

General Booth's Mission.

LONDON, March 15.—It was announced at the headquarters of the Salvation army that General Booth had started from Adelaide, South Australia, for New Zealand, in order to undertake a campaign there.



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GO-CARTS
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BABIES

Suit well together, so now that the nice days are here if you have the babies we'll furnish the

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